

For and on behalf of **Brighton & Hove City Council**

BRIGHTON AND HOVE CITY COUNCIL HOUSING AND EMPLOYMENT LAND STUDY – FINAL REPORT

Policy, Projects and Heritage Team Brighton & Hove City Council

Prepared by Paul Jobson – BA (Hons) MTP MRTPI DLP Planning Ltd Bristol



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Prepared by:

Helen Ross BA (Hons) MA, Senior Planner

Approved by:

Paul Jobson BA (Hons) MTP MRTP Director

Date:

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DLP Planning Ltd 5th Floor Broad Quay House Prince Street Bristol BS1 4DJ

Tel: 01179 058850

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1.0 INTRODUCTION AND APPROACH

- 1.1 DLP Planning Ltd (DLP) were appointed in July 2017 by Brighton and Hove City Council (BHCC) to undertake a Housing and Employment Land Study covering their Local Authority Area.
- 1.2 The study comprises of a combination of critical friend evidence reviews and housing and employment site assessments, which can be utilised to ensure the emerging City Plan Part Two (Development Management Policies and Site Allocations) (CPP2) is supported by robust evidence on housing and employment supply.

National Context

1.3 Paragraph 158 of the National Planning Policy Framework¹ (NPPF) highlights that Local Planning Authorities (LPA's) should ensure that a Local Plan is based upon;

"adequate, up-to-date and relevant evidence about the economic, social and environmental characteristics and prospects of the area. Local planning authorities should ensure that their assessment of and strategies for housing, employment and other uses are integrated, and that they take full account of relevant market and economic signals".

1.4 As set out in the Government's Planning Practice Guidance²;

"an assessment of land availability identifies a future supply of land which is suitable, available and achievable for housing and economic development uses over the plan period".

- 1.5 It is clear that an integrated approach should be taken when reviewing housing and employment land availability. For both, a comprehensive and robust site selection process is also essential to ensure the LPA is able to provide evidence supporting any decisions taken on specific allocations.
- 1.6 The process and methodology used by the LPA for housing and employment site selection should therefore be clear and concise. The decisions taken must be transparent to those responding to or examining the plan; including members of the public, planning

¹ DCLG (2012) National Planning Policy Framework

² DCLG (2017) Planning Practise Guidance



professionals and in particular the appointed Planning Inspector.

1.7 DCLG's Planning Practise Guidance on Housing and Economic Land Availability sets out a broad methodology for assessment. There is however limited information specifically guiding how an LPA should go about selecting sites, therefore the detailed process can vary between authorities. For whichever approach is taken the LPA should be confident that the process is 'sound' and can be easily understood by the Planning Inspector.

Local Context

- 1.8 The BHCC City Plan Part One (CPP1)³ was adopted by the Council in March 2016 and provides the spatial vision and strategic policy framework for Brighton and Hove through to 2030. CPP1 includes a minimum housing target of 13,200 new homes to be delivered within the Plan period. In terms of employment it looks to ensure that strategic sites across the city are safeguarded and/ or upgraded and that new floorspace is created through the regeneration of key sites.
- 1.9 The City Plan Part Two (CPP2) is currently at preparation stage with a Draft Plan scheduled for consultation Summer 2018. The initial scoping consultation was undertaken on the published Scoping Document⁴ in summer 2016. CPP2 will contain detailed development management planning policies and look to allocate additional housing, employment and mixed-use sites (not covered by CPP1). Therefore, CCP2 will further demonstrate for communities and developers where housing and employment will be supported across Brighton and Hove.
- 1.10 The primary objective of this study is to confirm that robust and credible assessments of land availability have been undertaken to inform the housing and employment trajectories for CPP2 and to also provide the Council with recommendations for improvements.
- 1.11 A range of data analysis, reports and assessments relating to housing and employment have been produced by or on behalf of BHCC. Using our knowledge and experience in delivering evidence to support Plans through to adoption, this study intends to provide a succinct and focused review of work undertaken to date, identifying any weaknesses and where necessary provide recommendations for improvements to ensure the future

³ BHCC (2016) City Plan Part One

⁴ BHCC (2016) City Plan Part Scoping Document



soundness of the Plan.

Study Requirements

- 1.12 The following specific study requirements were set out in the original brief. In terms of Housing this study:
 - Provides an independent review and verification of the Councils approach to the SHLAA.
 - Suggests a clear methodology to review the availability, suitability, and achievability of sites and tests this against a jointly selected sample of 20 SHLAA sites.
 - Provides a review of existing policy and evidence within CCP1 and other supporting evidence documents to inform the consideration of site typologies and density scenarios. Following the assessment of sample sites, the study advises on appropriate developable areas site typologies/ density scenarios taking account relevant background studies.
 - Reviews the Councils housing trajectory and five-year housing land supply position (including consideration of delivery timescales and associated risks).
- 1.13 In terms of Employment the study involved:
 - Updating the employment land trajectory with the latest monitoring and consulting the project team to discuss the potential deliverability of certain sites.
 - Updating the traffic light assessment of each site, 5-year delivery periods and updating the trajectory spreadsheet, including summary comment and gap analysis.
 - Reviewing the secondary employment sites included in the SHLAA and suggesting which of these should be safeguarded, which could be suitable for mixed-use and which could potentially be released to deliver a 100% housing scheme.
 - Reviewing the Call for Site opportunities identified through the CPP2 Scoping Consultation and advising on potential plot ratios/ office densities.

Study Outputs

1.14 The Project Outputs covered in the remaining sections of this report are as follows:



Housing

- A review of the SHLAA and recommendations for specific improvements.
- A schedule of sample sites with commentary and recommendations regarding achievability and delivery potential. This incorporates site typologies and density scenarios, which the council will then be able to use to test other SHLAA sites.
- A review of the Housing Trajectory and the Councils Five-Year Supply position and recommendations for specific improvements.

Employment

- An updated Employment Sites Trajectory including the traffic light assessment of each site and 5-year delivery periods, summary comment and gap analysis.
- A schedule of Secondary sites with suggested recommendations on future development opportunities.
- Floorspace provision recommendations for Call for Sites, including recommendations for future employment allocations (ratios and densities)
- 1.15 The methodological approach is set out at the start of each section.



2.0 STRATEGIC HOUSING LAND AVAILABILITY ASSESSMENT REVIEW

- The first stage of the study focussed on a review of the Council's Strategic Housing Land 2.1 Availability Assessment (SHLAA) based on the 2010⁵ GVA Grimley study and the latest published annual BHCC update report (2016 SHLAA, published February 2017). This assessment has reviewed the methodological approach set out in the 2010 SHLAA which has been built upon by the Council through later annual updates.
- 2.2 The assessment took the form of a checklist of questions which looked to compare the SHLAA work against evidenced good practice approaches. This is drawn from DLP's experience in undertaking comparable studies across the Country.
- 2.3 A review such as this also requires consideration of common practice derived from current NPPG guidance but also previously published guidance such as Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessments Practice Guidance⁶ and Tapping the Potential⁷.
- 2.4 The SHLAA Review checklists are set out in the following tables including Table 1 Coarse Assessment and Table 2 Fine Assessment.

⁵ GVA (2011) <u>Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment – Final Report</u>

⁶ DCLG (2007) Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment: Practice Guidance

⁷ Urbed (2006) <u>Tapping the Potential</u>



Table 1 Coarse Assessment

Que	estion	Response to the BHCC approach	
1	Are the objectives of the study in	It is clear that the 2010 SHLAA and	
	relation to the provision for housing in	successive updates were an important	
	the City Plan clearly set out?	part of the evidence base informing	
		the preparation of City Plan Part One	
		in terms of the approach to housing	
		delivery up to submission and	
		throughout the examination stage.	
2	Has the methodology followed in the	The methodology undertaken in the	
	study been developed in consultation	2010 GVA Grimley SHLAA was	
	with representative stakeholders, and	subject to stakeholder engagement.	
	generally agreed?	Successive updates of the SHLAA by	
		BHCC were available throughout the	
		preparation and consultation stages	
		for CPP1. The Examination Inspector	
		for CPP1 did not raise any significant	
		issues with respect to the preparation	
		of the SHLAA. For CPP2, it is	
		understood that the site selection	
		process will be clearly evidenced and	
		available as part of the formal	
		consultation stages.	
3	Does the study identify housing	Yes, the 2014 SHLAA was key	
	potential in relation to the timescale of	evidence for the CPP1 Examination	
	the emerging City Plan, and set out the	and sets out housing potential in	
	potential in relation to time bands?	relation to the CPP1 timescales to	
		2030.	



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Ī	4	Is it evident that the SHLAA has been	Yes, the SHLAA clearly identifies
		designed in a way that keeps in mind	capacity for each of the CPP1
		the provisions set out in the	Development Areas and for the rest of
		Development Plan, including the	the city. Strategic Allocations in CPP1
		relationship between looking to plan,	are also identified. Annual monitoring
		monitor and manage?	of sites appears linked to the Local
			Plan process and is reflected in
			annual updates of the SHLAA.
	5	Is there a rationale for the settlements	The study covers the whole of the
		included in the study that is related to	local planning authority area and
		the strategy and policies of the plan?	given the urban nature of Brighton
		Is it clear how the potential sources	and Hove it is not considered
		outside settlement boundaries not	necessary to set out a settlement
		included in the study are to be	rationale in the SHLAA.
		addressed in making the plan?	
			Potential site sources set out by GVA
			in 2010 included urban fringe sites, so
			it is clear that all sites within Brighton
			and Hove's administrative area are
			included.



Are site-specific and non-site-specific sources included and identified in the study, with a clear size threshold distinguishing between these categories? Are the ways in which each is done evident?

The survey for specific sites considered opportunities for 6+ dwellings. A minimum site size is also expressed in the 2010 method of 0.12 hectares (ha). The Council has confirmed that this threshold has not been applied in more recent updates and therefore all opportunities for 6+ dwellings have been identified including on very small sites. Non site specific sources have also been included for the Shoreham Harbour Development Area (where a Joint Action Area Plan has now reached Publication stage) and for housing likely to come forward through the council's estate regeneration programme. Successive SHLAA updates identify specific sites from these sources and make respective adjustments.

The SHLAA includes a windfall allowance for small sites (up to 5 dwellings), so a clear divide has been used. This allowance clarified that garden development has been excluded.



7	Is there a logical progression from the	The 2010 study used a scored	
	way that possible opportunities are	approach to assessing sites and	
	identified through their assessment, to	estimating delivery timescale. The	
	the suggestion of the level of provision	method for yields was based on	
	that should be relied upon from this	surrounding densities in the absence	
	source in the plan? Is the criteria used	of a masterplan or any emerging	
	set out, evidence of the assessments	scheme e.g. pre-app information and	
	provided, and the reasons for apparent	appears sufficient. Successive	
	opportunities not being included	updates of the SHLAA draw on	
	evident?	emerging comparable schemes and	
		monitoring information.	
8	Is there a demonstrable application of	The 2010 SHLAA appears to have	
	knowledge of the housing market,	engaged with the market to consider	
	through consultation with industry	site delivery and yields and the overall	
	representatives for instance?	market analysis appears sound.	
		Successive updates are informed by	
		regular and ongoing dialogue with	
		applicants, agents and housing	
		providers.	
9	Is the data that has been relied upon in	The time period of the data is 16	
	part for assumptions about future non	years in the 2016 update and is	
	site-specific yield drawn from a good-	considered sufficient to reflect the	
	quality long time-series source and has	peaks and troughs of the housing	
	this been satisfactorily cleaned of	market. Completions on garden land	
	completions that would be identified in	have been excluded from	
	other ways in the potential study?	consideration of windfall allowances.	
		Estimates of windfall delivery are	
		adjusted in the five year supply to	
		avoid double counting with identified	
		small sites.	



Have potential sites for development been 'discounted' or rejected in unexplained ways that appear arbitrary?

The study sets out the site sources that have been considered and a clear method for how sources have been refined, e.g. small unimplemented permissions. Sites under 0.12 ha were discounted in the 2010 study, but subsequently included by the Council on the basis that they could represent small 6+ sites. The majority of sites rejected in the 2010 SHLAA were from sources (e.g. employment, open space and urban fringe) which, at that time, were more likely to be rejected. Successive 'call for sites' exercises clarify where and why sites have been rejected.

- 2.5 On the basis of this level of analysis, it is clear that the BHCC SHLAA approach has satisfactorily addressed the broad issues. The reliability of the SHLAA was not questioned at the CPP1 examination, but moving forward to support the CPP2, it may benefit from some supplementary work including the clearer presentation of existing material.
- 2.6 Accordingly, this study now moves on to a assessment against another checklist of questions which can provide for further refinement of the work and increase the confidence in its use. This fine assessment is set out in Table 2 overleaf.



Table 2 Fine assessment

Que	estion	Response		
1	Are the boundaries of the sites and	The SHLAA covers the whole LPA area		
	city mapped?	and includes site plans for all the		
		assessed sites by ward. Site are mapped		
		and available electronically.		
2	Are the densities used consistent	The 2010 SHLAA method set out the		
	with what is envisaged by the	approach to density based on emerging		
	NPPF? Are any marked deviations	proposals or based on surrounding uses		
	from these densities clearly related	and densities. Following discussion with		
	to specific and realistic policy	the Council it is clear that site yields for		
	aspirations set out in the plan?	the majority of sites have been reviewed		
		through successive annual updates and		
		with reference to the CPP1 policy		
		guidance for density.		
3	Have design studies been	SHLAA site yields are informed by		
	undertaken for a sample of the	comparable schemes for which there has		
	realistic opportunities relied upon	been design input (such as development		
	by the study?	briefs/ SPDs or design statements for		
		development proposals) and more		
		recently site yields are informed by		
		Design South East design guidance for		
		schemes coming forward.		
4	Have allocated sites been	It appears that the Council have		
	reassessed?	continued to include allocated sites in the		
		SHLAA and ensure any changes are		
		reflected in the assessment.		



Are maps included of the site-All sites are mapped electronically. Site Proformas are available for all sites but specific opportunities identified in are not always published as part of the the study, with precise boundaries identified and are there schedules annual update exercises. They are or proformas that enable the published where there has been a call for assessment of the site to be sites exercise involved with updates of the SHLAA. It is understood that for audited? CPP2, site proformas for all sites put forward for site allocations will be available and these will include information about site constraints and opportunities, surrounding uses and reasons for the projected yield. Are details provided of The 2010 SHLAA details sites that have opportunities that have been been excluded, but the 2016 update assessed and excluded, using does not provide this level of detail. For clarity, SHLAA updates could include a similar information as for the opportunities that are rejected site list with an indication as to recommended for inclusion? why sites were rejected.

2.7 The assessments above show a satisfactory level of compatibility against the good practice. Any issues raised tend to relate to consistency of approach to determining site yield, the availability of information and its presentation.



3.0 CONSIDERATION OF FACTORS AFFECTING DENSITY

3.1 Section 3 of this assessment undertakes a review of the existing policy and evidence set out within the Councils Development Plan and other supporting evidence documents to help inform the consideration of site typologies and density scenarios. These can then be used to inform the appropriate density (and yields) of those SHLAA sample sites (Section 4), secondary employment sites (Section 7) and Call for Sites (Section 8). A protocol will also be created to assist the Council with the consideration of yields on other SHLAA sites (if required).

City Plan Part One - Housing

Policy CP14 – Housing Density

- 3.2 Policy CP14 of the City Plan Part One sets out the Councils approach to Housing Density. The policy states that the density should be appropriate to the positive character of the neighbourhood, but permitted at higher densities where it meets a series of requirements relating to design, accessibility, local character, housing mix etc.
- 3.3 BHCC set a minimum net density of 50 dwellings per hectare (dph) across the City. However, within Development Areas (DA1 to DA6 and DA8) development proposals will be expected to achieve a minimum 100 dph on major development sites.
- 3.4 This policy is therefore an important consideration when determining and/ or reviewing potential site yields in the locality and is used when updating the BHCC SHLAA. SHLAA sites are assessed in terms of their location within or outside of Development Areas as well as other more site-specific factors covering the surrounding built form.

Policy CP19 – Housing Mix

- 3.5 Policy CP19 of the City Plan Part One sets out the Councils approach to Housing Mix. The policy is set out to ensure an improved housing choice in terms of type, size and tenure, is achieved across the city. This also includes looking to provide the appropriate accommodation for the requirements of specific groups i.e. families with children, older and disabled people etc.
- 3.6 Where information in terms of required housing type/mix was available this has been used to determine potential site typologies and yields for example when a site has a previous



permission indicating an approved mix, or if there is a site-specific requirement set out in the policy.

Tall Buildings Supplementary Planning Guidance (SPG)

- 3.7 The Councils Tall Buildings SPG⁸ was published in 2004 and sets out the approach to the consideration of tall building applications. The guidance refers specifically to certain locations across the City which would be appropriate for tall building opportunities.
- 3.8 As set out in the SPG the definition of Tall Buildings refers to those buildings of 18m or taller (approx. 6-storeys). 'Mid-rise' tall buildings include buildings of 6-8 storeys and reference to 'very tall' tall buildings refer to buildings over 15 storeys.
- 3.9 The SPG sets out certain nodes which (given appropriate consideration of issues such as topography, conservation etc) may be suitable for taller development. These nodes include:
 - the marina,
 - central seafront e.g. Brighton Centre and vicinity,
 - adjoining Brighton station,
 - adjoining Hove station,
 - Shoreham Harbour.
- 3.10 The SPG also sets out certain corridors suitable for taller development, which include linear zones generally occurring along major transportation routes. These corridors include:
 - London Road/Preston Road
 - Lewes Road
 - Eastern Road Western Seafront/Kingsway
- 3.11 Location's which would be generally unsuitable for Tall Buildings include:

⁸ BHCC (2004) Tall Buildings SPG Note 15



- Conservation areas
- Elevated areas
- Urban fringe/low rise areas
- 3.12 Where a site assessed has fallen within a Node or Corridor suitable for taller development this has been highlighted and where appropriate considered when calculating the density and potential future yields. Given the constrained nature of land supply within Brighton and Hove, the consideration of opportunities to increase or pro-actively encourage taller buildings and higher density projects in appropriate locations is an important issue.

Policy CP12 Urban Design

3.13 Policy CP12 takes into consideration the Tall Buildings Guidance, setting out the Councils approach to encouraging taller development in certain locations:

"Where appropriate, density will be raised through predominantly low-to-medium rise development but making most effective use of those identified areas which have the potential for taller developments, defined as 18 metres or more in height (approximately 6 storeys)".

- 3.14 Potential locations include:
 - Brighton Marina
 - Brighton Station / New England area
 - Central Seafront
 - Eastern Road / Edward Street
 - Hove Station area
 - Lewes Road corridor
 - London Road / Preston Road corridor
 - Western Seafront / Kingsway _
 - Shoreham Harbour



Parking Standards Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) October 20169

- 3.15 As set out in BHCC's SPD, Brighton and Hove include maximum car parking standards throughout the city for all land uses. They do however acknowledge there are differing levels of accessibility in the city and the guidance therefore requires different levels of parking through a zonal approach. Lower levels of parking are sought in central areas compared to outlying areas of the city.
- 3.16 The SPD also sets out standards for cycle parking, disabled parking, electric vehicle charging and servicing requirements expressed as minimum standards. The three-zones include: 1. Central Area 2. Key Public Transport Corridors 3. Outer Areas.
- 3.17 In terms of Parking dwellings with 1 to 2 bedrooms should deliver:
 - 0.25 spaces per dwelling in the Central Area;
 - 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors in Key Public Transport Corridors; and
 - 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors
- 3.18 Dwellings with 3 to 4+ bedrooms should deliver:
 - 0.4 spaces per dwelling in the central area
 - 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors in Key Public Transport Corridors; and
 - 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors
- 3.19 There are also a series of standards for cycle parking, disabled parking etc. and each non-residential use-class, available in the Councils SPD.
- 3.20 The following section sets out the BHCC policies which have been considered when analysing employment or mixed-use sites; specifically, those which could affect the sites future floorspace yield and whether certain sites should be lost or safeguarded.

⁹ BHCC (2016) SPD 14 Parking Standards



City Plan Part One - Employment

Policy CP3 - Employment Land

- 3.21 Policy CP3 is a detailed policy which in general terms:
 - Highlights those strategic allocations expected to include new employment land.
 - Promotes SA2 Central Brighton as a prime office location.
 - Highlights those primary industrial estates and business parks to be protected.
 - Highlights those sites potentially suitable for mixed use regeneration.
 - Sets out the test of redundancy required to be evidenced when considering the loss of other employment sites.
- 3.22 Policy CP3 highlights a number of issues which have been considered when analysing the sample of SHLAA sites, the suitability of the secondary employment sites and the overall suitability of the "Call for Sites".

2005 Local Plan Retained Policies¹⁰

- 3.23 The following policies were retained following the adoption of the City Plan Part One and have also been considered. These policies will however be replaced following the future adoption of City Plan Part Two.
 - Policy EM4 New business industrial uses on unidentified sites
- 3.24 Retained Local Plan Policy EM4 suggests where there are opportunities for new B1 and B2 uses this would be generally supported within the built-up area, provided a series of factors were evidenced covering need, accessibility and the requirement for a no net loss of housing or important open space etc.
 - Policy EM7 Warehouses (B8)
- 3.25 Retained Local Plan Policy EM7 covers the Councils approach towards warehouses in the City; where in general further development was not supported. Within the assessment

¹⁰ BHCC (2016) Local Plan Policies Retained on Adoption of the City Plan Part One



we have therefore concentrated on the potential for B1 and B2 uses over B8. It should be noted however that CP3 (CCP1) takes a different approach in light of the forecast need for B1c, B2 and B8 uses and is therefore not restrictive of new B8 uses.

Policy EM8 Live-work units on redundant industrial and business and warehouse sites

3.26 Retained Local Plan Policy EM8 sets out the Councils approach to live-work units on redundant industrial business and warehouse sites. The policy highlights that the loss of industrial and warehousing premises may be appropriate if the ground floors were retained for industrial or business use. DLP have acknowledged the support for live work types units when considering potential schemes. It should also be noted however that through the Scoping Consultation of CPP2 the council is considering whether a similar policy is still required in the CPP2.

Policy EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed-use sites

3.27 Retained Local Plan Policy EM9 sets out the Councils approach to considering mixed uses and key mixed-use sites. The policy highlights a focus on this approach when considering new developments in the City suggesting the uses should be "mixed both horizontally and vertically where practicable to add to the vitality of the area and respect the grain of the neighbouring developments".

Employment Land Study¹¹

- 3.28 As part of this policy review DLP have also considered the evidence set out in the Employment Land Study undertaken by Nathaniel Litchfield & Partners (now Lichfields) on behalf of BHCC in 2012. The study was commissioned to inform the preparation of City Plan Part One and provides information on existing employment sites and premises, local demand and projected supply.
- 3.29 The report sets out overall employment space requirements covering different growth scenarios which range from 127,220 sq. m to 155,670 sq. m of all types of employment space up to 2030.

¹¹ Nathaniel Litchfield & Partners (2012) <u>Brighton & Hove City Council Employment Land Study</u>



Table 3 Employment Space Requirements (BHCC ELR)

Use	Job Growth	Past Take-up	Labour Supply (565 dw.p.a)
Offices	112,240	78,960	45,270
Industrial	43,430	75,600	81,950
(B1c/B2/B8)			
All B uses	155,670	154,560	127,220

3.30 The report covers how the Council envisages meeting the proposed demand, as described below. This has also informed our consideration in terms of the proposed density of sites and the consideration of potential losses; as some of those Strategic Development Sites are coming forward with much reduced employment floorspace.

"The Draft City Plan identifies eight strategic Development Areas which together have the potential to provide 109,300m² of new employment floorspace over the Plan period. In addition, the Draft City Plan also identifies approximately 21,110m² of extant planning commitments for B1a office space, increasing the total potential supply of employment across the City to 130,410m².

3.31 Of particular interest in informing our consideration of those secondary employment sites and Call for Sites was the commentary surrounding demand for office space, reasonably low vacancy rates and apparent lack of supply when considering some accommodation types;

"A key challenge that the Council must seek to manage is how to encourage greater delivery of office space, particularly in Central Brighton, but also structuring supply in other parts of the City to respond to market opportunities".

"Demand for office space in the City remains strong particularly for small units in Central Brighton and the station/Queen's Road area, despite a shortage of good quality, modern office space, with the majority of current stock comprising refurbished older buildings that are not suited to current business needs".

"Latest commercial property market reports suggest that vacancy rates for both office and industrial premises in Brighton & Hove remains low at approximately 9% for offices and just 3% for industrial premises. Vacancy levels for 'Grade A' office accommodation are even lower, at around 2%, reflecting very limited availability of this type of space across the City" "These vacancy figures appear



to be lower than typical availability rates (around 10%) for a normal market with a reasonable amount of space available for firms to relocate and expand, suggesting an overall shortage of both office and industrial provision".

HCA Employment Density Guide 3rd Edition November 2015¹²

3.32 As will be discussed in the Secondary Employment Sites section of this report, the HCA's latest Employment Densities Guide (2015) largely focuses on the consideration on employment density i.e. the relationship between jobs to office floorspace (rather than the consideration of floorspace to site area i.e. plot ratios). Whilst the latter section of this report looks into potential plot ratio scenarios, the following information provides a summary of the guidance, including key factors which influence employment density and a table showing the potential densities of various categories of employment and floorspace requirements.

Advances in technology

- 3.33 In one respect advances in technology assists in the reduction of density by making existing processes more efficient, however on the other, they can create new servicing and employment requirements, which subsequently place upward pressure on employment density.
- 3.34 In general terms technology is having an upward influence on employment densities for offices through increased flexibility in terms of space planning, usage and decreasing space requirements of physical infrastructure. For example, the shift towards flexible working is driven by enhancements to wireless connectivity. This in turn allows for more agile working, reducing the requirement for many workers to have a 'fixed desk' and therefore reducing under-utilisation of space.
- 3.35 In terms of manufacturing, specifically the automotive sector, significant changes in terms of automated production has taken place reducing the need for production line staffing, however there can also be upwards pressures with the need for a greater level of servicing and support of the machinery.

The evolution of new forms of workspace

3.36 The general shift in our economy towards knowledge intensive sectors has also had

HCA Employment Density Guide 3rd Edition November 2015



significant implications in terms of office space required by this sector compared to more traditional firms. For example, digital media companies often need multi-functional spaces including a combination of fixed-desks and more collaborative areas.

- 3.37 Home working has also seen a significant rise over recent years due to a growth in self-employment, improved connectivity, property prices, commuting distances and building maintenance costs etc. Data produced by ONS in June 2014 suggests that almost 14% of the UK's working population now work from home, the highest rate since comparable data collection began in 1998 suggesting 11% were homeworking (note: the 2001 Census data showed that approximately 9% of the UK workforce worked mainly at home).
- 3.38 Along with this increased flexibility there has also been a notable increase in a preference towards locating within or adjacent the major urban centres with more businesses preferring to re-locate closer to the core services and workers wanting to be in close proximity to urban amenities.

Changing trading formats

3.39 This relates to retail and has therefore not been considered in detail but surrounds the implications of the growth of internet retailing, click and collect services, holding areas etc.

Sector and sub-sector activity

- 3.40 As discussed employment density is now much more aligned to the type of activity undertaken within the building rather than its location/ building type. New categories have therefore been considered including:
 - Corporate (energy, engineering, food, manufacturing, mining, property and retail).
 Types of firms which have flexible working habits however require space for client meetings and functions, reception space etc.
 - Professional services (lawyers, accountants, management consultants and property companies). Density varies significantly between the subgroup. For example, management consultants support more flexible working (high density) and legal firms who are more structured requiring meeting rooms etc. (lower density).



- Public sector (central government, local authorities and the third sector). Include requirements for cellular offices and meeting spaces and for local government 'civic' buildings and public spaces etc. Therefore, this tends to drive lower densities.
- Technology, media and telecoms (TMT). Within which density requirements can
 also vary with large-scale tech/ media firms providing sizeable corporate
 environments (flexible working and dense floorspace use), whereas other more
 creative firms (including much smaller businesses and start-ups) often have more
 creative space consuming approaches to their working environment.
- Financial and insurance (banks, building societies and insurance companies etc).
 This sector tends to have higher employment densities, with fewer requirements for breakout spaces and meeting rooms.
- 3.41 The 2015 guidance specifically includes a requirement for a broader definition of workspaces relating to small and start-up businesses. Briefly described as per below:
 - Incubator high spec managed workspaces that provide certain level of service in terms of technology, equipment and business support. Within scientific sectors incubators will often provide shared lab space alongside cellular offices.
 - Studio Studio workspaces are usually artist spaces which can be operated individually or as part of a more managed collection of spaces.
 - Maker Spaces These spaces provide an 'open workshop' within a light industrial type unit. Providing a single shared space for working with a range of tools and machinery aimed at reducing costs for small and start up production businesses.
 - Co-working space tends to consist of a large open plan office area offering shared desks where businesses work alongside one another.
 - A managed workspace is commercially rented serviced premises from which small businesses can trade. The delivery of managed workspace could potentially accommodate a range of spaces, from small office units through to workshop and light industrial units.



Table 4 Employment Density Guide 3rd Edition

Use				
Class	Sub-Category	Sub-Sector	Density	Туре
B1a	General Office	Corporate	13	NIA
		Professional		
		Services	12	NIA
		Public Sector	12	NIA
		TMT	11	NIA
		Finance and		
		Insurance	10	NIA
	Call centres		8	NIA
B1b	R&D Space		40-60	NIA
B1c	Light Industrial		47	NIA
B2	Industrial & Manufa	Industrial & Manufacturing		GIA
Mixed	Small Business			B1a, B1b – the density
В	Workspace			will relate to balance
Class				between spaces, as the
				share of B1a increases so
				too will employment
		Incubator	30-60	densities.
				B1c, B2, B8 - Difference
				between 'planned space'
				density and utilisation
				due to membership
		Maker Spaces	15-40	model
		Studio	20-40	B1c, B8
				B1a - Difference between
				'planned space' density
				and utilisation due to
		Co-working	10-15	membership model
		Managed		·
		Workspace	12-47	B1a, b, c

Source: HCC (Nov 2015) Employment Density Guide 3rd Edition

National Space Standards

- 3.42 Nationally prescribed space standards¹³ were announced in March 2015 as part of the Governments wider housing standards review package. These replaced space standards previously set by Local Authorities which varied across the country.
- 3.43 Within this study the standards have been acknowledged when assessing the minimum

¹³ DCLG (2015) <u>Technical housing standards – nationally described space standard</u>



space required for various sized properties and used to inform considerations on potential site yields, in conjunction with other information such as site area and surrounding building heights. The table below has been extracted from the technical guidance.

National Space Standards

Number of bedrooms(b)	Number of bed spaces (persons)	1 storey dwellings	2 storey dwellings	3 storey dwellings	Built-in storage
	1p	39 (37) *			1.0
1b	2p	50	58		1.5
	3р	61	70		
2b	4p	70	79		2.0
	4 p	74	84	90	
3b	5p	86	93	99	2.5
	6 p	95	102	108	
	5p	90	97	103	
	6p	99	106	112	
4b	7p	108	115	121	3.0
	8p	117	124	130	
	6 p	103	110	116	
5b	7p	112	119	125	3.5
	8p	121	128	134	
	7p	116	123	129	
6b	8p	125	132	138	4.0

Source: Technical housing standards – nationally described space standard (CLG March 2015)

High Level Approach to Calculating Density

- 3.44 As sites are promoted and brought forward indicative yield figures become firmer. Existing planning permissions, previous applications or initial design work by promoters all help to provide a realistic indication of yield. In the absence of information site yield needs to be informed by Council policy on density and analysis of past permissions to identify average development densities.
- 3.45 Based on the policy/ guidance review set out above, DLP have set out a suggested approach for calculating density overleaf. This has been considered as a series of stages, using existing policy to inform the stages alongside specific parameters to inform the case by case considerations of density.



Table 5 Calculating Density

Stages	Density Considerations				
Stage 1: Broad	Minimum Net Density outside	Development Areas Density -			
Locational	defined Development Areas - 50	minimum of 100 dwellings per			
Density	dwellings per hectare (dph),	hectare (dph) on sites within			
	provided it contributes positively to	Development Areas,			
	creating or maintaining sustainable				
	neighbourhoods				
Notes	The first stage requires the application	n of an initial density multiplier to form			
	the starting point for detailed density o	considerations. In some instances			
	when combined with Council evidence	e on density from past permissions			
	this could be sufficient to identify an in	ndicative site yield, particularly for			
	developable sites.				
Stage 2:	Density of surrounding uses –	Tall buildings policy – Sites within			
Specific	Building footprint and height	potential nodes and corridors could			
Locational	assumptions are key determinates	be taller (over approximately 6			
Density	of site yield. The physical footprint of	storeys). 'Mid-rise' tall buildings			
-	buildings once parking and	means buildings 6- 8 storeys in			
	landscaping are taken into	height; 'Very tall' tall buildings			
	consideration help gauge	means buildings over 15 storeys in			
	development floorspace. In central	height. Unless promoters have			
	urban areas buildings can occupy	proposed a tall building, the Council			
	the majority of the site e.g. 70-90%,	could assume a regular density in			
	whilst in suburban locations	the SHLAA (as set out in stage 1).			
	dwellings often sit within larger				
	grounds 20-30%. An informed view				
	on building height (e.g. no more				
	than 1 storey higher than				
	surrounding uses) and assumptions				
	regarding footprint of buildings				
	(similar to surrounding built form)				
	can provide an indicative m²				
	floorspace e.g. footprint multiplied				
	by height.				



Notes	The context of sites is a key determin	ate of density. Comparable footprints		
	and heights would reflect a reasonable density on sites. Only sites being			
	promoted for tall buildings should have an indicative tall building yield			
	identified, unless the Council consider			
	sites e.g. SHLAA sites within nodes or			
	for tall buildings that it could rely on to	increase overall flousing supply.		
Stage 3: Site	Site Constraints – This	Adopted Car Parking Standards		
specific	consideration will influence the built	Providing appropriate parking		
considerations	form on the site, e.g. are parts of the	provision on site may reduce the		
and Parking	site lost to other uses, development	building footprint, in terms of		
	constraints such as flood risk or	reduced available land. It is		
	narrow/steep sections or whether	important to check the likely parking		
	the design needs to reflect	requirement and consider if the plot		
	constraints such as conservation,	ratio identified can accommodate it,		
	heritage or residential amenity or whether reducing/no parking			
	issues and noise.	provision is acceptable in this		
	location.			
Notes	This stage involves two sensitivity checks to ensure that the emerging view			
	on plot ratio/density is appropriate and whether there are specific issues that			
	would indicate a more conservative pl	ot ratio should be taken.		
Stage 4:	Consideration of dwelling mix -	National Space Standards –		
Consideration	The consideration of mix will be	These set out the minimum Gross		
of mix and	informed by City Plan Policy CP19	Internal (floor) Area requirements		
Applying NSS	and surrounding use.	for new dwellings and should be		
7.pp.yg	and can can amy acc.	used to ensure yield is not over		
		estimated. It is prudent to add a		
		20% buffer to these standards for		
		circulation space and large		
	properties.			
Notes	The final stage, takes the overall devel	opment floorspace assumed in stages		
	2 and 3 and applies an indicative mix a	and minimum dwelling sizes to identify		
	an indicative yield figure. It should be	e noted that development density will		
	vary from site to site and all indicative	yields should be informed by council		
	evidence on previously permitted sche	emes.		



- 3.46 In section 4 yields have been reviewed and/or identified in the following ways:
 - Existing planning permissions and proposed schemes to inform yields
 - Comparison of SHLAA/ Call for sites density with Council policy and surrounding uses to confirm appropriateness of yields
 - Initial analysis to determine site yield based on high level¹⁴ approach set out above.

¹⁴ As highlighted this is a 'high level' consideration of potential densities and yields, the sites will therefore still need testing through design appraisals as part of the Development Management process.



4.0 SAMPLE SITE ASSESSMENT

- 4.1 This section sets out the methodology used by DLP to asses a sample of the Council's SHLAA sites; in particular reviewing the Council's original assessment in terms of availability, suitability, and deliverability.
- 4.2 The 20 sites were jointly selected with the Council to ensure that a range of site types, sizes and delivery rates were covered. The method for considering these sites alongside the typologies and density scenarios, would then be available to the Council for use as an approach to test other SHLAA site assessments.

Identifying Criteria for Site Assessment

- 4.3 DLP identified a list of site criteria to be used to assess the sample sites. This was agreed with BHCC, with account taken of national policy requirements, as contained within the NPPF. Having regard to the overall policy framework the approach to identifying appropriate site selection criteria is built upon the questions set out in the NPPF;
 - Is the site available?
 - Is the site suitable? and
 - Is the site deliverable/ developable? E.g. is development viable and achievable.
- 4.4 The site criteria have been set out in two parts, the 'Part 1 Assessment' involved the consideration and application of broad suitability criteria, including absolute constraints and an initial investigation of likely availability. The criteria for the Part 1 assessment is set out in the table overleaf.



Part 1 Assessm	Part 1 Assessment Criteria					
Criteria	Designation/Issue	Red (Site does not satisfy criteria)	Yellow (Criteria may be capable of being satisfied)	Green (Criteria are satisfied)		
Flood Risk	 Environment Agency Indicative Flood Mapping and SFRA Area at Risk of Flooding 	The site is within flood zone 3a and/or 3b and is not suitable for housing.	The site is within flood zones 2 requiring further investigation (and application of policy tests).	The site is not affected by identified areas of indicative flooding or is located in flood zone 1.		
Environmental Designations	 Special Protection Area Special Area of Conservation RAMSAR Site Site of Special Scientific Interest National Nature Reserve Site of Nature Conservation Importance and other local designations RIGS 	The site is located within an international or national environmental designation.	 The site is located within the buffer or close proximity of an international or national designation and could therefore have a negative impact. The site is covered by a local designation or is within close proximity and could therefore have a negative impact. 	The site is not within an international, national or local environmental designation or within its buffer.		
Landscape	National Park	• n/a	The site is within (or close to) a sensitive landscape and could therefore have a negative impact requiring further investigation.	The site is not located in (or close to) a sensitive landscape.		
Potentially Contamination or Unstable Land Issues	Potential Land contamination or unstable land issues	The site is located within or adjacent to, a landfill site or the land is unstable and has been identified as unsuitable for residential use.	The site is potentially contaminated or unstable and requires further investigation.	There are no known contamination or unstable land issues.		



Criteria	Designation/Issue	Red (Site does not satisfy criteria)	Yellow (Criteria may be capable of being satisfied)	Green (Criteria are satisfied)
Noise Issues	 Noise issues relating to existing land uses or transport corridors 	• n/a	The site is located adjacent to noisy land uses, which requires further investigation.	There are no noisy adjacent land uses and therefore no noise impact on the site.
Residential Amenity	 Location of site in relation to existing dwellings and bad neighbour uses 	• n/a	The site is adjacent to existing dwellings or bad neighbour uses and requires further investigation.	There are no adjacent dwellings or bad neighbour uses and therefore no impact on residential amenity.
Historic Assets	 Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM) Sites of Archaeological Importance Historic Park and Garden Conservation Area Listed Building / Heritage Assets 	The site is within a Scheduled Monument or Registered Park and Garden.	The site is within, adjacent to or development is considered to have the potential to adversely affect a Conservation Area, an Archaeological Priority Area or the setting of listed buildings or other heritage asset'.	The site is not within, adjacent to or development is considered unlikely to adversely affect any heritage asset.
Availability and Capacity	Submitted sites, public land ownership, etc.	The owner has confirmed that the site is not available, nor is it likely to be available in the future.	Site availability is unknown and requires further investigation. Potential for Land Registry searches (if required).	There is evidence that the landowner is willing to sell or develop the site.



- 4.5 The Part 2 Assessment involved a more detailed review of suitability issues and an examination into developability. The potential capacity of sites and delivery issues were also investigated at this point.
 - In terms of suitability each site was assessed against the agreed criteria which
 were broadly grouped into policy requirements, physical constraints and
 potential impacts.
 - In terms of availability landowners should have been contacted (where
 possible) to identify whether sites will be made available and to set out any
 potential legal or ownership constraints. DLP have highlighted where further
 investigation relating to this point is required.
 - In terms of achievability this sets out potential abnormal site constraints, needing to be rectified because they may affect viability, and any potential alternative uses likely to affect deliverability.
- 4.6 The Part 2 Assessment criteria is set out in table overleaf.



Part 2 Assessm	Part 2 Assessment Criteria					
Draft Criteria	Designation/Issue	Reject	Accept but further investigation required	Accept		
Availability	Site promoted by landowners and/or agents. Public land confirmed as available	Site not available for development There are known legal or ownership problems, such as multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies or operational requirements which cannot be resolved. Public land has been identified in another plan / strategy for another use.	There continues to be doubt over whether the site is genuinely available for development after further investigations.	There is evidence that the landowner is willing to sell and/or a developer is interested in developing within the timeframe of the Plan. There are no known legal or ownership problems, such as multiple ownerships, ransom strips, tenancies or operational requirements which are not capable of being overcome within the timeframe of the Plan.		
Contamination and unstable land	Potentially Contaminated Land Unstable Land	Contains an area of unstable or contaminated land that is likely to undermine the site's suitability and achievability.	Could contain unstable or contaminated land that should be subject to further investigation.	Not located on unstable land. Not located on contaminated land.		



Draft Criteria	Designation/Issue	Reject	Accept but further investigation/mitigation required	Accept
Topography	Topography	Steep slopes which make the site unsuitable and/or unachievable.	Sloping or undulating land which may require works to achieve a suitable development.	Level or gently sloping site.
Site access and safety	Site access (width, visibility etc) Proximity to major roads/strategic road network	 Poor access and/or local road network of poor standard. Likely to be subject to safety issues arising from surrounding uses incapable of mitigation 	 Access poor but capable of being improved. Local road network of adequate or good standard. Likely to be affected by safety issues but this is capable of mitigation. 	Adequate or good access off adequate or good standard of local road network. Not affected by safety issues.
Landscape	National Park, landscape impact and visual containment	Unacceptable impact of site upon landscape not capable of mitigation.	Impact capable of mitigation. Potential cumulative impact with other identified sites.	No unacceptable impact on the landscape.
Biodiversity / Protected Species / Important Hedgerow and Trees	Impact on biodiversity action plan habitats, protected trees or known protected species Local Nature Reserve Geological Conservation Review Site Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation Agricultural Land Quality	Significant effect and unacceptable impact of site upon ecology or protected species or habitats not capable of mitigation where there is no overriding public interest.	Impact capable of mitigation. Potential cumulative impact with other identified sites.	No significant effect or unacceptable impact on ecology, protected species or habitats.



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Draft Criteria	Designation/Issue	Reject	Accept but further investigation/mitigation required	Accept
Heritage Assets	 Scheduled Monuments Registered Parks and Gardens Conservation Areas Listed Buildings Non-designated Heritage Assets RIGS 	Development is likely to bring harm to the significance of a designated heritage asset, including its setting.	Development is likely to cause some harm to the significance of a heritage asset, including its setting, but this is likely to be satisfactorily minimised/ mitigated to such an extent to accord with the provisions of the NPPF.	Development is unlikely to harm the significance of any heritage asset or its setting.
Noise and Air Quality	Noise or air pollution from adjacent uses e.g. road, rail and air transport	Likely to be adversely affected by noise or air pollution from adjacent uses leading to an unacceptable residential environment.	Likely to be affected by noise or air pollution but this is capable of mitigation.	Not affected by noise or air issues.
Residential Amenity (Impact of site and adjoining uses on each other)	Relationship with existing adjacent uses	Close proximity to existing adjacent uses e.g. residential where any potential impact (light, visual, noise, traffic) is not reasonably capable of mitigation.	Close proximity to existing adjacent uses especially residential but any potential impact (light, visual, other disturbance) is capable of mitigation.	Unlikely to adversely affect existing adjoining uses.
Achievability	DeliverableViable	Site constraints or ownership issues that are unlikely to be capable of resolution without considerable expense.	Site constraints capable of being overcome but extent/ mitigation costs unclear at this stage.	 In a location where housing development is not contrary to spatial policy. No site constraints needing to be overcome.



SHLAA Sample Assessment

- 4.7 The following sample of 20 SHLAA sites have been assessed through this two-part process.
- 4.8 The rationale in terms of site selection included allowing for a suitable range of sites to test various scenarios. This included allocated, permitted and other sites which covered a range of sizes in terms of yield, to best understand assumptions made in terms of delivery and lead times.

Table 6 SHLAA Sample Sites

DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Site Name
BH001	653	Saunders Glassworks, Sussex Place, BN2 9QN
BH002	49	Land at 18/19 Manchester Street / Charles Street, BN2 1TF
BH003	3	Land at Brighton Marina (Inner Harbour)
BH004	1	Gas Works Site, Boundary Road, Brighton
BH005	14	Preston Barracks Lewes Road, BN2 4GL
BH006	6095	79 North Street Portslade, BN41 1DH
BH007	180	Sackville Trading Estate / Coal Yard, Sackville Road
BH008	933	Courtlands Hotel, 11-17 The Drive, Hove
BH009	59	Telephone Exchange, 34 Palmeira Avenue, BN3 3GG
BH010	122	PO Sorting Office, Nevill Road, Rottingdean, BN2 7JQ
BH011	137	Corner of Spring Gardens, Church Street, Brighton
BH012	670	Patcham Garage, Old London Road
BH013	6148	29 – 31 New Church Road, BN3 4AD
BH014	6052	Land at corner of Fox Way/ Foredown Road, BN41 2EQ
BH015	896	Boots Co-op, 119 London Road, BN1 4JH
BH016	139	35 – 39 The Droveway, Hove (Dairycrest)
BH017	6140	Territorial Army Centre, 198 Dyke Road, BN1 5AS
BH018	6118	Montpelier Baptist Church, Montpelier Place
BH019	6143	Combined Engineering Depot, New England Rd, BN1 3TU
BH020	6099	P & H House, 106-112 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE



Part 1 Assessment Findings

- 4.9 The findings of the Part 1 Assessment (applying broad suitability criteria) are available to view in the table set out on the following page.
- 4.10 Whilst a number of site constraints were highlighted through the Part 1 Assessment (covering heritage assets, flood risk and residential amenity), none were considered insurmountable constraints at this stage. Therefore, all 20 sites were considered suitable to take forward through the Part 2 Review.
- 4.11 The Part 2 Review required gathering a more detailed understanding of suitability, availability and achievability to test the Council's original assumptions.

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Site deta	ails					Suitabil	ity					Availability	Consider further through Part 2 Review
DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Site Name / Address	Ownership	Site Area (ha)	Source	Flood Zone	Environmental Designations	Potential contamination or unstable Land Issues	Noise Issues	Residential Amenity	Historic Environment	Availability for C3	
BH001	653	Saunders Glassworks, Sussex Place, BN2 9QN	Private	0.23	Planning Application								
BH002	49	Land at 18/19 Manchester Street / Charles Street, BN2 1TF	Private	0.09	Policy HO1: Outstanding Allocation								
BH003	3	Land at Brighton Marina (Inner Harbour)	Private	18.2	Outstanding Strategic Allocation CPP1								
BH004	1	Gas Works Site, Boundary Road,	Private	1.33	Outstanding Strategic Allocation CPP1								
BH005	14	Preston Barracks Lewes Road, BN2 4GL	Private	3.1	Outstanding Strategic Allocation CPP1								
BH006	6095	79 North Street Portslade, BN41 1DH	Private	0.03	Identified Supply – with PP								
BH007	180	Sackville Trading Estate / Coal Yard, Sackville Road	Private	2.79	Planning Application								
BH008	933	Courtlands Hotel 11-17 The Drive Hove	Private	0.24	Identified Supply - currently without PP								
BH009	59	Telephone Exchange, 34 Palmeira Avenue, BN3 3GG	Private	0.62	Urban Capacity Study (GLD036)								
BH010	122	PO Sorting Office, Nevill Road, Rottingdean BN2 7JQ	Private	0.16	Urban Capacity Site (RDN115)								
BH011	137	Corner of Spring Gardens Church Street Brighton	Private	0.54	Urban Capacity Study (SEV123)								
BH012	640	Patcham Garage, Old London Road	Private	0.1	Identified Supply - currently without PP								



Site deta	ails					Suitability						Availability	Conclusion
DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Site Name / Address	Ownership	Site Area (ha)	Source	Flood Zone	Environmental Designations	Potential contamination or unstable Land Issues	Noise Issues	Residential Amenity	Historic Environment	Availability for C3	Consider further through Part 2 Review
BH013	6148	29 – 31 New Church Road	Private	0.66	New SHLAA Site								
BH014	6052	Land at corner of Fox Way / Foredown Road, BN41 2EQ	Private	0.33	2015 Call for Sites								
BH015	896	Boots Co-op, London Road, BN1 4JH	Private	0.45	Identified Supply - currently without PP								
BH016	139	35 – 39 The Droveway, Hove (Dairycrest)	Private	0.7	2015 Call for Sites								
BH017	6140	Territorial Army Centre 198 Dyke Road	Unknown	2.28	Identified Supply - currently without PP								
BH018	6118	Montpelier Baptist Church (Baptist Tabernacle), Montpelier Place	Private	0.16	Planning Application								
BH019	6143	Combined Engineering Depot, New England Road, BN1 3TU	Public	2.19	Call for sites 2016								
BH020	6099	P&H House 106-112 Davigdor Road Hove	Private	0.15	Call for Sites 2017								



Part 2 Assessment Findings

4.12 Site proformas have been completed for all 20 sites and are included in Appendix 1 of this report. The proformas set out an analysis of the suitability, availability and achievability of each site and highlight areas where further information may be required to evidence the assumptions made on yield or delivery. Each proforma is also accompanied with a constraints map.

Summary of Findings

- 4.13 As discussed within Section 2 of this report (which offered an analysis of the Council's SHLAA methodology); whilst the approach taken to site consideration appears generally sound, the review of the sample SHLAA sites has highlighted some issues regarding the clarity and presentation of the data. DLP would advise recording the source of each site and adding the date the site was included in the SHLAA (where available). For those sites where the source is unclear, this could require reassessing their delivery and in particular the potential yield. This could be reviewed calculated based on surrounding building heights/ uses and policy considerations on density as set out in table 5.
- 4.14 DLP would also suggest contacting owners /agents for sites, where site availability may be uncertain and asking the landowners to confirm that at some point in the future the site/ property will be surplus to requirements and will therefore be available for residential use. To ensure consistency in approach DLP would suggest such information can be made available on request to evidence this.
- 4.15 DLP would also suggest the reassessment of site yields for all SHLAA sites in instances where there has been limited market activity to ensure an up-to-date assessment has been conducted for all available opportunities.
- 4.16 It is also recommended the Council reconsiders the proposed employment floorspace on mixed-use sites where limited information is available on the rationale for the scale of provision. In some instances there are conservative estimates and given the Council's evidence suggests demand for employment space is high, mixed-use sites represent an opportunity to increase employment provision.



5.0 HOUSING TRAJECTORY REVIEW

5.1 The purpose of this section is to provide a review of the Housing Trajectory Position prepared by BHCC for the preparation of the emerging City Plan Part Two. This is based primarily on the 2016 SHLAA update and we understand the council is preparing a further 2017 update which will support the Draft City Plan Part Two.

Housing Trajectory

- 5.2 The current Housing Trajectory contained within the 2016 SHLAA Update breaks down the delivery of sites into five-year periods (Years 1-5, 6-10 and 11-15). DLP considers that ideally a housing trajectory should provide a year by year breakdown or at least an annual breakdown for the first five years. It is however acknowledged that much of the city's housing supply will come forward through flatted formats of development. As a result, this makes it more complex to accurately estimate annual delivery timescales across the plan period, particularly where larger scale strategic sites may need to be phased or will involve longer lead in and build out times.
- 5.3 In order to more clearly understand the impact of the Council's assumptions regarding the trajectory it would be beneficial to include a local assessment of build-out rates and lead-in times for a range of development scenarios. The Council should also ensure that the most up to date housing trajectory information is prepared to support the submission of City Plan Part Two.

Completion rates

- Past rates of delivery can be used to inform future trends; considering past completion rates on a number and range of sites within the city can be undertaken using the available data contained in the Councils Authority Monitoring Reports. This approach can assist with estimating lead-in times and build-out rates and can provide evidence to support delivery rates assumed by the Council.
- 5.5 As indicated above, DLP would suggest that the Council undertake an assessment of local lead-in times for a range of development formats to ensure the housing trajectory is robust and based upon local market evidence. Such an assessment should consider the lead-in time as between the date on which a site first obtained planning permission to the year the first completion was recorded on site. This could be subdivided into



categories by size of the site and type of application to provide the most accurate reflection.

Basic Requirement/Housing Target

- 5.6 Policy CP1: Housing Delivery in the City Plan Part One states that provision for at least 13,200 new homes should be built over the plan period 2010-2030 equating to an annual average rate of provision of 660 dwellings. The 2016 SHLAA Update calculates the five-year housing land supply position against a phased housing requirement based on the 2014 housing trajectory. This is set out in the 2014 SHLAA Update which formed part of the evidence base for the examination of City Plan Part One.
- 5.7 It is noted that the City Plan Part One Examination Inspector's Report supported this approach to calculating the five year supply requirement and that this approach was justified by BHCC as part of the Plan's examination process. The council may need to further review this approach as it proceeds with the preparation of City Plan Part Two taking account of further updates to the housing trajectory.

Windfall

- 5.8 The 2016 SHLAA Update in Paragraph 4.8 states that Table E illustrates how a windfall allowance has been calculated for small sites. BHCC undertakes detailed monitoring of small windfall site delivery and information is clearly presented in the SHLAA updates.
- 5.9 It would be useful if the SHLAA could provide further commentary regarding the detailed method for calculating the windfall allowance.

Planning Permissions and the Non-Implementation Discount

5.10 A non-implementation discount is applied to small identified sites and other windfall (prior approval) sites that have obtained planning permission (Table C and Table F). The discount is used to demonstrate the fact that a proportion of the sites may not start in the five-year period, or that their permissions may lapse. It could be beneficial to undertake ongoing monitoring and analysis of lapse rates and provide a commentary as to the methodology behind these calculations.

Summary

5.11 In summary, DLP recommend the following:



- Prepare a housing trajectory which ideally has a year-by-year breakdown at least for the first five years and support the trajectory with local market evidence on delivery rates and lead-in times;
- Provide a commentary within the SHLAA specifically relating to windfall allowance detailing the methodology and calculation;
- Continue to provide a clear justification for the method against which the fiveyear housing land supply requirement is calculated.
- Clarify how the application of discounts for non-implementation rates to sites with
 planning permission has been decided upon. Include an analysis of lapse rates
 to establish an accurate rate of non-implementation which should be undertaken
 with a commentary explaining the methodology behind these calculations;



6.0 EMPLOYMENT LAND TRAJECTORY UPDATE AND REVIEW

- 6.1 As discussed in the policy review, in 2012 BHCC commissioned Nathaniel Litchfield & Partners (NLP) to undertake an Employment Land Study. Recommendations arising from this study included collating further more detailed evidence on the City's future employment land supply trajectory to support the City Plan Part One.
- 6.2 The Employment Land Supply Delivery Trajectory¹⁵ (also produced by NLP) was published in June 2013 and provides information on existing employment sites and premises, local demand and projected supply.
- 6.3 As part of this commissioned Housing and Employment Land Review, BHCC requested an update of the employment land supply trajectory using the latest commercial monitoring information and including a summary commentary and a high-level gap analysis. This will be used to support the delivery of City Plan Part Two.

Method & General Assumptions

- 6.4 Following discussion with the Council, it was decided to follow a similar methodological approach previously used to complete the 2013 trajectory. This involved updating those sites included in the trajectory with information relating to their current planning status, recording whether sites had gained permission, permission on site had lapsed or developments had been completed and would therefore not form part of the future trajectory.
- 6.5 The update also included adding any other significant planning permissions across the city which would result in a net gain of over 500m² of employment floorspace. Consideration was given to whether permissions below 500m² should be added to the supply trajectory, however it was not considered appropriate as this trajectory is involved in reviewing those sites of strategic importance and the level of further monitoring required would make limited difference to the potential supply.
- 6.6 Discussions were held with the Council in relation to the potential inclusion of losses in the trajectory, however again it was agreed that this piece of evidence would specifically concentrate on the progression of those strategic employment sites. This would then

¹⁵ Nathanial Litchfield and Partners (2013) Employment Land Supply Trajectory - Final Report



- supplement the Councils AMR¹⁶ which includes monitoring information on planning permissions and completions involving net gains or losses of employment floorspace.
- 6.7 When reviewing the Non-Residential chapter of the Councils most recent AMR it is evident that BHCC maintains a detailed understanding of completed and projected losses in terms of employment land. Specifically, potential losses through permitted change of use.

Employment Land Summary & Indicative Delivery Trajectory

An overview of the sites included in the Employment Land Trajectory is provided in the Table below. The Indicative Delivery Trajectory by five-year periods is available in Appendix 2.

Table 7 Employment Trajectory Summary 2017

Status	Number of Sites	Potential Supply (m²)					
		Total	Offices	Industrial			
Development Area Strategic Allocations with identified floorspace	18	89,280	79,832	9,448			
Development Area Strategic Allocations with no identified floorspace	3	n/a	n/a	n/a			
Employment-led mixed-use redevelopment sites	5	n/a	n/a	n/a			
Extant permissions*	3	7,285	2,881	4,404			
Other**	2	11,787	11,787	0			
Total	31	108,352	94,500	13,852			

^{*} Includes Riva Bingo, Moulsecoomb Way, Rayford House, School Road & Hove Town Hall Norton Road.

^{**} Includes Patcham Court Farm which is identified as a strategic allocation but is not included within a defined Development Area. Also includes Sackville Trading Estate (previous permission

¹⁶ BHCC (2015/16) Planning Authority Monitoring Report



dynamic development solutions ™

now lapsed) this is not a strategic allocation but has been included given the potential level of employment floorspace which could come forward and as it is located within a development area.

Key Findings

- 6.9 This Section has assessed the availability and deliverability of identified strategic employment sites as contributing to meeting future office and industrial floorspace requirements in the period to 2032.
- 6.10 As with NLP's previously completed Employment Trajectory in 2013, the analysis only includes those sites where specific floorspace capacities are identified and/or extant planning permissions exist. It is recognised that other sites will also contribute to meeting future needs (e.g. mixed-use redevelopment sites) but are not assumed as delivering net increases in employment floorspace.
- 6.11 Of the 22 sites considered in detail through this trajectory, all except 1 was considered to be either 'available' or 'available in the future'. More specifically 73% of potential office floorspace is considered 'available', 25% 'available in the future' and 2% unknown.
- 6.12 Of those site with industrial floorspace (5 sites) 2 were considered 'available' and 3 were considered 'available in the future'.
- 6.13 In terms of deliverability, 13 sites are assessed as 'deliverable', 8 sites are considered 'marginal/uncertain', with 1 site unknown. No sites were considered undeliverable.
- 6.14 In further detail around 59% of office floorspace is considered deliverable, 39% assessed as marginal/uncertain and 2% currently unknown. In terms of deliverability of industrial sites considered 40% of potential industrial floorspace is assessed as 'deliverable' and 60% is considered 'marginal/uncertain'.
- 6.15 3,428m² office floorspace (no industrial) has been delivered on identified sites, since the previous employment trajectory in 2013

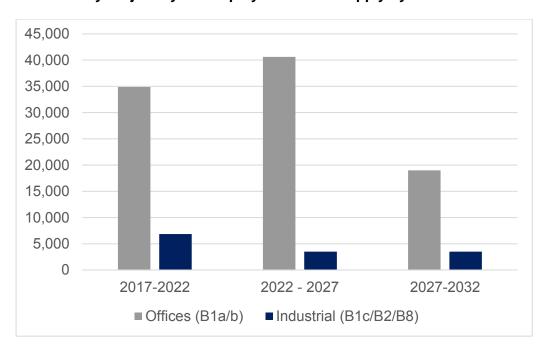
6.16 To further summarise:

• For the remaining office floorspace, 37% is expected to be delivered between 2017-22, 43% between 2022-27 and 20% between 2027-32.



• For industrial floorspace, 50% is expected to be delivered between 2017-22, 25% between 2022-27 and 25% between 2027-32.

Fig 1: Indicative Delivery Trajectory for Employment Land Supply by Five-Year Period



Key amendments to sites since 2014

- Gas Works: Developer discussions ongoing Changed from "Not deliverable" to "Marginal/ Uncertain". Although highlighted concerns in terms of viability of employment floorspace.
- Preston Barracks: Permitted Application Changed from "Marginal/ Uncertain" to "Deliverable".
- Blackman Street Site: Permitted Application Changed from "Marginal/ Uncertain" to "Deliverable"
- Block K Brighton Station site Now complete
- 125-163 Preston Road: Permitted Application Amended from no information to "Available" and "Deliverable"
- Conway Street: Submitted applications Amended from no information to "Available" and "Marginal/ Uncertain"



- Sackville Trading Estate: Lapsed permission Therefore inserted into the "Other Sites" category – Rather than those "Extant permissions"
- The Astoria, 10-14 Gloucester Place: Removed from trajectory ELS list of extant planning permission given new permission with under 500 m² commercial and mix A1/A2/B1.
- Patcham Place: Removed from Extant Permissions as site complete.
- Riva Bingo, Rayford House and Hove Town Council: added as extant permissions.

Employment Trajectory Summary Commentary

- 6.17 Since the Employment Trajectory completed by NLP in 2013 the total employment land supply has remained relatively stable, despite some key sites coming forward for reduced levels of employment floorspace.
- 6.18 The following table uses the previously displayed summary information and compares this to that reported in 2013:

Table 8 Employment Trajectory Variation 2013 - 2017

Status		Potential Supply (m)				
	Sites variation 2013 to 2017	Office variation 2013 to 2017	Industrial variation 2013 to 2017			
Development Area Strategic Allocations with identified floorspace	+3	-3,696	-63			
Development Area Strategic Allocations with no identified floorspace	-3	n/a	n/a			
Employment Led mixed use redevelopment sites	0	n/a	n/a			
Extant permissions	0	-6,537	+4,404			
Other	+1	5,287	0			



Total	1	-4,946	+4,341

- 6.19 Despite the inclusion of an additional Strategic Allocations with Identified floorspace (inc. Conway Street, New England House and Preston Road) the overall potential supply has reduced; this largely reflects reduced levels of floorspace coming forward through subsequent permissions (namely Preston Barracks) and the completed permission at Block K Brighton Station.
- 6.20 Total Industrial floorspace has increased based on 1 extant permission being granted since the previous trajectory.



7.0 SECONDARY EMPLOYMENT SITE ANALYSIS

- 7.1 This section of the report provides the analysis (including site write ups) of the secondary employment sites included in BHCC's 2017 SHLAA; to critically assess whether these sites should be safeguarded, omitted or considered for mixed-use/ residential proposals.
- 7.2 The consideration of the ten secondary employment sites has been based on our understanding of the initial findings from the Council's commercial monitoring, the employment trajectory review and previous analysis on the sample of SHLAA sites (as discussed in Section 4).
- 7.3 Part of the Secondary Employment Site Review also included providing advice to the Council in relation to plot ratios and employment densities, which could then be used to inform allocations and potential floorspace yields.
- 7.4 As has been highlighted in the policy review section of this report, the HCA's latest Employment Densities Guide (2015), largely focuses on the consideration on employment density i.e. the relationship between jobs to office floorspace (rather than floorspace to site area i.e. plot ratios). This section has however, sought to provide an understanding in terms of potential plot ratios, including general ratio calculations with a focus on the location and surrounding built environment.

Plot Ratios

- 7.5 The capacity of land to accommodate floorspace is measured by the plot ratio; i.e. the ratio of built floorspace to site area. Calculations surrounding plot ratio's can vary greatly when assessing land, specifically considering the variations between employment type.
- 7.6 The 2004 Employment land reviews: guidance¹⁷ previously placed a greater emphasis on providing potential plot ratios for those considering floorspace potential. This is highlighted through the table overleaf previously included in the guidance which summarises ratio's for translating potential gross floorspace to site area.

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¹⁷ ODPM (2004) Employment land reviews: guidance



Table 9 Plot Ratio's for Employment Use – Withdrawn Employment Land Review Guidance

	Roger Tym, 1997	Other Studies
Business Park	0.25 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40
Industrial	0.42	0.35 to 0.45
Warehouse	-	0.40 to 0.60
Town Centre	0.41	0.75 to 2.00

- 7.7 It should be noted here that the Employment Land Study previously undertaken by NLP in 2012 included a plot ratio of 0.4 for industrial, 0.4 for lower density office developments with urban/ city centre locations having a plot ratio of 2.0. Whilst DLP's approach varies, this was considered when developing the typologies.
- 7.8 The above mentioned guidance is now largely out-of-date, however it does highlight the variations across types of uses and calculations considered through a variety of studies. Reiterating the difficulties in producing generalised assumptions when calculating floorspace potential and reinforces the notion that a sites location and surrounding built form holds a significant impact on floorspace delivery and site density.
- 7.9 That said, in order to consider certain sites and provide the council with advice on future floorspace calculations we have undertaken a basic analysis of some recent planning applications to assist in producing an average typology. The following examples consider a selection of office buildings which are either permitted or existing, by location in order to have an understanding of employment density per hectare and land ratios for sites in Brighton and Hove.

Table 10 Example Central Office Building Applications (m² rounded)

Application	Address	Storeys	Floor- space	Per Floor	Site Area ha	Density per ha	Site Area (m2)	Land Ratio
BH2016/054 93	Land at Station St. Blackman St.	7	7,500	1,050	0.11	68,200	1,100	95%
BH2008/011 48	Block K Station Site	5	3,450	700	0.07	49.300	700	100%

25



BH2009/000	GB Liners site,	5	3,350	650	0.08	41,900	800	81%
87	Blackman St.							

7.10 The following considers two mixed use schemes and the potential employment density per hectare and land ratios for these.

Table 11 Example mixed-use Inc. Office Buildings (m² rounded)

Application	Address	Storeys	Floor- space	Per Floor	Site Area ha	Density per ha	Site Area (m2)	Land Ratio
Existing Offices (mixed	London Gate, 72							
use building)	Dyke Rd.							
	BN1 6AJ	4	875	219	0.05	12,500	500	44%
Existing	North Road,							
Offices (mixed	BN1 1YR							
use building)		9 (7 B1)	4,800	700	0.2	23,900	2,000	34%

- 7.11 Using the examples, background guidance and our own understanding based on other Employment Land Reviews, DLP would generally advise taking into consideration the site location, context, surrounding built form and local constraints when assessing the density of development.
- 7.12 To give an approximate calculation for central office development we would suggest a general rule could be to use a 90% area to footprint ratio (with further 20% to cover gross to net calculation). This could then be multiplied by the proposed building storeys. Therefore, for a 0.2 hectare site = 2,000m², Gross to Net leaves 1,600 m² with limited constraints and surrounding building heights of between 3 to 6 storeys (average 4.5) 1,600 m² x 4.5 = 7,200 m².
- 7.13 For mixed-use developments it largely depends on the size and location of the scheme and the number of dwellings proposed. For smaller sites these could incorporate mixed-use opportunities for ground floor employment uses and upper floor residential, where a plot ratio of 60% could be appropriate. However, for other schemes, particularly with those providing workshop/ live work opportunities, the potential ratio could well be lower.
- 7.14 For those Secondary Employment Sites (and one Call for Sites site) which DLP have suggested could have potential to investigate for mixed-use / housing, we have tried to



provide general assumptions on the level of employment and housing which could be delivered if these sites came forward as mixed-use schemes.

- 7.15 N.B The gross the net calculation has been taken from the latest Employment Density Guide which states; "For office space the gross figure is typically 15-20% higher than net internal space" (HCA 2015).
- 7.16 For industrial uses, we would advise using a general ratio of 40% (without a net to gross ratio calculation). Whilst much of the B2 uses will be over one level, this would also then be multiplied depending on storeys.

General Assumptions

- 7.17 When reviewing the secondary employment sites, we have considered that there should be a natural presumption that sites in active employment use should be safeguarded for continued employment use.
- 7.18 Once sites have been lost from employment use to higher value uses such as retail and residential, it is highly unlikely they will return back to employment use. DLP are however aware of the continued pressure for housing development across the city and of the general premise set out in the NPPF to make best use of land, including reviewing uses that are not ideally located or represent under use of land e.g. low density uses in high density areas. Therefore, we have carefully considered these sites on their own merits.

Secondary Employment Site Assessments

7.19 DLP have produced basic site proformas for each of the secondary employment sites which are available overleaf. The sites have been grouped into those we consider may be suitable for redevelopment for either housing or mixed use and those which should be safeguarded under the existing City Plan Part 1 Policy CP3.5.



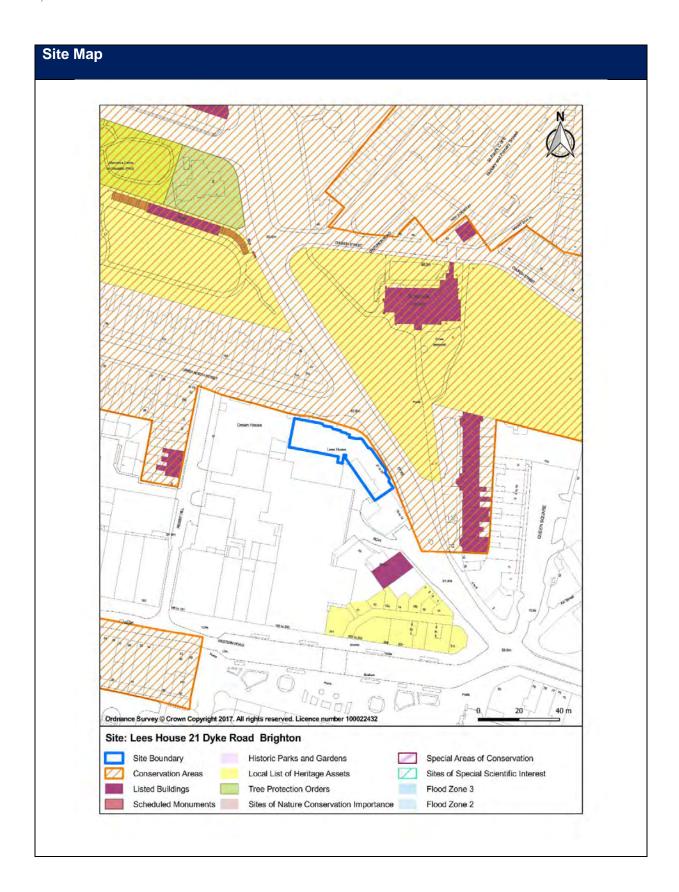
Sites to be safeguarded under the existing policy CP3.5.

SHLAA Ref	4038
Address	Lees House, 21 Dyke Road, BN1 3FE
Site Area	0.075 hectares
Site Description	This site includes a 6-storey office block (including lower ground
	floor); which is in use as mainly B1 offices but some D1 uses are
	also apparent. The building faces onto Dyke Road and there is a
	large glazed section forming the buildings frontage. The records
	available on the VOA Business' Rates database shows at least
	2,652 sq. m B1a Office Floorspace (which does not look to be
	fully inclusive of all the units included in the building).
Relevant Constraints	Adjacent conservation area
SA2 – Central Brighton	Located just outside SA2 boundary.
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area.
Planning Status	No prior approval. No current planning application.
Current Occupant	Multiple tenants including digital companies and some healthcare
	occupants.
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 8 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032.
	This would be a density of 106 dph.
Notes	Internet search suggests multiple occupants. Active marketing for
	Lower GF units by Stiles Harold Williams - described as
	refurbished offices.
DLP Conclusion	This property is within active use as offices, some of which have
	been recently refurbished and let. Whilst outside of SA2 Central
	Brighton, the building is situated within a central location and
	therefore could be considered a suitable location for offices.
	If this was to come forward as a mixed-use scheme it would most
	likely result in a much-reduced employment floorspace. DLP



would suggest removing from the SHLAA unless evidence is
obtained in relation to the viability of the use as offices and the
aspiration the owner to redevelop the site.







SHLAA Ref	6046
Address	Heversham House, Boundary Road, BN3 4EF
Site Area	0.02 hectares
Site Description	Heversham House is located at the southern end of Boundary
	Road which runs north to south between Portslade Railway Station
	and the A259 Brighton to Worthing coast road. The building which
	was built in the early 1970's is 3 ½ storeys and located on a retail
	frontage.
	According to marketing information there are a number of suites
	within the building which have been refurbished. The surrounding
	buildings are 2 – 3 storeys and include a mixture of uses including
	commercial (A classes), residential and sui generis. Occupants
	look to include businesses including chartered surveyors and
	structural engineer's firms. VOA business rates for 20-22
	Boundary Road equate to around 764 sq. m B1a Office floorspace.
Site Constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental or
	heritage constraints.
SA2 – Central Brighton	Not within SA2 boundary.
Development Area	Yes, within Development Area 8 Shoreham Harbour
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	BH2014/03759 Change of use from retail/office (A1/A2) to offices
	(B1) and/or retail (A1) at ground floor level with alterations to
	shopfront and demolition of single storey rear projection to provide
	space for 4no additional car parking spaces, cycle storage and
	refuse/recycling storage facilities. Completed last year as the rear
	projection had been removed for the parking spaces.
	BH2013/01948 Prior approval for change of use of upper floors
	(first, second and third) to residential units to provide 4no 2 bed
	flats and 11no 1 bed flats. Now lapsed.
Current Occupant	Various and some vacancies
SHLAA 2017	Currently 0.
Notes	Continued active marketing. BHCC decided to continue to assess
	the sites potential but removed the units due to its proven
	employment potential. There is evidence for refurbished offices



	being changed to residential soon after (Russell House) due to
	permitted development rights.
DLP Conclusion	Whilst the location does look suitable for a mixed-scheme including
	ground floor retail with residential above, given the 2014 application
	for B1 (which appears to have been implemented) DLP would
	suggest removing from the SHLAA unless evidence is obtained in
	relation to the viability of the use as offices and the aspiration the
	owner to redevelop the site.

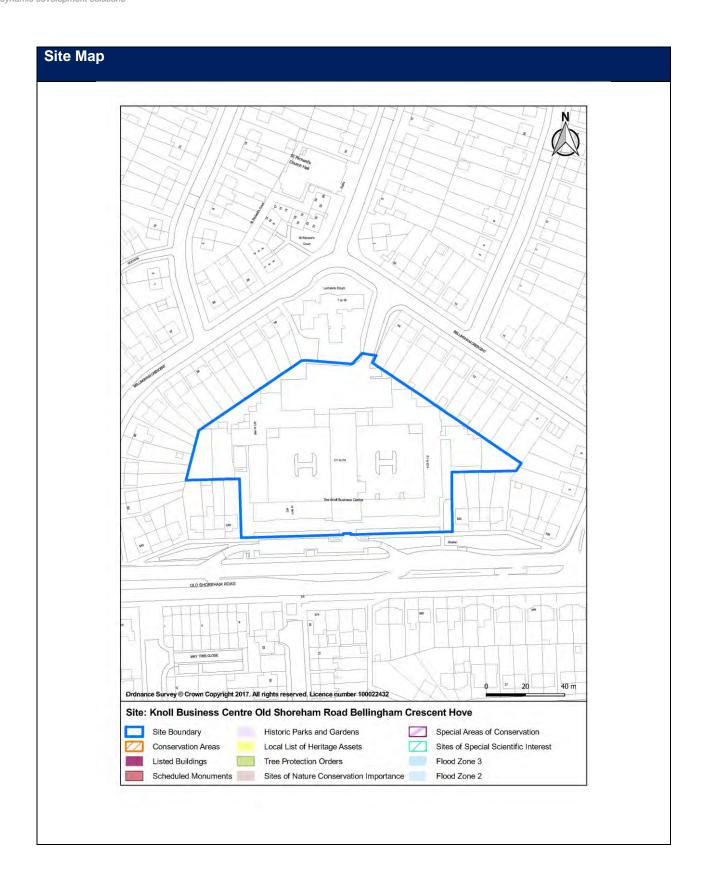






SHLAA Ref	870
Address	Knoll Business Centre, Old Shoreham Road, BN3 7GS
Site Area	1.00 hectares
Site Description	The Knoll Business Centre includes business accommodation for
	various small and medium sized companies. The 1930's building was
	previously in use as a school and the gated grounds contain a large
	car park. The following description is available in the Councils ELR:
	"This site is managed by BizSpace, providing a good local source of
	employment. Whilst the site is surrounded by a residential area,
	constraining local accessibility, the small business units do not
	significantly affect the surrounding area. The site is well signposted
	and actively marketed along the A270 with limited vacant units. There
	is no scope for expansion or intensification of this employment site
	but it currently provides a good employment offer, suitable for small
	starter companies. Overall, this functions as a good local employment
	space that has been effectively managed, marketed and maintained
	by Bizspace".
Site Constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental or
	heritage constraints.
SA2 - Central	Not within SA2 boundary.
Brighton	
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	Unknown
Current Occupant	Various
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 50 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032.
	This would be a density of 50 DPH.
Notes	n/a
DLP Conclusion	The site appears to be well used as business accommodation for
	various small and medium sized companies. As set out it the ELR the
	site provides a good employment offer and DLP would therefore
	suggest removing from SHLAA and safeguarding the site for
	employment uses through Policy CP3.5.

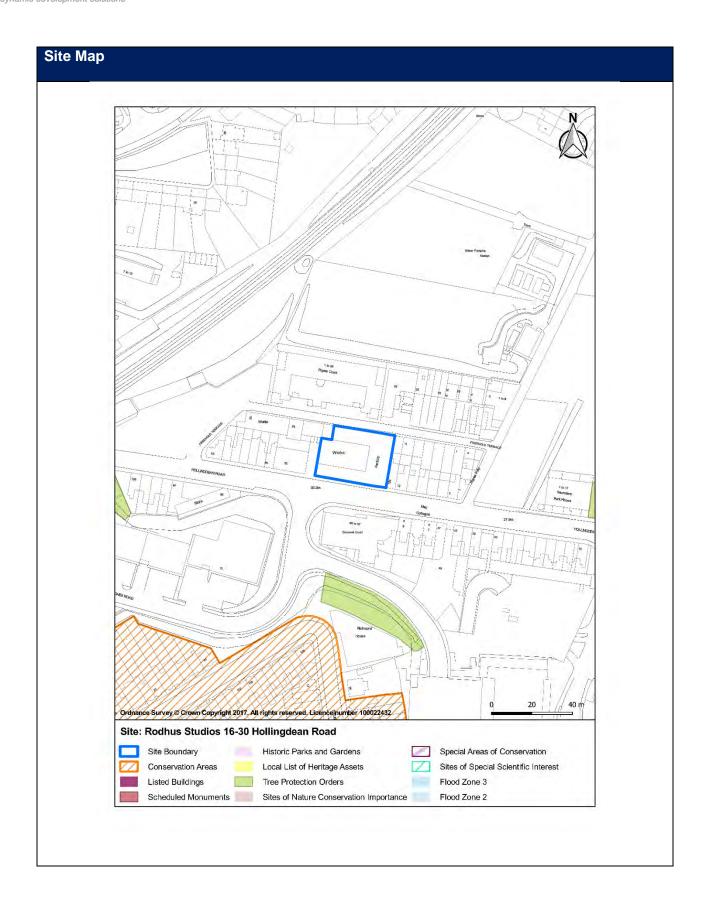






SHLAA Ref	6082
Address	Rodhus Studios 16-30 Hollingdean Road, Brighton, East
	Sussex, BN2 4AA
Site Area	0.09 hectares
Site Description	The site includes a single storey factory/ storage building
	previously occupied by Horsell Electrics who vacated the
	property in 2010. The site is now well occupied as a series of
	creative studio workspaces, known as Rodhus Studios which
	were founded in 2011.
Site constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental
	or heritage constraints.
SA2 – Central Brighton	Not within SA2 boundary.
Development Area	Yes, within Development Area 3 Lewes Road Area
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning Status	No relevant recent planning history.
Current Occupant	It houses over 30 makers, designers and artists at the Brighton
	site. According to marketing information they were continuing to
	sub-let studio floorspace as of August 2017
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 15 dwellings to be delivered between 2022 -
	2027. This would result in a density of 167 DPH.
Notes	According to BHCC this was a new site added 2016. It was not
	put forward as a Call for Site and there is no relevant planning
	history other than pre-app for alternative uses.
DLP Conclusion	The site is within active use, and appears to be well occupied.
	There may be potential for a mixed-use scheme (increasing the
	density to 2-3 storeys) in the long-term future. However, there is
	an obvious market for this type of unit and therefore depending
	on the policy position BHCC should consider removing the site
	from the SHLAA and safeguarding the site for employment
	through Policy CP3.5.

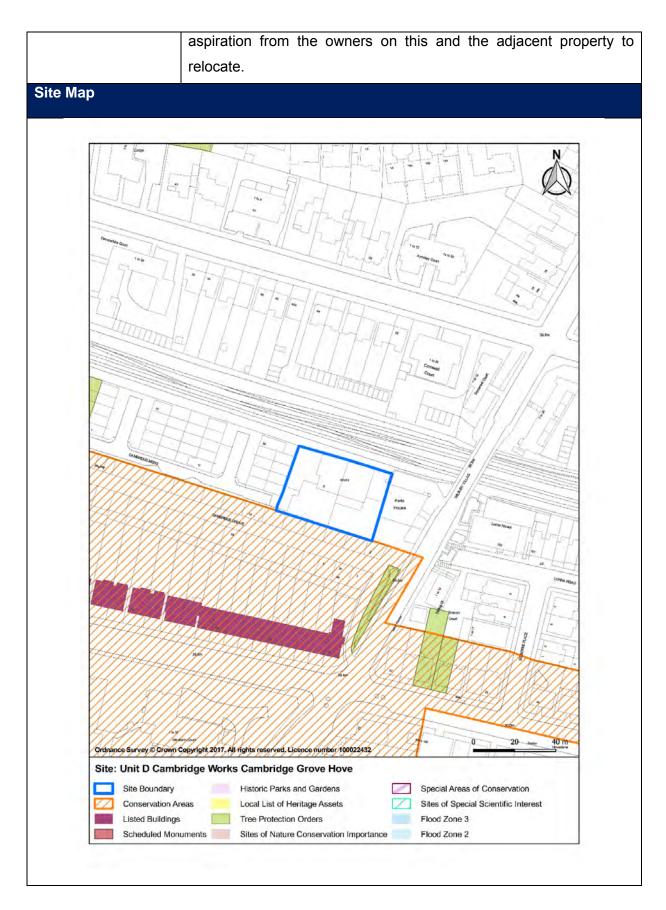






SHLAA Ref	4002
Address	Unit D Cambridge Grove, Cambridge Works, Hove BN3 3ED
Site Area	0.165 hectares
Site Description	This is a rectangular industrial site with a small group of buildings
	(totalling 474 sq. m) which were last in use as used sheet metal
	fabrication works (Ottwood Sheet Metal Fabrication Ltd.). The
	surrounding area includes residential properties and the industrial site
	is located directly adj to the railway track. There are other units within
	the site which appear to be in use (including a metal works at Unit C).
Site constraints	Adjacent Conservation Area
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.
SA2 – Central	Not within SA2 boundary.
Brighton Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	BH2016/01525 Redevelopment of site with erection of two and three
,	storey building to provide 7no office units (B1), including car and cycle
	spaces and electric vehicle charging point (amended drawings).
	Withdrawn October 2016.
	BH2007/01100 - demolition of the existing buildings and the
	construction of a new 4-storey 1,245m2 building for flexible B1 office
	space with flexibility to be used as B2 and B8.
Current Occupant	Unknown. Marketing material suggests recently sold.
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 13 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032.
	This would be a density of 79dph.
Notes	
DLP Conclusion	The recent application (albeit withdrawn) for a higher density
	employment scheme, suggests there is continued interest in this site
	for employment use. Given the surrounding adjacent employment
	uses, and change in levels effecting access, this is only likely to come
	forward if the whole site is available for redevelopment (rather than
	this specific unit). DLP would suggest the site would be more
	appropriately maintained as an employment site, unless there is
	further information in relation to the viability of the current use and







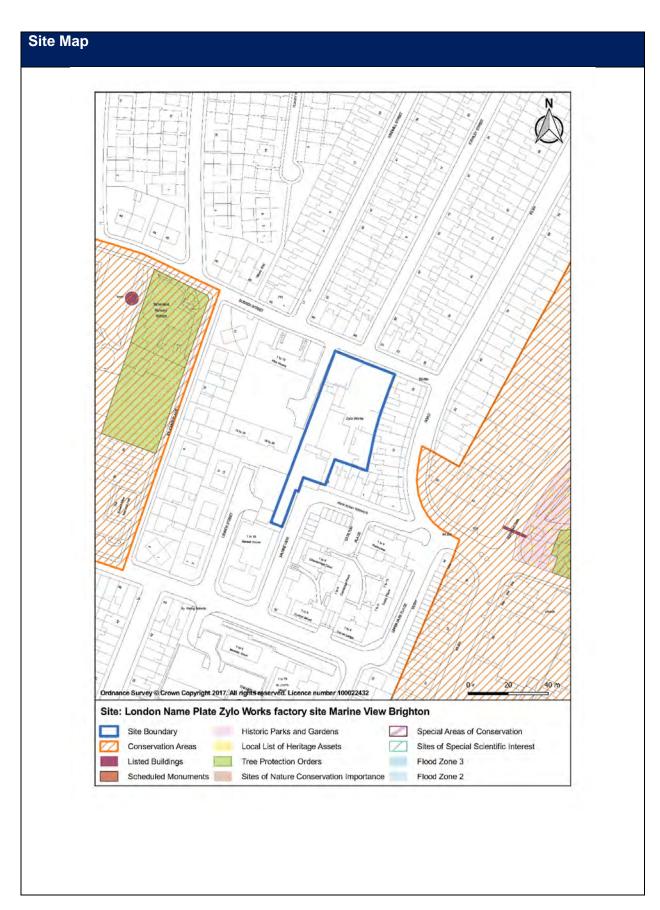
Investigation for potential mixed-use / housing

SHLAA Ref	71
Address	London Name Plate, Zylo Works, Factory Site Marine View, BN2
	онн
Site Area	0.21 hectares
Site Description	Employment Land Review description "The 0.20-hectare site is located on the edge of Brighton centre to the east. The site is surrounded by a residential area that provides poor access along
	narrow, steep residential roads, congested with on-street parking. Whilst the current B1c use remains reasonably compatible in the context of its surroundings, it is not considered an appropriate site for employment use. Whilst the building is of poor quality and in need of refurbishment or redevelopment, the site is fully occupied".
Site Constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental or heritage constraints.
SA2 – Central Brighton	Not within SA2 boundary.
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	BH2013/02532 - Demolition of the buildings located centrally within the site.
Current Occupant	In use as London Name Plate who manufacture high quality, high performance nameplates and labels.
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 32 dwellings to be delivered between 2022 -2027. This would be a density of 152 DPH.
Potential Employment Floorspace Delivery (if mixed-use)	0.2 hectares (2,000m²) site. Surrounding buildings 2-3 stories – use potential 2.5 storeys. Total floorspace at 60% land to footprint = 3,000 m². If this includes 32 dwellings (16x1 bedx50 m²) + (16x2 bedx70 m²) = 1,920m² + 20% circulation = 2,300 m² (rounded). Potential to also deliver around 700 m² B1 or additional residential units.



	·
Notes	There is no indication about the current occupant's aspiration to
	relocate and/ or the owner's intention to redevelop the site in the
	future. The VOA database suggests the property is no longer on the
	rating list and therefore the status of this site requires further
	clarification.
DLP Conclusion	The site appears to be in active employment use by a manufacturing
	company developing nameplates and labels. Given the nature of the
	surrounding area which is predominantly residential and considering
	constraints such as poor access, this could be more suitable for
	residential use.
	As it is in active use, this would require further clarification from the
	owner as to whether there could be future potential for this site to
	come forward as part of a mixed-use development before it is included
	in the SHLAA.





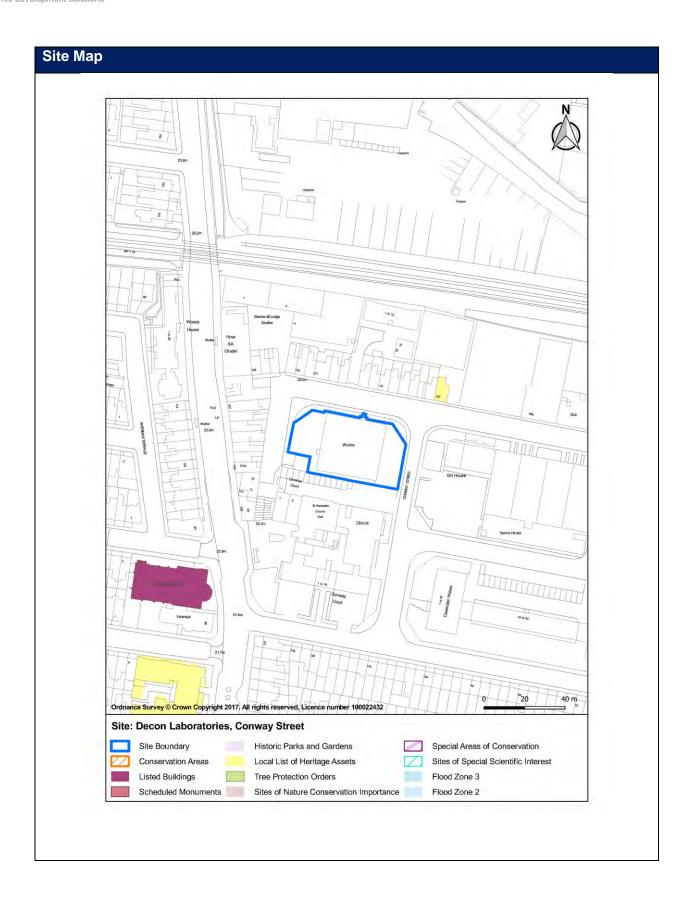


SHLAA Ref	758
Address	Decon Lab, Conway Street, Hove BN3 3LY
Site Area	0.16 hectares
Site Description	The site includes a 2-storey office, light industrial, storage building and
	car parking in active use by the company Decon Laboratory. The
	surrounding area is mixed use including employment and residential
	with varied building heights of between 2 – 9 storeys. VOA business
	rates suggests 1,047 sq. m of employment floorspace.
Site Constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental or
	heritage constraints.
SA2 - Central	Not within SA2 boundary.
Brighton	
Development Area	Within Development Area 6 Hove Station Area
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	BH2014/00657 - Certificate of lawfulness for existing use of the
	building as offices and light industrial (B1) and storage and distribution
	(B8).
	BH2010/03013 - Application to extend time limit for implementation of
	previous approval BH2005/01527/FP for the demolition of existing
	buildings and construction of 3 to 7 storey building to form B1
	business/office and 28no affordable residential flats. Application
	Withdrawn.
	BH2005/01527/FP - Demolition of existing buildings and construction
	of 3 to 7 storey building to form B1 business/office and 28 affordable
	residential flats.
Current Occupant	Decon Laboratories
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 28 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032.
	This would result in a density of 175 DPH.
Potential	0.16 hectares (1,600m²) site. Surrounding buildings 2-9 stories – use
Employment	potential 4 storeys. Total floorspace at 60% land to footprint x storeys
Floorspace Delivery	= 3,850m² (rounded). If this includes 28 dwellings (12x1 bedx50 m²) +
(if mixed-use)	$(12x2 \text{ bedx}70 \text{ m}^2) (6x3-\text{bedx}86) = 1,698\text{m}^2 + 20\% \text{ circulation} = 2,050$



	m² (rounded). Potential to also deliver around 1,800 m² B1 or
	additional residential units.
Notes	n/a
DLP Conclusion	Whilst this site is in active use, given the current low density (including
	large storage yard and parking) and mixed-use nature of the
	surrounding area (largely housing) this suggests there could be some
	scope for redevelopment as a mixed-use scheme. There has also
	been suggested interest in the past given the approved application. If
	this site was to be taken forward, it could be worth reconsidering the
	yield based on the provided ratio calculation, rather than following the
	yield set out in the previous permission.





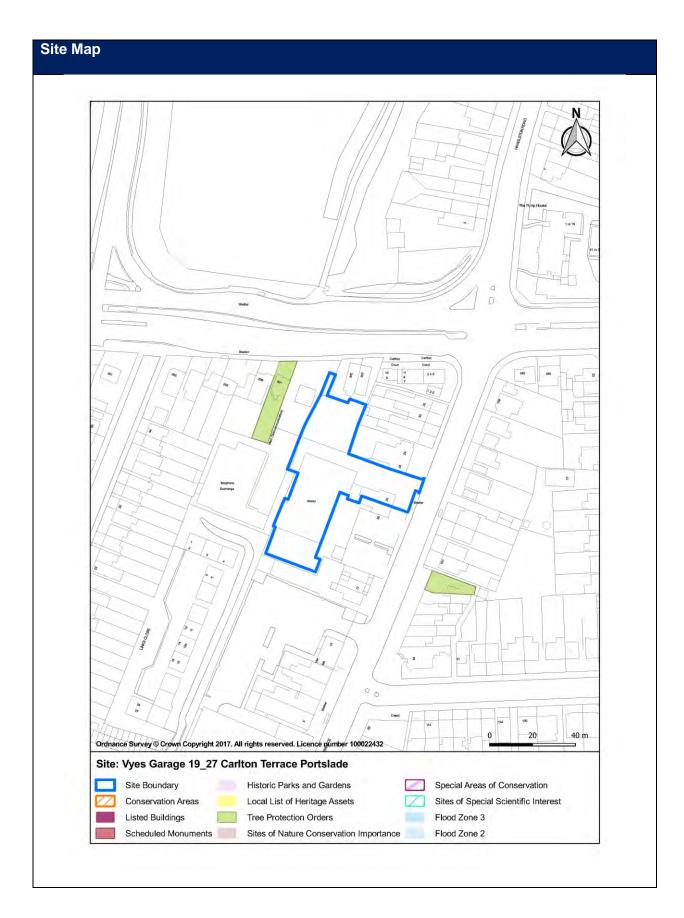


SHLAA Ref	2001
Address	Vye's Garage, 19-27 Carlton Terrace, Portslade
Site Area	0.25 hectares
Site Description	The site appears to include a series of single storey industrial buildings
	associated with Vyes Vehicle Repair Specialists running behind a two-
	storey residential looking property that is use as a car sales building
	with forecourt. The surrounding area includes a mixture of uses.
Site Constraints	The constraints mapping suggests no significant environmental or
	heritage constraints.
SA2 – Central	Not within SA2 boundary.
Brighton	
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area
Planning History	BH2010/03128 - Outline application for demolition of existing buildings
	and erection of 4no blocks of mixed flats/houses totalling 15no units.
	Approved 18 January 2012.
	BH2011/03765 - Demolition of existing buildings and erection of new
	3no. storey block of 41 retirement apartments with communal facilities,
	car parking and landscaping works, erection of new 2no. storey block
	of 4no. affordable apartments with car parking and landscaping and
	associated works. Refused 17 May 2012
Current Occupant	Vyes vehicle repair and Premier Sales.
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 6 dwellings to be delivered between 2022 -2027. This
	would result in a density of 24 DPH.
Potential Employment	0.25 hectares (2,500m²) site. Surrounding buildings 2 stories. Total
Floorspace Delivery	floorspace at 60% land to footprint x storeys = 3,000 m². If this
(if mixed-use)	includes 24 dwellings (9 x1 bed flat x50 m²) + (9x2 bed flat x70 m²) +
	$(6x 3 \text{ bed house } x102 \text{ m}^2) = m^2 + 20\% \text{ circulation} = 2,050 \text{ m}^2 \text{ rounded}.$
	Potential to also deliver around 950 m² B1 or additional residential
	units.
Notes	Should be investigated by the council if any correspondence has been
	received in terms of the previous permission not being implemented.



DLP Conclusion	The previous application in 2010 suggests the site is suitable in		
	principle for residential development and the marketing material		
	submitted though the last application evidenced issues with viability		
	surrounding the current use. Given the location and frontage, the site		
	might be appropriate for a mixed-use scheme. In the future. DLP woul		
	suggest contacting the current owner to gain further understanding as		
	to why the previous permission did not come forward.		

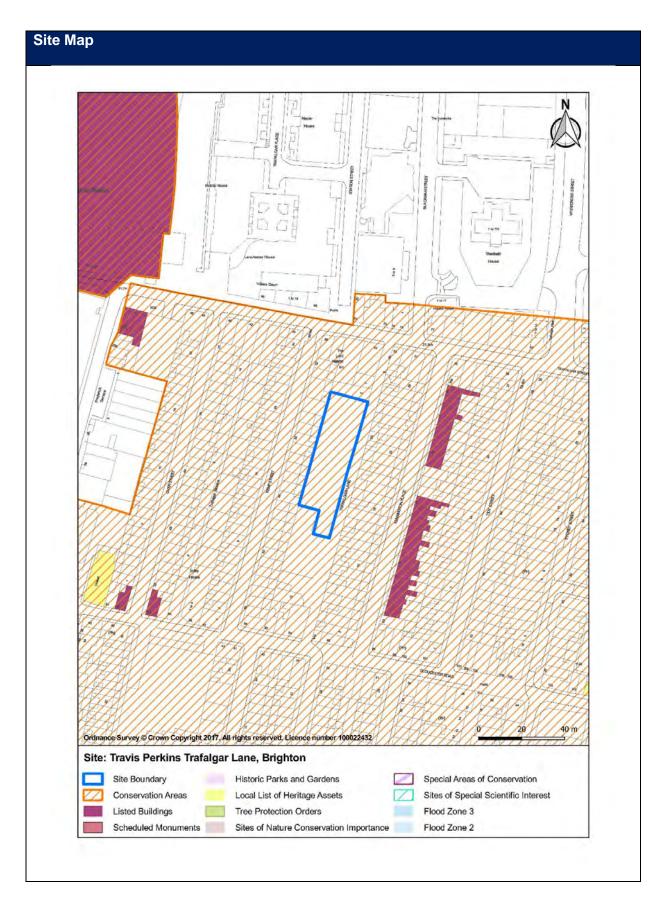






SHLAA Ref	6108			
Address	Travis Perkins –Trafalgar Lane, Brighton			
Site Area	0.11 hectares			
Site Description	The site includes a 2-storey warehouse building and service yard /			
	parking area in use as retail warehousing for Travis Perkins. The site			
	is within a constrained location which is predominantly resident			
	The site fronts onto the rear of properties on Kensington Place.			
	Buildings in the vicinity are between 2 and 3 storeys.			
Site Constraints	Located within the Conservation Area			
SA2 - Central	Yes, located within SA2 boundary.			
Brighton				
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.			
Article 4 Direction	Yes, Located within Article 4 Direction Area			
Planning History	No relevant planning history			
Current Occupant	Travis Perkins			
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 6 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032. This			
	would result in a density of 54 DPH.			
Potential	0.11 ha (1,100m²) site. Surrounding buildings 2-3 stories. Estimate 2.			
Employment	Total floorspace at 60% land to footprint x storeys = 1,300m² rounded.			
Floorspace Delivery	If this includes 6 dwellings (2x1 bed flat x50 m²) + (2x2 bed flat x70			
(if mixed-use)	m^2) + (2x 3 bed x86 m^2) = 412 m^2 + 20% circulation = 500 m^2 rounded.			
	Potential to also deliver around 800m ² B1 or additional residential.			
Notes	Included as a possible allocation. The site was not however put			
	forward through the Call for Sites. Potential residential amenity			
	concerns.			
DLP Conclusion	Given the sites location and constrained nature in terms of access for			
	larger vehicles (associated with delivery / collection from Travis			
	Perkins) this could be suitable for a residential development in the			
	future. However, the site is likely to remain in use by Travis Perkins			
	until it is no longer required/ alternative site is found. DLP would			
	advise contacting the owner to understand their future aspirations for			
	the site.			





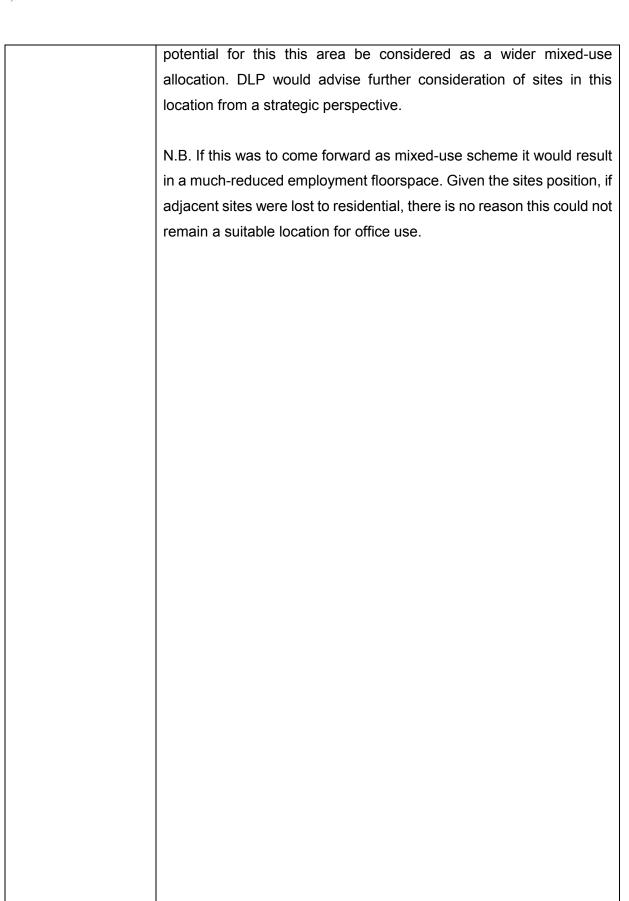


Investigation for potential comprehensive regeneration

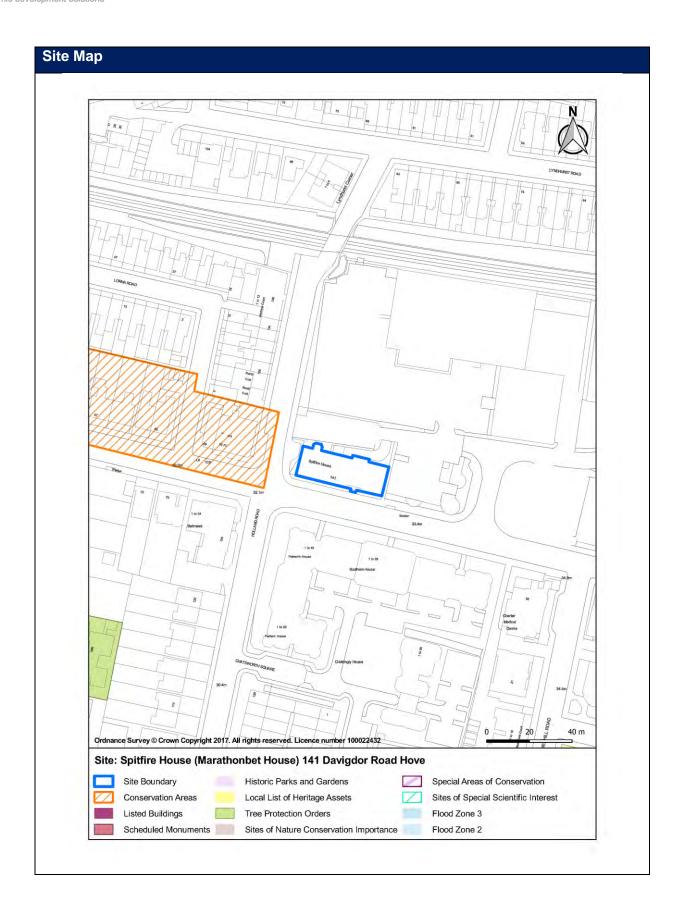
(considering adjacent sites – see also sites considered in the following Call for Sites)

SHLAA Ref	872				
Address	Spitfire House / Marathonbet House, 141 Davigdor Road, Hove,				
	East Sussex, BN3 1RE				
Site Area	0.061 hectares				
Site Description	The site includes a 3-storey purpose built office block (mid 80's) on a				
	corner plot fronting Davigdor Road and Holland Road, and backing				
	onto a car park of a large retail unit. The surrounding area incudes				
	mainly residential properties to the south and commercial properties				
	to the north. The building has a pitched roof and grey aluminium				
	windows and is finished in facing brick. The surrounding buildings are				
	up to 4 ½ storeys. The records available on the VOA Business' Rates				
	database show this building to include 1,397 sq. m of B1a floorspace.				
Site Constraints	Adjacent to Conservation Area				
SA2 - Central	Not within SA2 boundary.				
Brighton					
Development Area	Not located within a Development Area.				
Article 4 Direction	Outside Article 4 Direction Area				
Planning History	No relevant recent planning history.				
Current Occupant	Unknown				
SHLAA 2017	Included yield of 12 dwellings to be delivered between 2027 -2032.				
	This would be a density of 197 DPH.				
Notes	Latest marketing information suggests the property is fully let.				
DLP Conclusion	The site is located within an area previously considered to be Hove's				
	out-of-town office location, but that has more recently been				
	undergoing change with two permitted residential developments				
	including Crest's flatted scheme of 47 dwellings fronting Davigdor Rd.				
	and Hyde's housing scheme. There is also a permitted development				
	application (lapsed) at P&H House and noted interest through the Call				
	for Sites (P&H and Preece House). This suggests there could be				











8.0 CALL FOR SITES REVIEW

8.1 The final analysis section of this report includes the consideration of four sites which were put forward for employment and/ or mixed-use (residential and employment) through the BHCC 2017 Call for Sites. The process for analysing these sites generally shadowed the process undertaken for the SHLAA sample review and secondary employment sites. To analyse the four Call for Sites submissions DLP produced constraints maps and site proformas for each individual site. These are available to view in Appendix 3.

Site Analysis and Proformas

- 8.2 Given the location of three of the four Call for Sites, all of which are off Davigdor Road in Hove (see below); DLP would advise the Council that it could be appropriate to further investigate a potential comprehensive regeneration within this locality.
- 8.3 Along with Spitfire House, as previously discussed, this includes consideration of the following three sites:
 - Preece House, 91-103 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE
 - P & H House 106-112 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE
 - Peacock Industrial Estate, Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1SF
- 8.4 In terms of the other Call for Sites site (the Combined Engineering Depot), this can be considered as a standalone proposal. Within this review, this site has also been analysed through the SHLAA Sample Assessment. As discussed through the previous analysis the site appears suitable for residential use and acknowledging the highlighted constraints, (including the requirement for a large landscaping buffer) the potential yield appears appropriate for this location.



9.0 CONCLUSIONS

- 9.1 Overall this study has provided a comprehensive review of Brighton and Hove's housing and employment evidence which will be used to support the emerging City Plan Part 2.
- 9.2 The objective of the study was to scrutinise the evidence and provide recommendations for improvements to ensure that progression of the City Plan Part 2 is supported by a robust evidence base. The study was undertaken as a series of parallel and consecutive tasks and the findings and recommendations have been noted in each relevant section of this report. The overall conclusions of the study are as follows:
 - The SHLAA methodology followed is generally robust and further suggestions for improvements have been noted in the fine and coarse grain assessments.
 These include:
 - 1. Consolidation of SHLAA information to enable clearer presentation.
 - 2. Regular re-assessment of site yields to ensure SHLAA sites are updated.
 - 3. Review of SHLAA sites to ensure the source is clear and why rejected site have been excluded.
 - 4. Potential to produce specific design studies to inform site yields.
 - 5. Potential for further consultation on Council's approach to the identification of suitable, available and deliverable sites including approach to site yields.
 - The study conducted a review of policy to set out considerations that may inform site density and proposed a high-level approach to the identification of indicative yields. This approach could be applied to the wider set of SHLAA sites.
 - The assessment of a sample of SHLAA sites highlighted the following issues requiring further consideration:
 - Re-assessment of site availability for some sites. The Council should contact landowners/ agents for those sites where availability is uncertain asking them to confirm that at some point in the future the property will



be surplus to requirements and therefore the site will have a reasonable prospect of being available for residential use within the plan period.

- 2. Reassessment of the sites density/yields. In several instances, sites included within the sample had conservative yield figures.
- 3. For mixed-use sites it is also recommended that the employment provision is re-examined to ensure the Council is satisfied with the overall level of floorspace proposed. As with the SHLAA sample, there were instances of conservative employment yields proposed, which could also be reassessed where appropriate.
- 4. It is considered that there is scope within the sample for both housing and employment provision to be increased. This would have a bearing on the need for the loss of employment sites in the future.
- The review of the Housing Trajectory identified some issues that would benefit from further consideration, including:
 - Include a year on year delivery presentation where feasible; at least for the first five years. Ensure evidence on delivery and yield includes an analysis of lead in and build out times and density a8re informed by previously permitted sites within Brighton and Hove.
 - Clarify the application of non-implementation rates to certain categories
 of sites, e.g. small sites with planning permission. Provide commentary
 within the SHLAA specifically relating to windfall allowance detailing the
 methodology and calculation.
- The Council's employment land trajectory has been updated and based on the latest annual monitoring to reflect an updated position in terms of strategic employment site delivery.
- The update has shown that whilst some larger sites have been under-delivering in terms of the level of employment floorspace against the allocated figure (i.e. Preston Barracks); there is still a reasonable pipeline which is only marginally reduced from that published in 2013. However, this needs to be set alongside the overall shortfall



permitted applications).

of employment sites to meet forecast employment land requirements over the plan period and the loss of employment floorspace to residential through permitted development rights. We would recommend maintaining an up-to-date understanding in terms of employment need and supply particularly considering the

potentially losses of office space to residential (through both prior approval &

- All Secondary Employment Sites and Call for sites have been reviewed. Overall Brighton and Hove City Council faces a difficult balancing issue between the competing land demands for employment and housing. Whilst housing issues are subject to greater scrutiny through the plan making process, it is vital that the correct balance is struck between increasing housing supply and supporting economic growth. The Council is well aware of the wider context in terms of employment land supply, the trend for employment losses (through permitted development rights in particular) and the difficulties of providing new supply.
- The default position with regard to many of the secondary employment sites should be to safeguard them for continued use as by and large they were in active use. However, some of the secondary sites could be lost to alternative uses (including housing) and therefore the study has grouped the sites into two categories to enable further consideration by the Council (on a holistic basis). These included those which may be suitable for redevelopment for either housing or mixed use, and those which should be safeguarded under the existing policy CP3.5.

It was also recommended that there were a cluster of employment sites along Davigidor Road which would benefit from consideration as a whole due to the potential significant loss of employment floorspace if these were allocated for housing and the potential opportunities for comprehensive regeneration.

9.3 Overall the Council has a good understanding of sites within the local planning authority area and their issues. It is therefore important that this understanding is drawn together and combined with some of the recommendations set out above and presented in a clear and comprehensive manner.



10.0 APPENDICIES



APPENDIX 1: DETAILED REVIEW OF SHLAA SAMPLE OF SITES

DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH001	653	Queens Park

Site Name/Address

Saunders Glassworks, Sussex Place, Brighton, BN2 9QN

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Planning Application	Permitted Application -	0.23 hectares
	Commenced/site cleared	

Description of the Site

The site has been cleared but was previously occupied with dilapidated buildings and poorly presented yards in use as storage and vehicle compounds. Areas of the site were badly overgrown. The character of surrounding area ranges from two storey terraces to high-rise blocks and includes residential, commercial, retail and civic uses in a mix of street patterns. The terraced houses are arranged over a clearly defined grid pattern in narrow streets, low rise but high density.

Planning History

BH2004/02637/FP - Demolition of existing former glassworks. Erection of a six-storey block of flats comprising 54 no. residential units including 18 no. affordable residential units. Withdrawn.

BH2005/00343/FP - Demolition of existing former glassworks. Erection of a five-storey block of flats, 2 bungalows and 1 house comprising a total of 50 units, including 20 affordable units. Creation of 3 on-site disabled car parking spaces. Refused at committee but granted on appeal 20 March 2006. Reasons for refusal included overdevelopment, impact on residential amenity and an unsatisfactory housing mix.

BH2010/03791 - Application to extend time limit for implementation of previously allowed application reference BH2005/00343/FP for the demolition of existing former glassworks. Erection of a five-storey block of flats, 2 bungalows and 1 house comprising a total of 49 units, including 20 affordable units. Creation of 3 on-site disabled car parking spaces. Granted 18 March 2011

BH2013/02584 - Application for Approval of Details Reserved by Conditions 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 12, 14 and 15 of application BH20120/03791. Part approved part refused 03/01/2014

BH2013/03885 - Application for approval of details reserved by conditions 10(a) & (b), 15 (i)(a) and 19 of application BH2010/03791. Part approved part refused 17/02/2014

AVAILABILITY

Site is cleared. Further investigation recommended to check progress and site owner's intentions.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1

- Not Allocated or located within a Development Area.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking SPD - Parking Zone - Key public Transport Corridor.

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: The site is currently accessed off Sussex Place. The current application was approved as a car free development.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- Historic: Directly adjacent to Valley Gardens Conservation Area. A number of listed buildings also adjacent the site (on Grand Parade)
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential overlooking by the dwellings on Grand Parade and Ivory Place. Buildings in the area range between 2 and 4 storeys.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site is a cleared previously developed site with an extant permission and therefore is potentially available and suitable. There are some concerns in relation to the potential viability of the site given it has had an extant permission for a number of years but not yet been delivered.

Type of Use

Residential C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

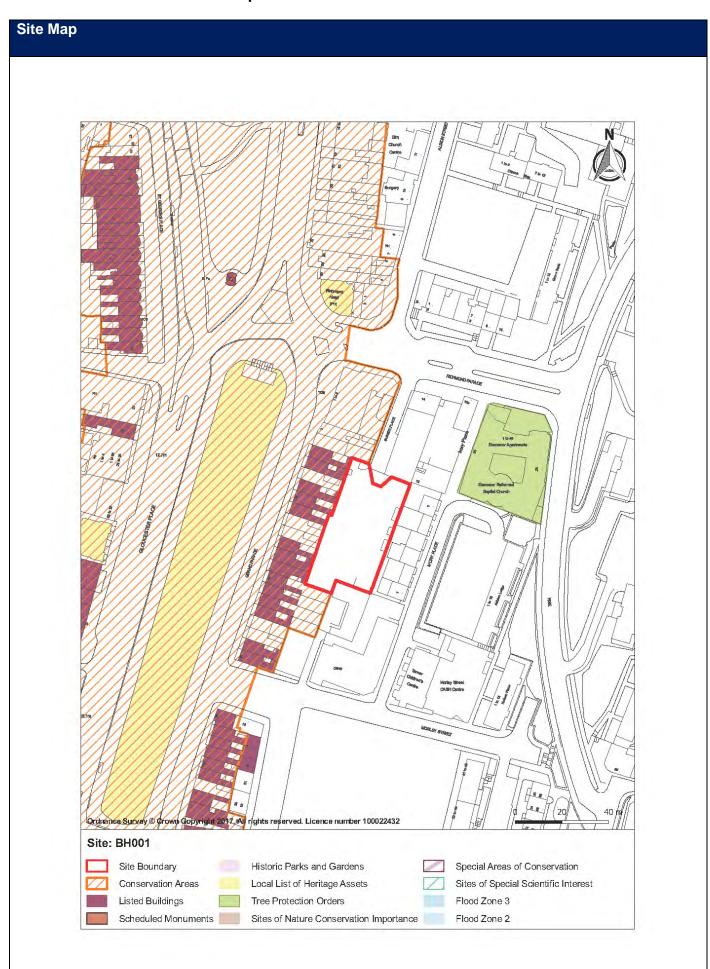
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
49	0	0	0	49

The site yield has been established by the previous permission for 49 units.

Site Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
123 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

The site has been cleared, however there has been no further progression since the demolition in 2013/14.
DLP would agree that due to the description of development the demolition would initiate the consent and
therefore BH2010/03791 should be considered extant. As highlighted above, DLP would recommend that
further information is obtained from the landowner (if not already done so) to confirm delivery timescales.



DLP Ref	Site Ref	Ward
BH002	49	Queens Park

Site Name/Address

Land at 18/19 Manchester Street / Charles Street, BN2 1TF

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Policy HO1: Outstanding Allocation	No planning permission	0.09 hectares

Description of the Site

This infill plot looks to be in use as a private car park. The character of surrounding uses includes mixed, residential and town centre type uses such as retail, bars, clubs and restaurants, small scale commercial/offices and some community uses. Adjacent buildings range between 3 and 5 storeys.

Planning History

No recent planning history

AVAILABILITY

This is a Council owned site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- Not a Strategic Allocation or located within a Development Area.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density

Local Plan Saved Policies

- Outstanding Local Plan Allocation HO1 Recorded at the time of adoption as "Allocated Sites without Planning Permission at 1 April 2003".
- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: Potential access of either Manchester Street or Charles Street.
- Historic: Located within the Conservation Area adjacent several listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues given the surrounding properties east and west of the site. There is also a potential issue relating to the window of the adjacent property to the north. Amenity issues would need to be addressed though the planning application process.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site is a cleared previously developed site which is an outstanding allocation in the Local Plan and therefore is potentially available and suitable. Recommend further investigation to inform achievability.

Type of Use

Residential C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

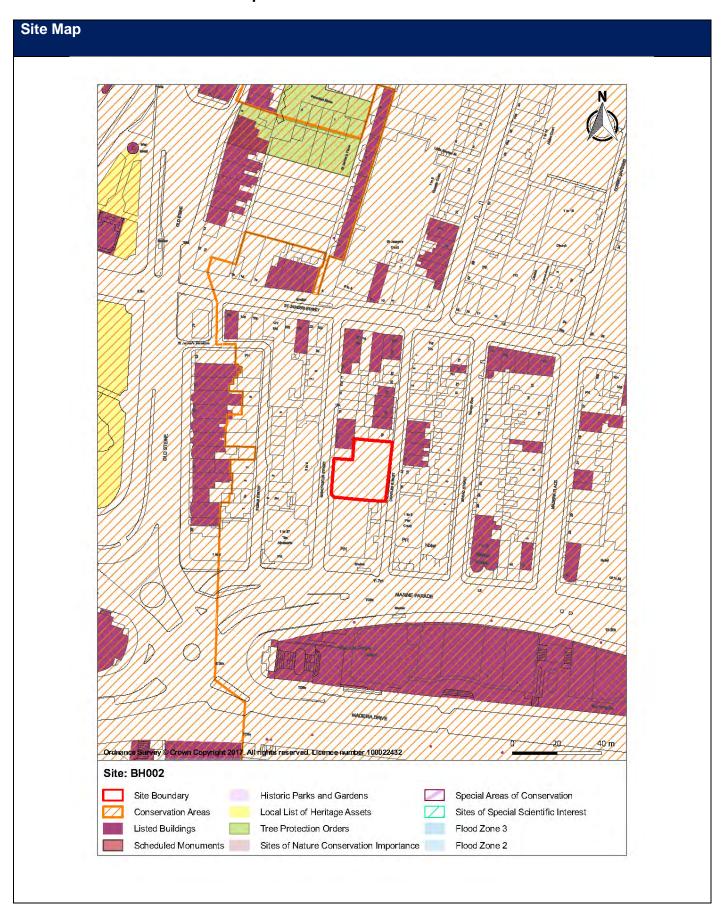
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	30	0	30

A scheme continuing the terraced elevations on both frontages could occupy approximately 70% of the site and be 3.5 storey's in height (like adjacent sites). An indicative floorspace of 2,205 sq. m could potentially support in the region of 30 units (10x 1 and 20x 2 bed flats) based on minimum national space standards and a 20% allowance for circulations space.

Density	Density of Surrounding Uses (if known)
333 dph	160 dph

CONCLUSION

This previously developed site in a central location benefits from an outstanding allocation and can be considered likely to come forward over the Plan period. Given the fact there is no current planning history on the site we would suggest the potential period for delivery is appropriate in terms of being at the latter stages of the Plan period. Given the location and surrounding building heights suggest potential to yield of 30 dwellings, based on 3 ½ storey flatted scheme along both frontages. Potential suitability for low level parking provision given the location.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH003	3	East Brighton

Site Name/Address

Land at Brighton Marina (Inner Harbour)

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Outstanding Strategic Allocation	No planning permission	18.2 hectares
CPP1		

Description of the Site

Brighton Marina is included within the DA2 Development Area within CPP1. The policy includes Strategic Allocations for the Inner Harbour, Black Rock and Gas Works site for a variety of uses, including residential, retail, employment, community building, and health facility. A large portion of the inner harbour area is taken up with car parking associated with ASDA superstore and other surrounding retail and leisure uses (including the Casino and Cineworld).

The character of the inner harbour area includes a late 20th century mixed-use development on reclaimed land, including retail and leisure uses serving a much wider area. Residential development in the surrounding location is largely purpose-built flats in private ownership and the scale and building form in the area is mixed. As it currently stands the public realm is car dominated.

Planning History

Land at Brighton Marina BH2007/03454 – Demolition of Asda superstore to create 3 -10 storey building with enlarged store (3,112 sq. m increase) and 2,025 sq. m of other Class A1-A5 (retail/restaurant/drinking) uses on ground floor with 779 residential units above and community hall and new pedestrian/cyclist bridge link from cliff to roof of building and associated engineering works. Demolition of petrol filling station to create 28 storey building with 182 sq. m of Class A uses at ground floor and 148 residential units above. Demolition of McDonalds restaurant to create 5 - 16 storey building with enlarged drive-thru restaurant (285 sq. m increase) and 131 sq. m of other Class A uses and 222 residential units above. Demolition of estates office to create 3-4 storey building of 35 residential units. Demolition of western end of multi-storey car park to create 6-11 storey building adjacent to western breakwater of 117 residential units with stair access from breakwater to Park Square. Demolition of part of the eastern end of multi-storey car park to create single storey petrol filling station, pedestrian footbridge and new lift and stair access. Total: 1,301 residential units. Associated car parking spaces (805 residential, 666 commercial), cycle parking (1907 residential, 314 in public realm), servicing, plant, refuse, CHP unit, public and private amenity space, hard & soft landscaping and outdoor recreation areas. Change of use of two A1 retail units (524 sq. m) within Octagon to medical use (Class D1). Alterations to vehicular, pedestrian and cyclist access and circulation,

including new roundabout and transport interchange behind Waterfront. Dismissed at appeal - 13 July 2010.

The Brighton Marina Outer Harbour permission was granted in 04/07/06 for a mixture of uses including 853 dwellings.

AVAILABILITY

Unsure about current ownership, potentially multiple owners/leases on site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1

- Within DA2: Within Development Area Strategic Allocation DA2.1 Provision is made for a mixed-use development comprising a minimum of 1,000 additional residential units (excluding the outer harbour scheme), 5,000 sq. m of net additional retail development (A1-A5), 3,500 sq. m of additional leisure and recreation use, community facilities (including health facility and community centre).
- SA1 The Seafront
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP2 Sustainable Economic Development
- CP4 Retail Provision
- CP5 Culture and Tourism
- CP13 Public Streets and Spaces
- HO19 New community facilities

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed use sites

Brighton Marina Masterplan 2008 – Planning Advice Note (PAN04)

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: Main access point off Marina Way roundabout.
- Historic: No listed buildings affecting potential development of the site.
- Environmental: Majority of Site covered by Flood Zone 1 & 2. Adjacent to SSSI. Adjacent to SNCI

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues.

ACHIEVEABILITY

This is an allocated site in the City Plan part 1 and is therefore considered suitable for residential development. Given the majority of the site is in active use, would likely require confirmation from the owner/s as to when the leases lapse and/or when a planning permission is likely to be submitted.

Type of Use

Mixed use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	350	350	300	700

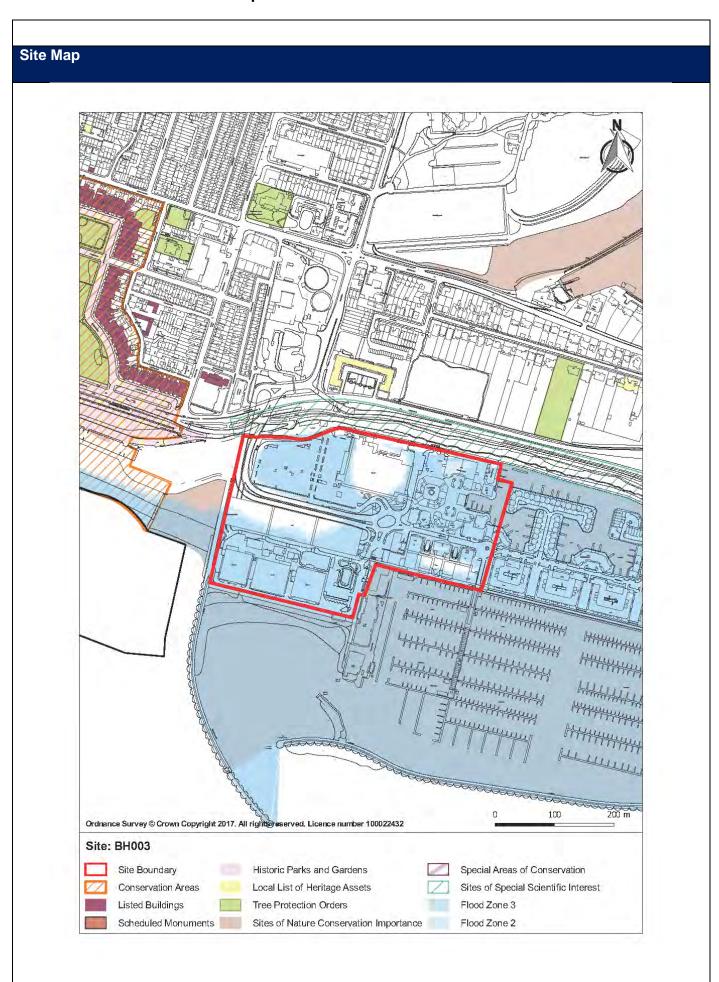
The indicative yield is based on the permitted outline planning permission.

Site Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
Requires ratio calculation	160 dph

CONCLUSION

This Marina site benefits from a strategic allocation in the City Plan Part 1 and can therefore be considered likely to come forward over the Plan period.

Given the potential issues in relation to ownership and the fact there are no recent planning applications on the site, the potential period for delivery is in the latter stages of the Plan period. Review of the yield for large scale mixed use sites is difficult to determine based on standard density multipliers and needs to be informed by the development mix and detailed design considerations.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH004	1	East Brighton

Site Name/Address

Gas Works Site, Boundary Road, Brighton

lanning Status	Size
lo planning permission	1.33 hectares
	(southern section)

Description of the Site

The former Gas Works site is adjacent to the A259 coastal road. The site is predominately used for storage, parking and light industrial uses. Residential uses surround much of the site and immediately to the north west there are a number of small industrial units at Bell Tower Industrial Estate. Two gasometers remain on land owned by Southern Gas Networks although these are not in constant use.

The Gas Works site is a strategic allocation included within CPP1 policy DA2 Brighton Marina. The site is currently allocated for business floorspace, 85 residential units and some ancillary retail.

The character of surrounding area is predominantly post-war residential development with an overall low density, much still rented from the local authority. Built on the valley floor but rising to the north. Mainly two- three storey houses but with high rise blocks of flats (up to eight storeys).

The site is within reasonably close proximity to the Kemp Town Conservation Area which includes a number of listed building important to the historic character of central Brighton.

Planning History

BH2001/00592/FP - Change of use from depot to storage (class B8). Enlargement of existing opening in east elevation to accommodate the installation of a new galvanised roller shutter door. Granted 19 April 2001.

BH2000/01881/AD - Display of three externally illuminated advertisement hoardings (1 x 96 sheet, 12 metres x 3 metres, 2 x 48 sheet, 6 metres x 3 metres) south of existing vehicular access -

AVAILABILITY

The north east of the site is owned by Scotia Gas Networks. The remainder is owned by National Grid Property Holdings Ltd

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1

- Development Area DA2 Brighton Marina Strategic Allocation DA2.C.2 The Gas Works site has been identified for approximately 2,000 sq m of business floor space to the north of the site, a minimum of 85 residential units and some ancillary retail development.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP2 Sustainable Economic Development

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed-use sites
- CP15 Heritage

Brighton Marina Masterplan 2008 – Planning Advice Note (PAN04)

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Historic: There are no listed buildings directly adjacent the site however the site is within close
 proximity to the Kemp Town Conservation Areas and a number of listed buildings therefore,
 development needs to take account of the settings of these within any planning proposal.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- Potential significant contamination issues given the previous use.
- No significant environmental designations directly affect the site; however, the site is within reasonably close proximity to the Brighton to Newhaven Cliffs SSSI.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning the adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site includes an outstanding allocation. A response from St Williams and National Grid was submitted to the City Plan Part 2 Scoping Consultation suggesting the Council reviews the existing allocation and density of the site which according to them would be more viable and deliverable as a predominantly residential scheme. DLP consider that there is scope to increase both the housing and employment elements of this allocation.

Type of use

Mixed-Use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	340	0	340

The indicative yield above is based on the existing site size of 1.33 ha. If building footprints covered 60% of the site and average building heights were 3.5 storeys mixing taller mid-rise flatted blocks and lower density housing., an indicative floorspace of circa 28,000 sq. m could support 320 units (a variety of 90x 1 bed, 120x 2 bed and 10x 3 bed flats and 60x 2 bed, 50x 3 bed and 10x 4 bed homes, based on minimum national space standards and an allowance of 20% for circulation space for the flatted elements.

Site Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
255 dph	130 dph

CONCLUSION

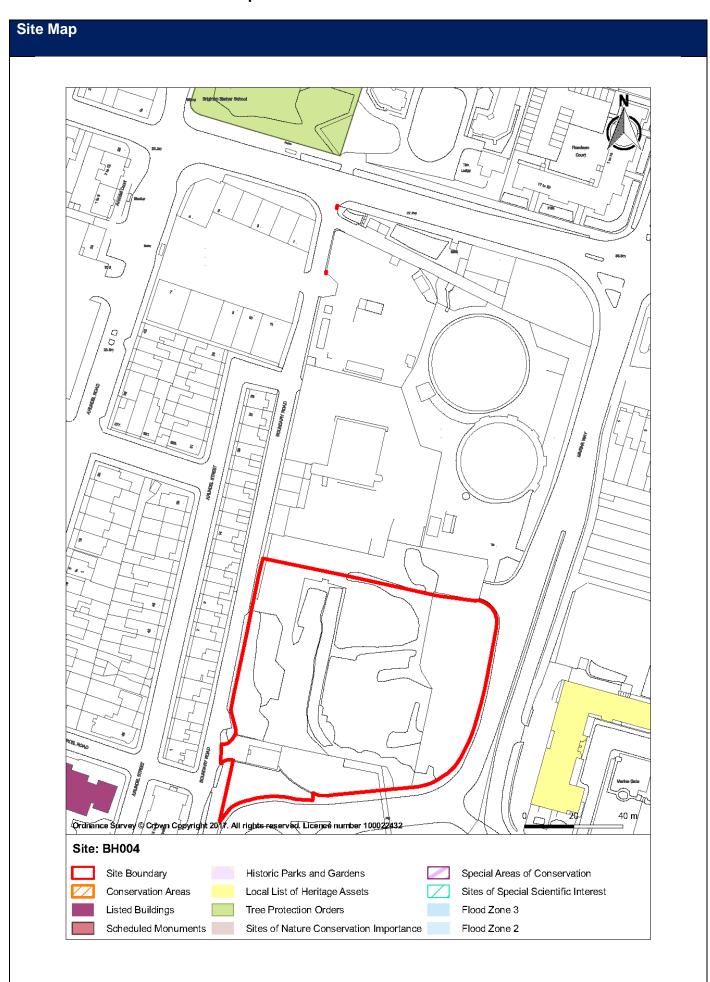
This previously developed site in a central location benefits from an outstanding allocation and can be considered likely to come forward over the Plan period. Given the potential issues in relation to contamination and viability, DLP would agree the potential period for delivery is appropriate but this will require ongoing review pending progress with any forthcoming planning application.

In terms of the potential yield the current mixed-use allocation as it stands is considered to be very low density, especially given the location and that the City Plan suggests 100 dph minimum in Development Areas. DLP would therefore suggest there is scope to retain the level of employment allocated (or even consider increasing) and increase the housing numbers and indicative site split.

If the adjacent Bell Tower Industrial Estate is considered as a comparison this is reasonably low-density employment site of around 0.6 ha and yet still delivers around 1,693 sq. m of employment floorspace (Valuation Office Agency). The larger strategic allocation site area is around 3.7 ha. With this in mind if only 2.5 hectares of land was allocated for housing this could deliver a minimum 250 dwellings. Given some of the surrounding residential uses (towards the Southern End) are mid-rise (6-8 storeys) it is very likely that a mixed housing and flatted scheme would come forward with taller blocks of flats towards the

southern end, stepping down towards the 2 and 3 storey housing and employment element to the rear. Initial analysis suggests a yield of 340 dwellings would be suitable on the existing housing element. DLP would suggest advice sought from the Councils Heritage Officer in relation to the proposed density of this scheme.

It is considered that the Council should seek a larger amount of employment floorspace or reassess the split between uses and overall yield of this site. The policy indicates a minimum of 2,000 sq. m, but based on low density B1c/B2 scheme comparable to the adjacent Bell Tower Industrial Estate, could support circa 8,000 sq. m of floorspace on the 2.37 ha allocation. A higher density employment element could provide a greater level of employment floorspace whilst also allowing the residential element to occupy more of the site, or become a more genuinely mixed-use site.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH005	14	Hollingdean & Stanmer

Site Name/Address

Preston Barracks Lewes Road, BN2 4GL

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Outstanding Strategic Allocation	Strategic Allocation/ Application	3.1 hectares
CPP1 – without PP nb: application	determined at Sept 2017 PC	
determined at Sept 2017 PC		

Description of the Site

The Preston Barracks site forms part of a wider Strategic Allocation within Development Area 3 – Lewes Road, in City Plan Part 1. The Strategic Allocation also includes Brighton University (Mithras House, Watts/Cockcroft sites) and sets out to deliver an employment-led development including 10,600 sq. m B1 office floorspace, 750 student bed-spaces, 300 residential units, Innovation Centre and other ancillary supporting uses.

Existing buildings on site include two Ministry of Defence (MOD) buildings in the northern corner; the Mannock Building and the 18th century 'Napoleonic Building'. The former Territorial Army building is located at the southern end of the site, and the site also comprises a former parade ground and a brick built firing range. At the north-western corner of the site is a 3-storey social housing block owned by BHCC and run by Amicus Horizon Housing Association.

Some current temporary uses have been permitted on site (including A1, A3, B1 and D1/D2 uses). This includes the former Territorial Army building currently in use as 'The Field'; a 'meanwhile use' project currently tenanted by a variety of community and creative enterprises. The other buildings on site include garage units along the western boundary currently occupied for various small-scale light industrial and commercial purposes with short term lease agreements.

The character of the surrounding area includes two and three storey Edwardian terraced houses built on the back of the pavement mixed with employment units, and adjacent to an industrial estate and service access to Sainsbury's at the rear.

Planning History

2017/00492 – Preston Barracks Parcel Demolition of existing buildings and construction of (B1) 7 storey Central Research Laboratory, Student Accommodation (Sui Gen) within 3 blocks of 13, 11 and 15 storeys, 369 (C3) residential units in 8 Blocks with a range between 2 and 10 storeys with associated ancillary development, parking, public realm works and landscaping. Mithras Parcel Demolition of existing building (Steam House) and construction of a mixed use Campus Development consisting of Student Accommodation (Sui Gen) providing 804 bed spaces within five blocks, Block 1 (10 storeys), Block 2 (18 Storeys), Block 3 (10 storeys), Block 4 (12 storeys) and Block 5 (9 storeys), 596 sq. m of services including students union and welfare facilities (Sui Gen), 898 sq. m (GIA) gymnasium (D2), and associated ancillary development, including provision of 13 disabled parking spaces serving the student accommodation, cycle parking, public realm works and landscaping improvements. Lewes Road Installation of new signalised crossroads and T Junction, pedestrian crossings and footway improvements, erection of pedestrian and cyclists bridge crossing Lewes Road. (Outline Application) Watts Parcel Removal of existing Watts House temporary building and erection of a 6 storey (D1) Academic Building for a Business School consisting of 6,400 sq. m of floorspace, linked canopy and provision of 600 space multi storey car park to the rear (maximum 8 storey equivalent height) with associated ancillary development, including provision of cycle parking, access and servicing road, public realm and landscaping improvements. Application determined September 2017. Granted.

BH2015/02789 - Change of use from disused military building (SG) to mixed use retail (A1), café (A3), offices (B1) and community/leisure (D1/D2) for a temporary period. (Retrospective) Approved - 2 September 2016

BH2004/02383/FP - Change of use of redundant MOD garages for storage and ancillary offices (temporary 18-month period). BH2003/02686/AD - Two regeneration signs.

AVAILABILITY

Currently under BHCC ownership.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1

- Strategic allocation within Development Area 3 The city council will work with the University of Brighton and other partners to provide a mixed-use employment-led development comprising a new business school, 10,600 sq. m B1 employment floorspace, including an Innovation Centre; 750 rooms of student accommodation; 300 residential units and other ancillary supporting uses.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

- CP2 Sustainable Economic Development
- CP21 Student Housing and Housing in Multiple Occupation

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed-use sites

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: Two vehicular accesses demonstrated through the permitted application
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Viability issues were explored through the consideration and determination of the planning application.

ACHIEVEABILITY

Given the strategic allocation and determination of the planning application September 2017, the site is considered suitable and available for residential development and deliverable within the Plan period.

Type of Use

Mixed Use

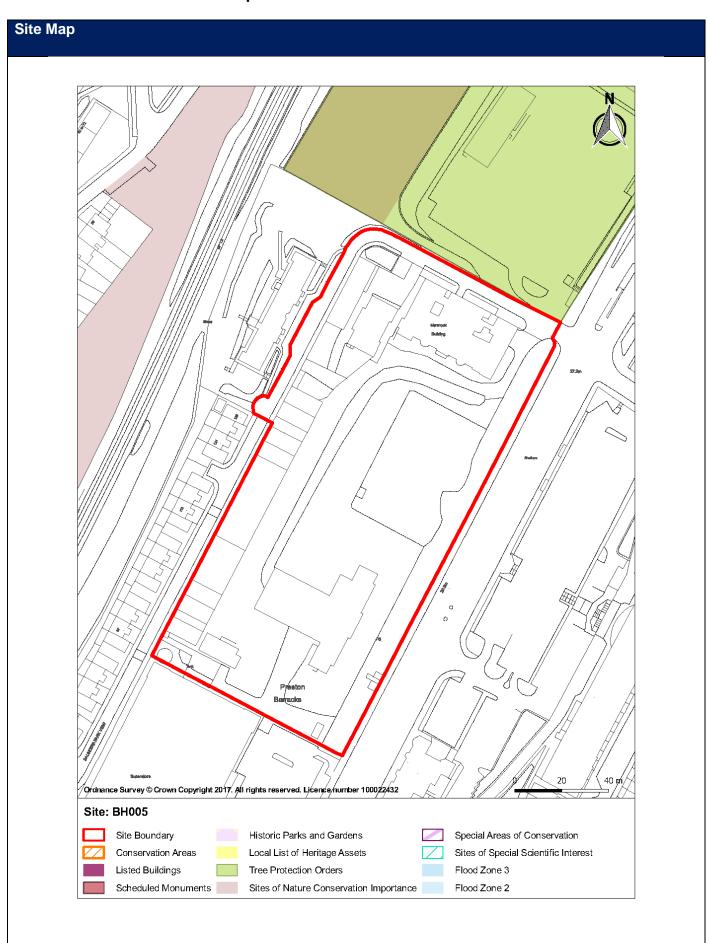
DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
369		0	0	369

Site yield based on permitted scheme.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
116 dph	100 dph

CONCLUSION
This previously developed site located within a designated Development Area benefits from an outstanding
allocation and now permitted application and can therefore be considered likely to come forward over the
Plan period. Given the evidence available, delivery could be achieved in the first five-year period.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH006	6095	South Portslade

Site Name/Address

79 North Street Portslade, BN41 1DH

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Identified Supply – with PP	Permitted application	0.03 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is in industrial use on the southern side of North Street at its junction with Church Road. The site contains 3 low grade buildings let on a short-term basis. They look to still be in use by CB Ornamental & Building Services Ltd. The surrounding buildings are predominantly 2-3 storeys.

Planning History

BH2013/00756 - Demolition of existing industrial building and erection of part three, part four storey building comprising 4no two bedroom and 2no one bedroom flats and office block to East on first, second and third floors with courtyard car park on ground floor. Granted 16 January 2015.

BH2010/03538 - Change of Use from light industrial (B1) to gymnasium (D2) for temporary period of three years. Granted 11 February 2011

BH2008/00824 - Demolition of existing industrial building and erection of four storey building comprising four live-work units, two one bed units, two studio units, with B1 office space to east at first and second floor levels and ground floor courtyard for parking etc. (Resubmission) Refused 28 April 2008. Loss of industrial, density and mix of uses, insufficient information.

BH2007/03233 - Demolition of existing industrial building and erection of four / five storey building comprising four live-works units, three one-bedroom units, one studio unit and one two-bedroom unit; with industrial floorspace to east of site at first and second floor levels and ground floor parking. Refused 9 November 2007.

AVAILABILITY

The extant permission for residential use suggests the site is available for development.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- Within Development Area 8 Shoreham Harbour. Although not a strategic allocation.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design

- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

Parking Zone: Outer Area

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- · Access: the site is accessed off North Street.
- Historic: No listed buildings effecting the site
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site is located within a Development Area and benefits from an extant permission for 6 dwellings. No further information to suggest this site will not come forward within the next five years.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-203
6	0	0	0	6

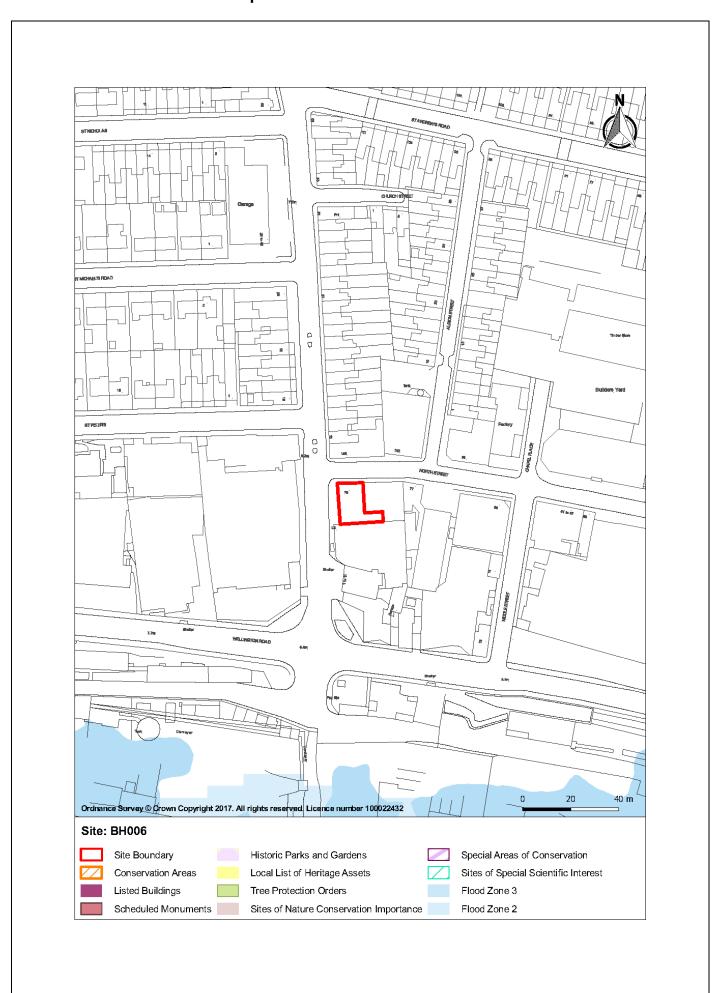
The site yield is based on the existing extant permission.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
200	Unknown

CONCLUSION

There is an extant permission on site for 6 dwellings. No further information to suggest this site will not come forward within the next five years.

Site Map



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH007	180	Hove Park

Site Name/Address

Sackville Trading Estate / Coal Yard, Sackville Road

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Planning Application	Planning Application has lapsed. Pre -	2.79 ha or 5.58 ha
	App discussions underway.	including the coal yard

Description of the Site

The site is situated on Sackville Road close to the junction with Old Shoreham Road. The site currently contains a mix of retail, trade centre and employment uses within a series of single storey buildings.

In terms of the character of the surrounding area the Sackville neighbourhood includes small terraced housing arranged over a clearly defined grid pattern in narrow streets with little tree planting. The area is low rise but high density with good access to services. The area is predominantly residential, however there is a parade of shops to the north on Old Shoreham Road, and retail warehousing and light industrial uses to the east, lining Old Shoreham Road and Newtown Road.

Planning History

BH2012/03734 - Application to extend time limit for implementation of previous approval BH2009/00761 for Demolition of existing buildings with construction of new comprehensive development providing a mix of uses focusing around a new public square, including: an A1 food store, A1 non-food retailing, associated A2-A5 retailing, residential apartments, offices, underground car parking, associated infrastructure works including improved access, servicing and public realm improvements. Granted 28 March 2013. Lapsed 28 March 2016.

BH2009/00761 - Demolition of existing buildings with construction of new comprehensive development providing a mix of uses focusing around a new public square, including: an A1 food store, A1 non-food retailing, associated A2-A5 retailing, residential apartments, offices, underground car parking, associated infrastructure works including improved access, servicing and public realm improvements. Granted 2 March 2010.

BH2008/01554 - Demolition of existing buildings with construction of new comprehensive development providing a mix of uses focusing around a new public square, including: an A1 food store, A1 non-food retailing, associated A2-A5 retailing, residential apartments, offices, underground car parking, associated infrastructure works including improved access, servicing and public realm improvements. Refused 7 August 2008.

AVAILABILITY

Planning Performance Agreement signed in April 2017. Prior to any commencement of new development existing business occupiers would need to be relocated/incorporated into new scheme.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- Within Development Area 6 Hove Station Area Although not a strategic allocation.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HO1 Housing sites and mixed-use sites with an element of housing

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridors

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Sackville Road.
- Historic: No listed buildings affecting the site
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Could be potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The previous application circa 90 dwellings lapsed 2016. According to evidence collated it is understood that the potential development site now includes the Sackville Coal Yard, and therefore potential yield is likely to be much higher and this is reflected in the 2016 SHLAA Update (400). It is understood that an applicant is about to sign a PPA for taking forward Sackville Trading Estate and the Coal Yard and therefore BHCC have included some of the yield within the 5 Year Supply.

Type of Use

Mixed-use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
100	200	100	0	400

The site yield is based on a combination of the residential element yield of the previously permitted scheme and the Development Area density of 100 dph for the additional Sackville Coal Yard Site.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
71 dph based on larger site	61

CONCLUSION

The site is within a Development Area, with no apparent significant constraints. Given the current interest in the site, this suggests it is appropriate to split the yield over the 5-year delivery tranches. Overall yield will largely be determined by the mixed of uses and extent of non-residential provision, therefore yield of 400 dwellings is considered appropriate at this stage.

Site Map Ordnance Survey © Crown Copyright 2017. All rights reserved. Licence number 1,00022432 Site: BH007 Site Boundary Historic Parks and Gardens Special Areas of Conservation Conservation Areas Local List of Heritage Assets Sites of Special Scientific Interest Listed Buildings Tree Protection Orders Flood Zone 3 Scheduled Monuments Sites of Nature Conservation Importance Flood Zone 2

DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH008	933	Central Hove

Site Name/Address

Courtlands Hotel 11-17 The Drive Hove

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Identified Supply - currently without PP	No planning permission	0.24 hectares

Description of the Site

The site includes a Victorian building within a three-bay terrace in a predominately residential area. The property is currently in use as a 3* hotel.

Planning History

BH2010/01159 - Part demolition of No. 25A. Refused 26 May 2011

BH2010/01158 - Part demolition of no. 25A. Repairs and reinstatement of hotel rear Mansard roof. Construction of lower ground floor and ground floor conference room and construction of 15 new bedrooms on first, second and third floors with Mansard roof. (Part Retrospective). Refused 26 May 2011

BH2006/01898 - Underground link room to join North & South blocks of the hotel to incorporate cellar & cloakroom. Granted 29 June 2007

BH2000/01620/FP - Four-storey extension to existing hotel including ground floor function room, 15 new bedrooms with en suite facilities and new escape stair. Granted 21 February 2001

BH1997/01724/FP - New rear mansard roof at third floor level, removal of external staircase, blocking up of two windows, new service link at basement level, new dormer windows, alterations to existing dormers and reinstatement of entrance doorway, wall, piers and railings (retrospective). Granted 26 January 1999

AVAILABILITY

Current ownership uncertain. The site is still in use as a hotel, therefore suggests further investigation required to confirm intentions to regenerate site. Given the property and location this would be a potential conversion rather than redevelopment.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP15 Heritage
- CP6 Visitor Accommodation

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridors

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off The Drive
- Historic: The site is located within the conservation area and adjacent to a local heritage asset (Harwood Court)
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to redevelop the site.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

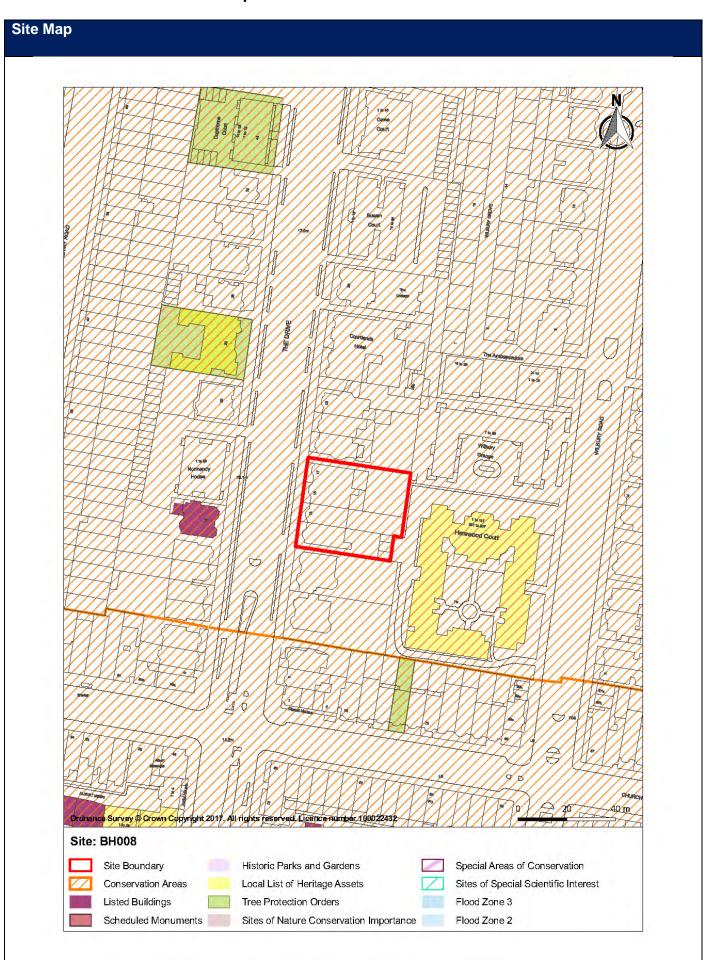
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	23	0	23

The building could potentially be converted and it is considered that the indicative yield from the SHLAA is appropriate.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
96 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

The hotel falls outside the Hotel Core Zone where hotels are protected (as Hove is considered a secondary hotel location). DLP suggest further investigation to confirm future intention to regenerate the site. Given the size of the existing property the projected yield is considered appropriate as is the sites inclusion in the last time phase.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH009	59	Goldsmid

Site Name/Address

Telephone Exchange, 34 Palmeira Avenue, Hove, BN3 3GG

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Urban Capacity Study (GLD036)	No planning permission	0.62 hectares

Description of the Site

The existing use of the site continues to be as a Telephone Exchange. In terms of the surrounding character it is relatively low density, mainly residential with an open aspect on relatively wide tree-lined roads. The site includes 1950's low rise offices and carparking, between the law courts and police station and adjacent to 4 storey block of 60's flats and 1990's town houses.

Planning History

BH2006/00386 - Replacement of four first floor windows with mill finish aluminium louvres. Granted 23 May 2006

AVAILABILITY

Current ownership is unclear. The site is still in existing use and therefore confirmation required as to the continued aspiration to regenerate site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridors

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Palmeira Avenue
- Historic: The site is located adjacent to a local heritage asset (Hove Crown Court)
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to develop the site.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	46	0	46

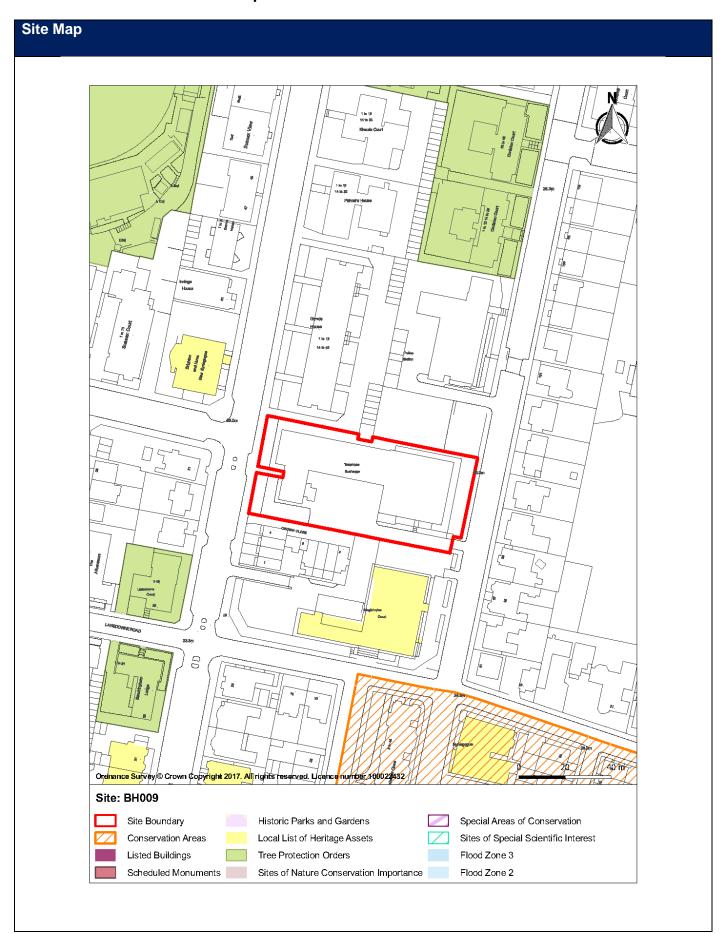
A density comparable to surrounding uses is considered appropriate for the site.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
75 dph	75 dph

CONCLUSION

The site appears to have been added to the SHLAA through an earlier Urban Capacity Study. It is suggested that further information regarding the site and its future potential is sought.

If there is a reasonable prospect of it being available, this would appear a suitable housing opportunity. Given the size of the site and the surrounding density the current yield was relatively modest at 29 units. Even using the average density of the surrounding area this could see the yield rise to around 46 dwellings.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH010	122	Rottingdean Coastal

Site Name/Address

PO Sorting Office, Nevill Road, Rottingdean Brighton, BN2 7JQ

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Urban Capacity Site (RDN115)	No planning permission	0.16 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is occupied by a two-storey building and car parking, which looks to still be in use as a Post Office Sorting Depot. Whilst the building itself is not of merit, the surrounding area includes many listed buildings and an attractive mix of different building forms including a "traditional high street".

Planning History

No relevant planning history

AVAILABILITY

The site is still in existing use and therefore confirmation required as to the continued aspiration to regenerate site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building

Parking Zone: Outer Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Nevil Road.
- Historic: The site is located on the edge of a conservation area.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to develop the site.

Type of Use

Dwelling C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	10	0	10

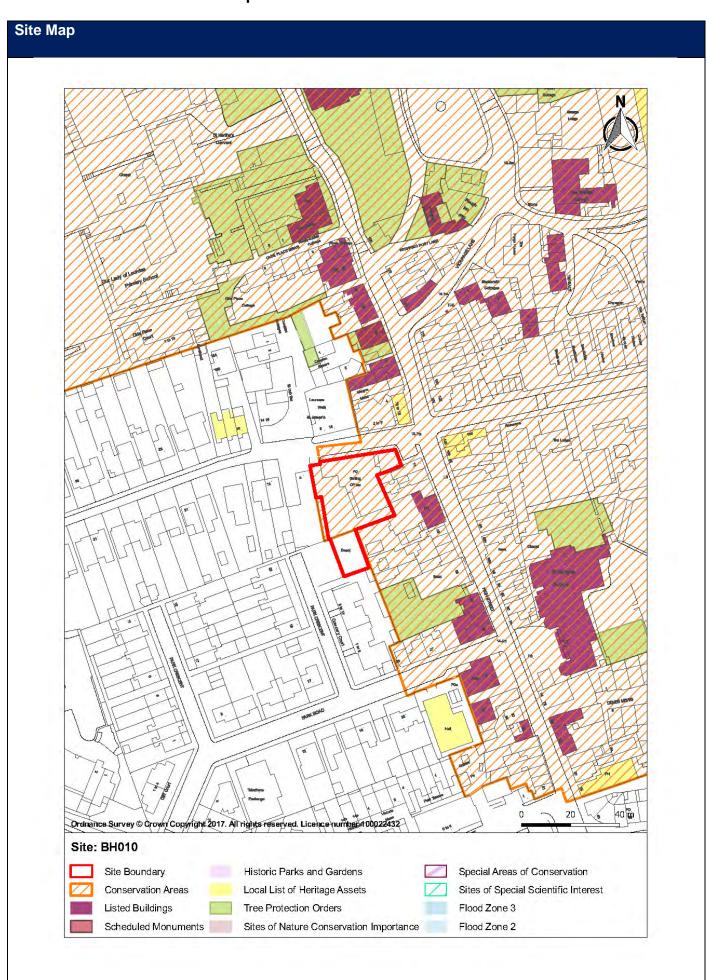
A 2.5 storey flatted scheme with an active ground floor use appears to be appropriate. This could result in an indicative yield of 10 dwellings. This is based on a building of 40% land ratio providing an indicative residential floorspace of 960 sq. m. A mix of 3x 1 bed and 7x 2 bed flats with 20% buffer could yield around 10 dwellings.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
62 dph	33 dph

CONCLUSION

If the site is confirmed as being available in the future, this would appear a suitable housing opportunity.

The site looks to be an appropriate location for a housing site with an element of ground floor retail fronting onto Neville Road. Considering the size of the site and surrounding building form DLP would there may be potential for an increased yield of around 10-12 dwellings. Any redevelopment of the site would require sensitive design given its location within the conservation area and close proximity to listed buildings.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH011	137	St. Peter's & North Laine

Site Name/Address

Corner of Spring Gardens, Church Street Brighton

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Urban Capacity Study (SEV123)	No planning permission	0.54 hectares

Description of the Site

The plot includes a car park and large electricity sub-station. The surrounding area incorporates a range of uses (including a 5-storey apartment block) but predominantly employment uses including adjacent 8 storey office building and industrial buildings.

Planning History

No relevant planning history

AVAILABILITY

Likely to be multiple ownership by EDF Energy and others. Requires confirmation in terms of the continued aspiration to develop the site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building

Parking Zone: Central Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = 0.25 spaces per dwelling

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = 0.4 spaces per dwelling

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Spring Gardens.
- Historic: The site is located adjacent to a conservation area.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent flat block to the west of the site.

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to develop the site.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	0	150	150

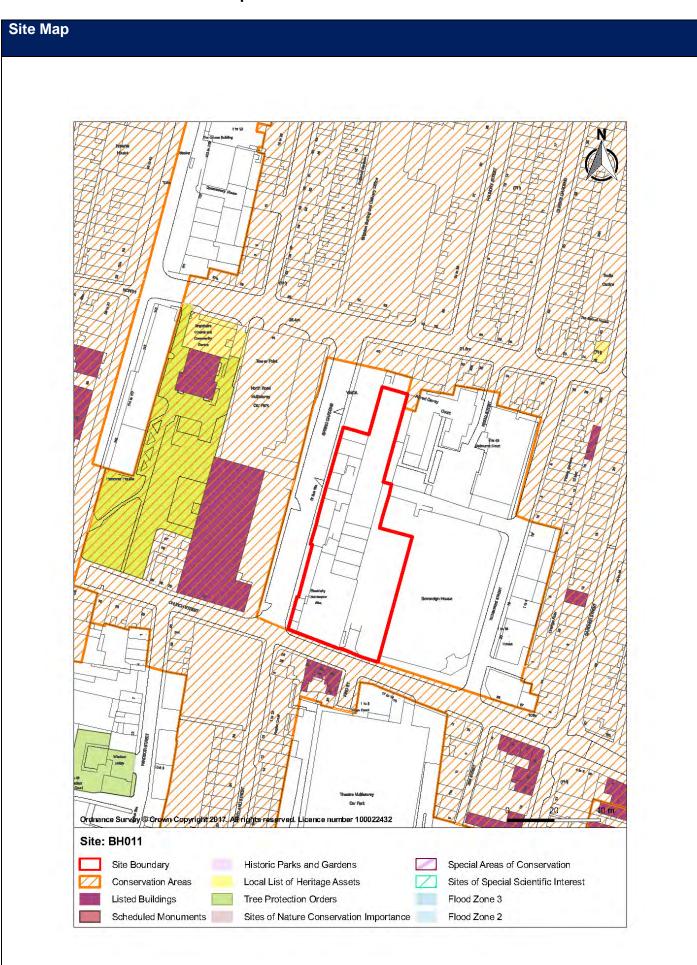
If a 4 storey flatted scheme were to come forward the development could yield circa 150 units. This is based on a building footprint of 70% generating a floorspace of circa 11,000 sq. m. A mix of 90x 1 bed and 60x 2 bed flats could be provided with a 20% buffer.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
277 dph	160

CONCLUSION

As the site is currently in use, DLP would suggest confirmation is required from the owner that at a given point the site will no longer be required for its current use and will therefore be available for redevelopment. If the site is confirmed as being available in the future, this would be a suitable housing opportunity.

DLP would suggest the potential yield could be significantly higher, given its location and surrounding building heights. At just 100 dph this site could accommodate circa 50 dwellings. Uncertain whether the yield of 12 reflected the fact the electricity sub-station should remain. If this is the case the boundary of the site should be redrawn to reflect this.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH012	670	Patcham

Site Name/Address

Patcham Garage, Old London Road

Planning Status	Size
No planning permission	0.1 hectares
	,

Description of the Site

The site includes a single storey building currently in use as a sales and servicing vehicle garage. The surrounding uses are mixed and include employment, retail and residential. Building heights in the local vicinity range from between 1 and 3 storeys.

Planning History

BH2005/06221 - Demolition of existing garage workshop and ancillary buildings (MOT bay to remain). Erection of new 4-bay garage workshop & reception office and site frontage development of 3 and 4 storey flats with 4 x 2-bed, 2 x 1-bed & 1 x studio. (Amended Description). Refused 11 January 2007.

AVAILABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of future aspiration to develop the site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building

Parking Zone: Outer Areas

- C3 Dwellings 1 2 beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors
- C3 Dwellings 3 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Old London Road.
- Historic: The site is located adjacent to a conservation area and in close proximity to a listed building.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Loss of employment

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to develop the site.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	6	0	0	6

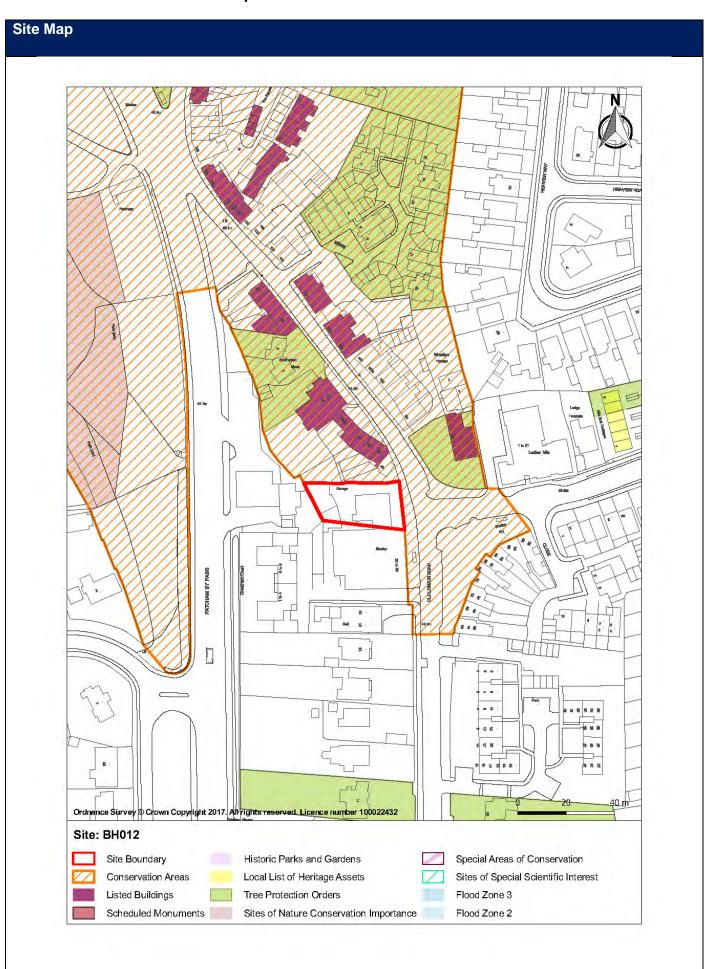
The yield is considered appropriate for the site and would reflect a solely residential scheme rather than the mixed-use permission refused in 2007.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
60 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

The site does appear to be a suitable future housing development opportunity, it would be helpful to have confirmation that this site may be made available for redevelopment within the plan period.

The property sits adjacent to the Conservation Area and a listed building and therefore any future development would require sensitive design. We would suggest the yield for this site is appropriate given the aforementioned constraints.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH013	6148	Westbourne

Site Name/Address

29 - 31 New Church Road, BN3 4AD

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
New SHLAA Site	No planning permission	0.66 hectares

Description of the Site

The site includes buildings in relation to the West Hove Synagogue. A large single storey rectangular building to the rear of the site and two similar large attractive residential looking buildings fronting the site. A TPO covers part of the site. The surrounding area is mainly residential and the site sits adjacent to St Christopher's School.

Planning History

No planning applications.

AVAILABILITY

Confirmation of site ownership and future intentions required.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridors

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off New Church Road.
- Historic: The site is located adjacent to a Conservation Area and Locally Listed Heritage Asset (St Christopher's School)
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- A TPO covers the majority of the site. No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

There is potential for residential development on this site; however there are a number of constraints including consideration in terms of the current buildings on site, the coverage of the TPO and the adjacent Conservation Area.

Type of Use

Residential C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

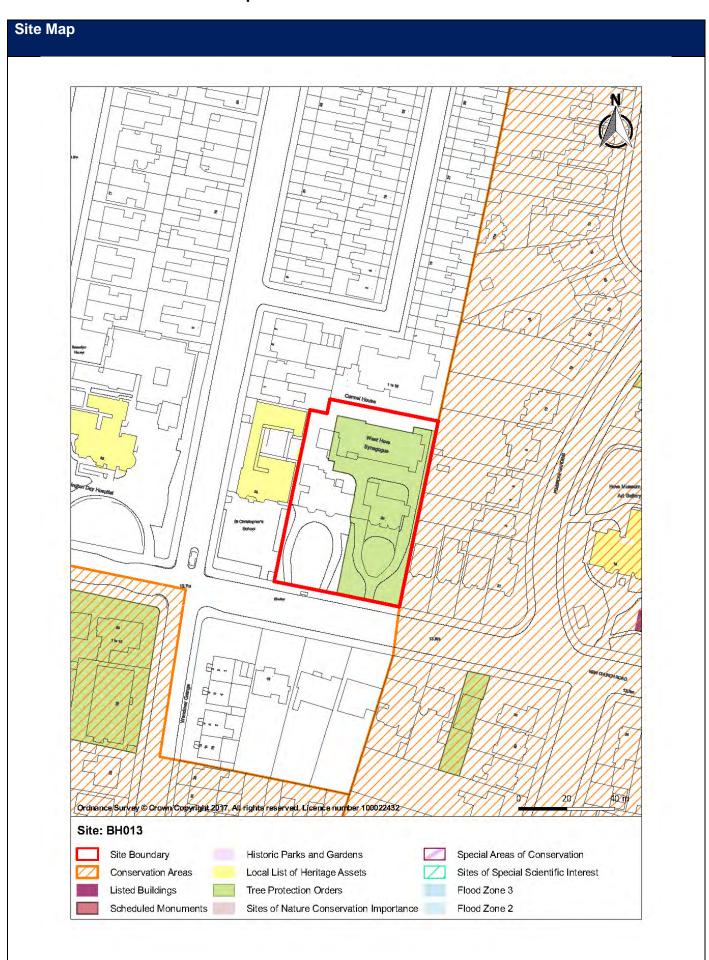
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
2017 2022	LOZZ ZOZI	2021 2002	20021	10141 2017 2002
0	40	0	n	40
	70			T-0

The site has constraints which have been reflected in the indicative yield suggested. This appears to be an appropriate for the site.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
61 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

The site is potentially deliverable, but ownership/availability would need to be firmed up if the site was to be considered deliverable. The site is developable and given site constraints, further consideration in terms of scheme design and subsequent yield is considered appropriate.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH014	6052	North Portslade

Site Name/Address

Land at corner of Fox Way / Foredown Road, BN41 2EQ

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
2015 Call for Sites	No planning permission	0.33 hectares

Description of the Site

This greenfield site includes an area of scrubland, which is privately owned open space in a predominantly residential location. Dwellings in the vicinity are predominantly 2 storey houses.

Planning History

BH2001/02551/OA - Outline application for residential use including associated highway alterations to Foredown Road. Appeal dismissed 10 February 2003

AVAILABILITY

The previous application in 2001 and ongoing submissions through the Call for Sites suggest the owner is keen for the site to be redeveloped for housing.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP16 Open Space

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

Parking Zones: Outer Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- · Access: the site is accessed off Fox Way.
- Historic: The site is not impact upon any conservation areas or listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site has been put forward through the recent 2017 Call for Sites. The SHLAA highlights this site as a potential future allocation. Given the limited local constraints if permitted it is likely to be achievable in the next 5 years.

Type of Use

Housing C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

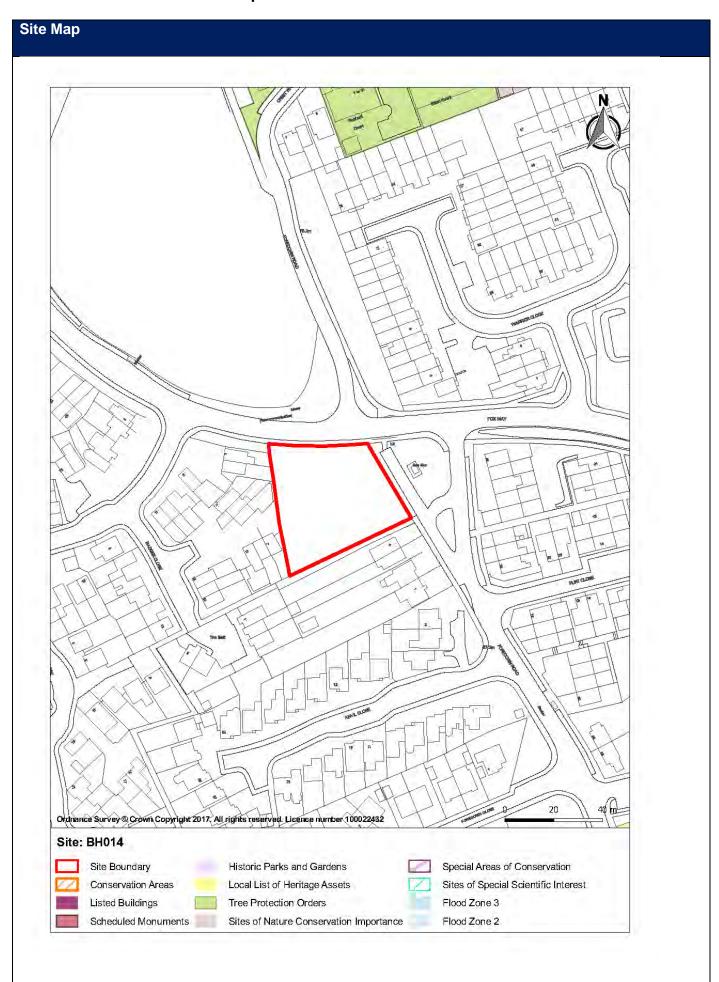
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
10	0	0	0	0

The site is suitable for a low density scheme and the SHLAA yield is considered appropriate.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
30 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

Given the site has been put forward by the owner through the 2017 Call for Sites, the limited constraints and the location within a predominantly residential location this suggests this is likely to be suitable as a potential allocation and has a reasonably prospect of coming forward over the next 5 years. The site yield is considered appropriate, given the location.



DLP Ref	Site Ref	Ward
BH015	896	St. Peter's & North Laine

Site Name/Address

Boots Co-op, 119 London Road, BN1 4JH

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Identified Supply - currently without PP	No planning permission	0.45 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is occupied by a two-storey building currently in use as A1 retail (Boots and Co-Op). The site is owned by Co-Op. The site has previously been identified in the Draft London Road SPD June 2009 as having potential for mixed-use retail, business and enabling residential. The buildings in the vicinity are between 2 and 3 storeys.

Planning History

BH2010/02698 - Display of 1no. fascia panel with internally illuminated logo to Northern elevation 1 no. fascia panel with internally illuminated logo to Western elevation and 1no. internally illuminated high level fascia panel and 1no. internally illuminated projecting sign to Western elevation. Part approved part refused. 28 October 2010

BH2004/03257/AD - Replace existing signage with an internally illuminating fascia and projection sign and an individually illuminating letter fascia. Approved 16 December 2004

BH2000/00479/FP - Riley Snooker Hall Oxford Place 119 London Road Brighton External cladding to roof top office front and side elevation with plastisol coated profiled steel sheet.

BH1999/01219/FP - Retention of installation of refrigeration plant on roof. Approved 18 August 1999

BH1998/00228/FP - Installation of 1no. external roller shutter to front entrance.

AVAILABILITY

Requires confirmation from the current owner as to the continued aspiration to regenerate the site.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- Development Area 4 New England Quarter and London Road Area. Not a strategic Allocation.
- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density

CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building

Parking Zone: Central Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = 0.25 spaces per dwelling

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = 0.4 spaces per dwelling

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed from Oxford Court.
- Historic: The site is within reasonably proximity to the Conservation Area.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential amenity will need to be considered due to mixed use nature of site and surroundings

ACHIEVEABILITY

Requires confirmation in terms of continued aspiration of the owners to develop the site.

Type of Use

Mixed-use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

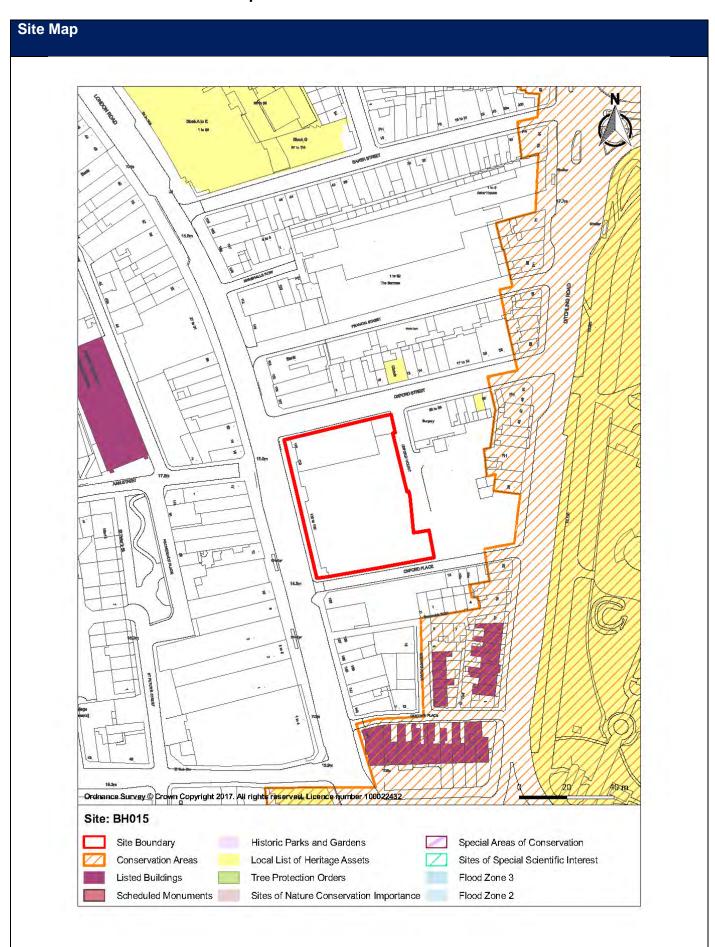
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	60	0	60

A redevelopment scheme could intensify the use of the site and make use of upper levels to a greater extent. The existing building covers the majority of the site, therefore a 3 storey scheme covering 70% of the site with retail at the ground floor (front) could support a residential floorspace of 6,300 sq. m. A mix of 20x 1 bed, 30x 2 bed and 10x 3 bed flats above could yield approximately 60 units.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
133 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

Confirmation regarding redevelopment intentions would be helpful. Given the size of the site and potential building form which would be appropriate (including elements of ground floor retail), the previous yield of 20 appears conservative and could be increased to around double the original around 40 units.



DLP Ref	Site Ref	Ward
BH016	139	Hove Park

Site Name/Address

35 – 39 The Droveway, Hove (Dairycrest)

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
2015 Call for Sites	No planning permission	0.7 hectares

Description of the Site

The site was previously occupied by Dairy Crest depot (B8 Use). In October 2016 it was confirmed that after a detailed operational review, the site is not economically viable and that this site would close with its' operations being relocated. The surrounding character of the area includes large interwar and post war houses on generous plots set back from tree-lined roads. The built form in the surrounding area is predominantly 2 storeys.

Planning History

Pre-application discussions were held with the Council's Development Control team with regard to the proposed redevelopment of the site for residential purposes in the period 2015/16.

AVAILABILITY

Site is vacant

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage
- EM3 Existing Employment

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

Parking Zone: Outer Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off the Droveway.
- Historic: The site is occupied by a Local Heritage Asset.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

No other constraints

ACHIEVEABILITY

It would be helpful to confirm future development intentions with the site owner.

Type of Use

Residential C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	30	0	0	30

The site has been suggested for 30 dwellings in the SHLAA and this is considered appropriate at this stage, given surrounding low density uses.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
43 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

This is a reasonably large site in a relatively lower density residential location and would be an appropriate housing opportunity subject to meeting the tests in CP3.5. Pre-application discussions suggest there is interest in taking this site forward. There may be potential to increase the yield pending design issues and any desire to retain buildings.

The building is allocated as a Local Heritage Asset, therefore we would suggest input from the Heritage Office as to whether the buildings would need to be retained.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH017	6140	Preston Park

Site Name/Address

Territorial Army Centre 198 Dyke Road, BN1 5AS

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
SHLAA addition 2017	No planning permission	2.28 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is located on the north-eastern side of Dyke Road between its junctions with Highcroft Villas and Port Hall Road, opposite Dyke Road Park. It contains a three storey, red-brick, symmetrical building used by the Territorial Army and various other buildings. There are other telecommunications masts already on the building, disguised as two flag poles which sit either side of the building's pediment feature. The area contains a wide variety of building types and sizes, some of which are commercial and some of which are residential. A school lies adjacent to the site on the western boundary. Buildings in the vicinity are between 1 and 5 storeys.

Planning History

BH2015/01052 - Removal of 2no existing flagpole antennas and associated ladders, removal of 1no existing cabinet, installation of 4no new antennas and 2no new 600mm dish antennas within 2no new replica chimney frames, installation of 4no new equipment cabinets and other associated works. Granted 19 October 2015

BH2005/01849/FP Installation of a six pack equipment cabinet arrangement on a steel grille on rooftop with twin mounted antennae on a steel framed polemount with chimney effect GRIP shroud surround, colour to match existing brickwork and one pole mounted antenna bolted to face of brickwork below parapet level. Refused 18/10/2005. Appeal Allowed 2/01/2007.

BH2005/02403/FP 3 no. antennae housed within 2 no. glass reinforced plastic mock chimneys and associated electrical equipment housings with ancillary development. Granted 22/09/2005.

AVAILABILITY

The site is currently in use by the MoD as an army barracks and has some storage facilities. It is understood that site owner wishes to release part of the site for development.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

CP1 Housing Delivery

- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Dyke Road
- · Historic: The site is located adjacent to a listed building
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

If the potential loss of employment land is justified, the site would be considered appropriate for a mixeduse scheme, given the availability of the site as promoted through the latest Call for Sites and the character of the surrounding area.

Type of Use

Mixed-use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	120	0	0	120

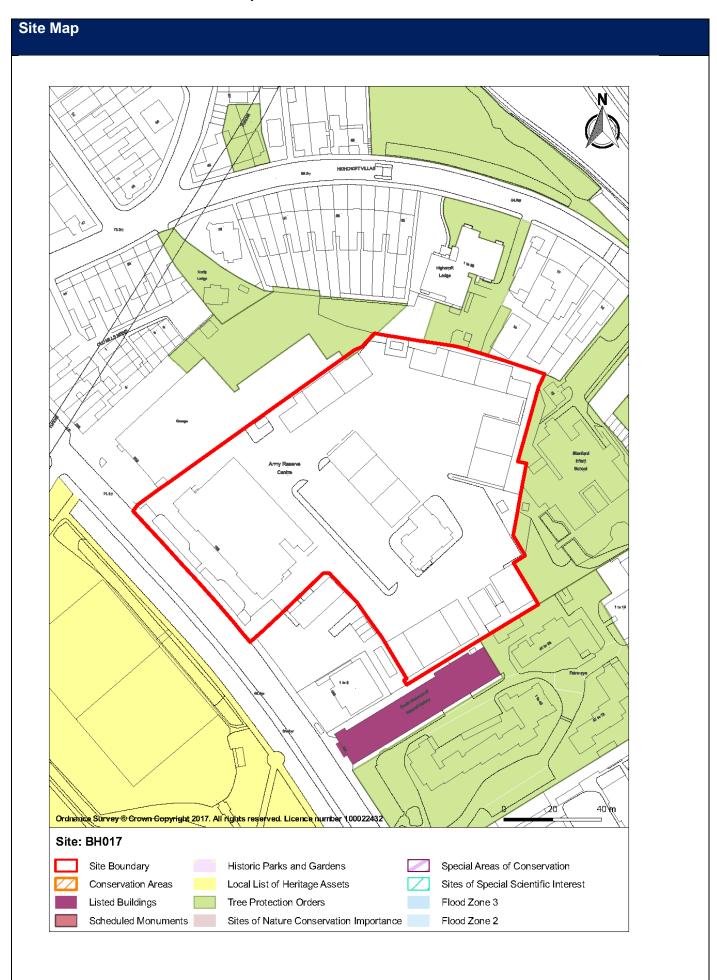
The indicative yield has been based on a scheme in excess of 50 dph. The eventual yield of the scheme will be determined by the extent of the site released by the MOD and the mix of uses.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
52 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

If the potential loss of employment land is justified, the site would be considered appropriate for a mixed-use scheme, given the availability of the site as promoted through the latest Call for Sites and the character of the surrounding area. As no planning application has yet been submitted it is appropriate to include this within the second delivery tranche. The yield will depend upon how much of the site is released for development.

Any future design would require careful consideration in terms of design given the adjacent listed building. The surrounding uses are reasonable densities with historic terrace housing and some 4 storey schemes nearby. Even with a conservative 52 dph, the sites yield could be doubled to 120 dwellings and this could still reflect employment provision within the mix once defined by the Council.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH018	6118	Regency

Site Name/Address

Montpelier Baptist Church (Baptist Tabernacle), Montpelier Place Brighton

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Planning Application	Pending Planning Application	0.16 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is located within the City Centre, in close proximity to the beach front and other services and facilities. The church is located to the eastern end of the site, with an open area of hardstanding to the west that comprises parking space. The site straddles the Montpelier and Clifton Hill Conservation Area (CA), with the eastern half within the CA and the western half outside. The Brunswick Town CA runs to the south of the site. The church is unlisted and has been vacant for some 3.5 years blighted by anti-social issues, illegal squatting and vandalism. Properties in the surrounding area are between 2 to 4.5 storeys high.

Planning History

BH2017/01065 Demolition of existing church and erection of 24no residential units (C3), comprising terrace of 5no four storey houses, five storey block of 14no flats and three storey block of 5no flats. Creation of non-residential unit (D1) to ground floor of five storey building and associated car parking and landscaping.

AVAILABILITY

Given the recent planning application, this site can be considered available for housing.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas
- HE3 Development affecting the setting of a listed building
- HO20 Retention of community facilities

Parking Zone: Central Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = 0.25 spaces per dwelling

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = 0.4 spaces per dwelling

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Montpellier Place
- Historic: The site is partly located within a conservation area and adjacent to listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues concerning adjacent properties.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The application on site suggests the building is no longer required for its current use and would therefore be suitable for housing delivery.

Type of Use

Mixed-use

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

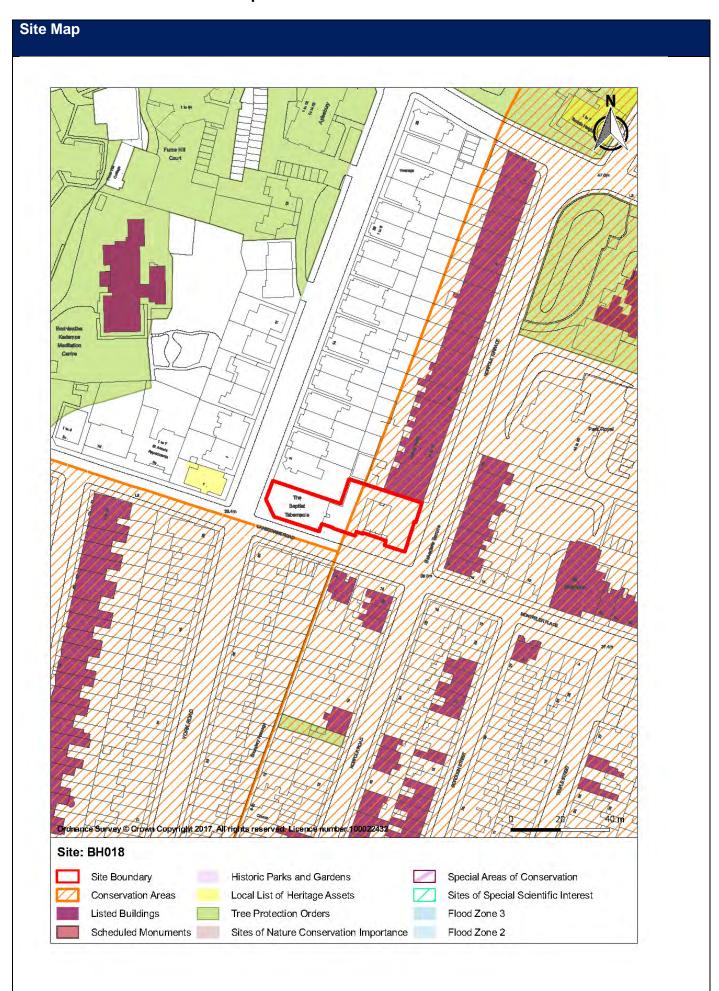
2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
24	0	0	0	24

The site yield reflects the pending planning application.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
150 dph	Unknown

CONCLUSION

An application is currently pending on this site. If the applicant is able to justify the loss of the community facility (through the incorporation of a D1 unit), this would be considered an appropriate site for redevelopment.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH019	6143	St. Peter's and North Laine

Site Name/Address

Combined Engineering Depot, New England Road, BN1 3TU

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for sites 2016	No planning permission	2.19 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is currently in use as operational railway land (Sui Generis) and also occupied by British Transport Police, Colas Rail and Govia Thameslink. The site sits immediately adjacent to railway line (east and south east). The existing access is via New England Road.

Planning History

BH2012/03141 – Reconfiguration of fenestration at ground floor level to provide new fire escape door and new larger windows. Replacement of existing high-level windows and access ramp to front elevation.

AVAILABILITY

The site has been put forward by Network Rail through the Call for Sites process which suggests it is potentially surplus to requirements.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking Zone: Central Areas

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = 0.25 spaces per dwelling

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = 0.4 spaces per dwelling

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed via New England Road.
- Historic: The site is not located within a conservation area and does not impact upon any listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential amenity: Given the sites location adjacent the railway, if it were to come forward it would require a significant buffer to mitigate against noise.

ACHIEVEABILITY

If the land is surplus for requirements and vacated and the appropriate landscaping buffer could be designed into any scheme this would appear appropriate for residential development. Suggested as an appropriate allocation.

Type of Use

Housing - C3

DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	90	0	0	90

The proposed Call for Sites yield is considered appropriate given the requirements for landscape buffers adjacent to the railway lines.

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)	
41 dph	Unknown	

CONCLUSION

Acknowledging the highlighted constraints, the site is considered suitable for housing development given the appropriate mitigation. The potential yield (indicated in Call for Sites exercise) appears appropriate considering the potential landscaping buffer which will likely be required.



DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH020	6099	Goldsmid

Site Name/Address

P & H House 106-112 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for Sites 2017	No planning permission	0.15 hectares (based on building footprint)

Description of the Site

The site includes a multi-storey office building (incorporating around 4,200 sq. m of B1a floorspace) and associated car parking. The building is set back off Davigdor Road. The land-uses in the surrounding vicinity include office, warehousing and residential of between 1 and 3 storeys. Preece House (a 3-storey office block) sits to the east of the site and is also included within the SHLAA as a separate site.

Planning History

BH2014/03006 - Prior Approval for change of use from offices (B1) to residential (C3) to form 57no flats. Permission lapsed.

AVAILABILITY

The site is currently in use; however, the recent Call for Sites submission suggests the owner is looking into redevelopment opportunities.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part 1:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

Parking Zone: Key Public Transport Corridor

C3 Dwellings 1 - 2 beds = Car parking: 0.5 spaces per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

C3 Dwellings 3 - 4+ beds = Car parking: 1 space per dwelling plus 1 space per 2 dwellings for visitors

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Davigdor Road.
- Historic: The site is not located within a conservation area and does not impact upon any listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Loss of employment.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site has been submitted as a residential development opportunity in the 2017 Call and Sites and previously benefited from a prior approval to convert the offices to residential. A mixed-use scheme could be appropriate in this location.

Type of Use

Mixed use – Residential C3 and Employment B1

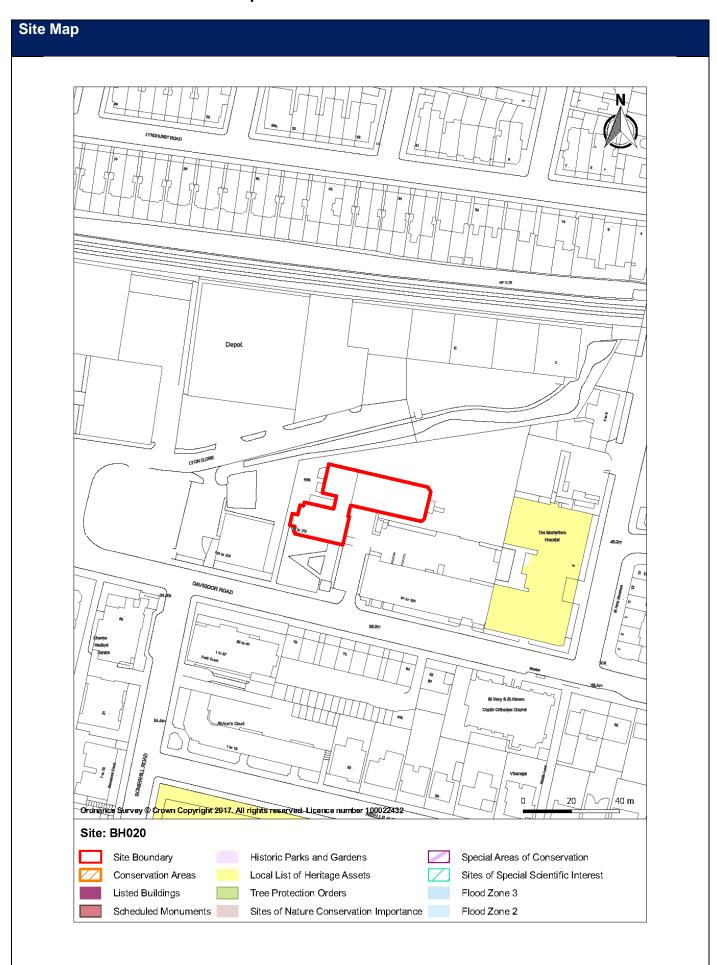
DELIVERY: SHLAA Potential Yield

2017-2022	2022-2027	2027-2032	2032+	Total 2017-2032
0	0	0	0	0

Density	Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)
dph	80

CONCLUSION

The site has been submitted as a mixed residential and employment development opportunity in the 2017 Call and Sites and previously had a permitted prior approval to convert the offices to residential (which has since lapsed). The issue here relates to the loss of employment land – the office is currently in use. If the Council are able to justify the loss of employment in this location the site could be suitable for a mixed-use scheme However as highlighted within the Council's site proforma the layout of existing office building may constrain effective conversion. It is considered that the site should be considered alongside other employment sites in this location as part of a comprehensive redevelopment or simply safeguarded for continued employment use. Therefore, at this point it was considered inappropriate to provide a potential yield.





APPENDIX 2: EMPLOYMENT LAND DELIVERY TRAJECTORY

Site Details Developmen	Ref	Site Name											Developer/ landowner			Deliverability Cumulative or		Economic Viability /					Overall		2017-202			2022 - 202			027-2032	Overall	
Area				City Plan? (Y/N)	(Y/N)	Total		Industrial (B1c/B2/B8	Occupation)	Light	Status	c Light	Aspirations	c Light	Availability			Attractiveness of c	affi Active marketing/ known developer ght interest?		Viability Factors	Traffi c Light	Deliverability			Industrial (B1c/B2/ B8)			Industrial (B1c/B2/ B8)		Offices Industrial B1a/b) (B1c/B2/ B8)	Assessmen t	DLP Comments
DA2 Brighton Marina	DA2.C. 2.	. Gas Works site	0.44	Y	N	2,000	1,000	1,000	Multiple ownership (joint venture)		Within Development Area Without PP		St Williams Homes (SWH) Joint Venture Company plans to regenerate the Gas Works but according to their CPP2 Scoping Response are querying the business allocation.		Available in Future	Costs associated with decommissioning of gas holders & contamination estimated £1.5 - 2.0 million	Ambei	Existing low grade An garages & workshops occupy part of site; adjoins Bell Tower Industrial Estate	nber See Developer/ landowner aspirations	Green	Representations from landowner indicate current development mix is unviable & seek deletion of employment allocation.	Amber	Marginal/ Uncertain	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,000	1,000 1,000	future, but	Allocation includes 2,000m² B1a-B1c (split between). Notes suggests SWH promoting site for just residential. Site formally allocated to deliver 2,000 m² employment. Advise reconsidering potential yield for both greater housing & employment density.
DA3 Lewes Road	1	Preston Barracks & Brighton University	4.5	Y	Y	4,902 1,896			Multiple ownership		Development Area with PP		Redevelopment considerations began July 2014. PP Sept 17 subj to legal agreements. Demolition planned Nov 17 construction - spring 18.		Available now	Potential contamination associated with former military use, & cost of reproviding MoD facility on site.	Amber	Positioned with City's academic corridor with prominent frontage onto main road; close to Uni.	See Developer/ landowner aspirations	Green	Applicant argued 10,600m² B1 incl. innovation centre was not viable PP Granted Sept 2017.	Green	Deliverable	4,902		948	0	0	0	0	0 0	deliverable	Figures amended to reflect approved application. Delivery trajectory in keeping with the SHLAA. (September 2017) BH201/00492
	2 2	. Woollards Field South	0.79	Ť	Y	1,896	948	948	Single ownership, no occupiers		Development Area with PP		Permission Granted Jan 2016 - South East Coast Ambulance Services for Make Ready Centre	t	Available	None identified	Green	High profile site on A27; isolated from existing employment areas	for Make Ready Centre	Green	Unknown	Green	Deliverable	1,896	948	948	U	U	o o	U	0 0	deliverable	Updated to reflect commercial monitoring. As includes elements of B1/B2/B8 split between the uses.
DA4 New	3	. Falmer Released Land, Former Falmer High School	0.36	Y	N	0	0	0																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		City Plan Part 1 - Redevelopment for some or all of a range of uses including housing, purpose built student accommodation, offices (B1) and/or educational use. Take up by variety of small
England Quarter & London Road	1	Point, Elder Place	0.28		V	2.050	3,059		Oin als	A b	Development	0	Annual prosted for	0 1	A ilabla ia	Naga idagaiffe d	Croon	City and the	Futural accession in a	Amba	Unknown	n/a	Deliverable	3,059	2.050	0	0	0		0		Aveilable in	businesses, policy requires no net loss of floorspace.
Area		b) Trade Warehousin g (Longley Industrial Estate)	0.26	'		3,009	3,009		Single ownership, multiple tenants	Amber	Development Area with PP		Appeal granted for redevelopment including gain in employment floor space - speculative scheme however and existing occupiers.		Available in Future	None identified	Green	City centre location close to facilities and amenities; high profile location close to rail link.	een Extant permission. Reps indicate interest in redevelopment, but also scope for alternative uses	Anibe	UINIUWII	IVa	Deliverable	3,009	3,039	Ü		Ü	Ü			the future &	Additional floorspace added despite application granted 2016/17 to be consistent with other sites (i.e. Preston Barracks). Only includes floorspace increase not COU as going directly between employment uses.
		c) Richardson's Scrapyard and Brewers Paint Merchant		Y	N	3,000			Multiple ownership		Development Area without PP		Indication of market interest in 2015. A number of calls about potential alternative uses, however no preapp/ planning app has come forward since.		Available in Future	None identified	Green	City centre location close to facilities and amenities; high profile location close to rail station.	lnterest shown for a range of alternative uses.		r Unknown		Deliverable	0	0	0	3,000	3,000		0		the future & deliverable	No further applications/ pre app discussions but remains in the pipeline (as per City Plan). In line with the 2016 SHLAA for delivery between 2022-2027.
		Cheapside (south	0.16	Y	N	2,000	2,000	0	Unknown		Development Area without PP	Amber	Unknown	Amber	Unknown	None identified	Green	City centre location close to facilities and amenities; high	nber Unknown	Ambe	Unknown	Amber	Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,000		deliverability unknown	No further permissions to indicate level of potential. Whilst availability and deliverability is unknown would.
		e) Blackmar Street Site	0.11	Y	Y	7,523	7,523	0	Single ownership, no occupiers		Development Area with planning permission	Green	Application granted for office development 23/03/17	Green	Available	None identified	Green	City centre location close to facilities & amenities; high profile location close to rail link.	een Commercial Application granted: 23/03/17	Green	Permission for more than policy minimum - no deliverability/ viability issues raised at PA stage.	Green	Deliverable	7,523	7,523	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		deliverability is unknown would \$106 signed; Proposed employees 680. Recorded in the commercial monitoring as 7,523m² (not 5,445m²)
		f) Block J Brighton Station Site	0.44	Y	Y	2,460	2,460	0	Multiple ownership		Development Area with PP		Advanced proposals for Sussex Innovation Centre (SInC), LEP support via Growing Places Fund	Green	Available	None identified	Green	City centre location close to facilities/ amenities; high profile location close to rail link.	Developer interest and funding in place	Green	Viability factors overcome via public sector funding	Green	Deliverable	2,460	2,460	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		Floorspace amended based on Non-material amendments.
		g) Block K Brighton Station Site	0.07	Υ	Υ	0	0	0																0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		Now complete - 3,428 sqm B1a.
		h) GB Liners site, Blackman Street	s 0.08	Y	N	3,327	3,327	0	Single ownership, single occupier		Development Area without PP (previous PP lapsed)		Developer interested in buying site for non B1 use however lease may be cost factor.		Available in Future	No major cost factors identified	Green	Prominent location, close to rail link, city centre, and New England Quarter regeneration area	een Unknown	Ambe	r Unknown		Marginal/Unce rtain	0	0	0	3,327	3,327	0	0	0 0	Available, but deliverability marginal/ uncertain	Previous renewal application has lapsed. As no permission pushed back to the later monitoring period and used previous PP floorspace figures.
	DA4.C. 2.	. New England House, New England Road	0.27	Y	N				Unknown		Development Area without PP		Ongoing discussions with BHCC in relation to potential development.		Available in Future	Unknown	Ambei	Prominent location, close to rail link, city centre, and New England Quarter regeneration area	See Developer/ landowner aspirations	Ambe	r Unknown		Marginal/ Uncertain	1,000		0	0	0	0	0	0 0	Available, but deliverability marginal/ uncertain	Options are being considered for increasing employment floorspace at NEH/ in conjunction with Longley Industrial Estate. Net increase is anticipated.
	DA4.C.	. 125-163 Preston Road	2.02	Υ	Y	1,413	1,413	0	Multiple ownership		Development Area with PP		Application granted for mixed-use scheme on part of DA4.C.3	Green	Available	None identified	Green	Unknown An	nber Applicant indicated commercial will impact viability; suggesting rental values in Preston Rd wouldn't support a office of 3,000 m²	i	r Application granted subject to s106.	Green	Available and Deliverable	1,413	1,413	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		Vacant for approximately 30 years therefore no need to consider loss. In line with the delivery as set out in the SHLAA.
DA5 Easterr Road & Edward Street Area	DA5.C. 2.	Edward Street Quarter	1.93	Y	N	20,000	20,000	0	New owner - FirstBase and Patron Capital		Development Area without PP, but with Planning Brief (Feb 13). Pre App talks Mar 17		Pre-let will be necessary to secure upper end of floorspace range set out in policy.		Available	None identified	Green	Prominent location, adjoining new American Express HQ building	Pre-App discussion suggest concern with viability unless pre-let of upper end of floorspace range set out in policy.	Ambe	Planning Brief indicates Phase 1 target 21,000m2 B1a. Part of a mixed-use scheme which is viable/ deliverable. Discussions with new landowner suggest preference for flexibility between floorspace & proposed uses to assist viability.		Available and Deliverable in the future	0	0	0	15,000	15,000	0	5,000	5,000 0		2016 SHLAA phased 2016- 2021 and 2021-26. Currently added to the 2nd delivery tranche.
	DA5.C.	Circus Street Site - BH2013/034 61	0.75	Y	Y	3,200	3,200	0	Multiple ownership		Development Area with PP		Mixed-use development granted 19 Mar15	Green	Available	None identified	Green	Prime location with potential as high profile site. Would require full redevelopment but potentially a very attractive site for new business premises	een See Developer/ landowner aspirations	Green	i Unknown	Green	Deliverable	3,200	3,200	0	0	0	0	0	0 0		Scheme underway; construction of office element due to commence 2018

Site Details Development Ref Area	f Si									& Traffic Planning Light Status	Traffi c	i Developer/ landowner Aspirations		Overall Availability		Traff c	i Economic Viability /	/ Market Factors	Fraffi	Viability Factors Traf		verall eliverability		017-202 Offices		Total	2022 - 2 Offices		l Total	2027-20 Offices		Overall Assessmen	DLP Comments
				(Y/N)	(<i>)</i>	0		(B1c/B2/B8			Light		Light	,			Attractiveness of c	known developer		c Ligh		,			(B1c/B2/ B8)			(B1c/B2/ B8)			(B1c/B2/ B8)		
4	Ro Bu Pa Ga Ha	reshfield oad usiness ark and ala Bingo	3.13	Y	N	0	0	U															0	0	0	0			0				No further commercial data.
DA6 - Hove DA6 Station Area 1	St In	onway treet dustrial rea	3.44	Y	N	1,000	1,000	0	Multiple ownership	Amber Developme Area withou PP		Per Refer to BHCC notes	Amber A	Available	None identified	Gree	Attractive area given key local and regional transport connections, currently largely Industrial	umber Two recently applications including B1a office.	Green	Unknown - 2017 application refused in relation to affordable housing aspect of the wider scheme.		arginal Incertain	0	0	0	0			1,000	1,000			Known developer interest given recent refused applications. Proposals would see new office floorspace (although loss of industrial). Added original allocation given known interest although included in latter tranche.
DA7 - Toad's DA7 Hole Valley 1	Va of an th	oads Hole alley east the SNCI and south of the A27 mbankmen	36.98	Y	N	25,000	25,000	0	Multiple ownership	Amber Developme Area withou PP. Toads Hole Valley SPD & landowner vision/ concept masterplan. Pre-App	ut ,	er Vision and concept masterplan allows for a mixed use development, including 25,000m2 employment floorspace (as per Policy DA7 and SPD)	Green A	Available	Greenfield site with no existing infrastructure, infrastructure would be funded by large scale, mixed use development.	Gree	Greenfield site on A edge of the city, represents untested market proposition. Nevertheless, site in high profile, location in a gateway position into the city.	wmber Site currently at Pre 4 APP, PPA stage with joint owners developer partners St Cougar	Green	Unknown n/a		arginal Incertain	5,000	5,000	0	10,000	10,000		10,000	10,000		the future, but deliverability marginal/ uncertain	Potential for some of 25,000m ² to be substituted by industrial floorspace, subject to masterplanning. SHLAA phasing split across 5 year timeframes. Maintained similar phasing given the further information coming forward through the planning process.
Shoreham Harbour	Ва	ldrington asin	9.9	Y	N	3,000	0	3,000	Multiple ownership	Amber Developme Area without planning permission. Site subject to emerging site allocation	ut t	Some known Developer interest on site	F	Available in Future	Potential requirement for mitigation works to address flooding and nature conservation constraints. Cost/delivery factors unknown.	Ambe	An established industrial area with low vacancy. Attractive location for lower value industrial uses.	Green Unknown, apart from planning application for mixed use development on part of site (which includes some industrial floorspage).	Amber	The Shoreham Harbour Draft Development Brief identifies some viability and deliverability issues with the site. Otherwise unknown.	Ur	arginal/ ncertain	1,500	0	1,500			1,500		C		marginal/ uncertain	Floorspace and timeframe reflects the Proposed Submission Shoreham Harbour Joint Area Action Plan
	In	outh ortslade dustrial state	5.39	Y	Part	4,500	0	4,500	Multiple ownership	Amber Developme Area with part PP. Sit subject to emerging site allocation.		ar Unknown, apart from planning permission (granted June 2011) for mixed-use development on part of site for 726m2 net additional B1a floorspace. Landowner intentions unknown for remainder of site.	F	Available in Future	Precise cost/delivery factors currently unknown.	Ambe	ar Established industrial area, benefits from major road frontage & reasonably good profile. Attractive location for lower value industrial uses.	Green Unknown, Planning / (approved June 2011) for mixed use development on part of site for 726m2 B1a floorspace.	Amber	The Shoreham Harbour Draft Development Brief recognises that delivery of the site may be challenging from a viability and deliverability perspective. Otherwise unknown.		arginal/ ncertain	0	0	0	2,000	(2,000	2,500	C	2,500	the future, but	Floorspace and timeframe reflects the Proposed Submission Shoreham Harbour Joint Area Action Plan
Mixed Use Sites	Ro In	ranklin oad dustrial state	0.53	Y	Y	0	0	0		BH2013/01: 78 / BH2016/00: 11													0	0	0	0	(0	C			Aerial photography suggests complete. Commentary suggests u/c but not within the commercial monitoring info. Overall net loss in terms of employment.
	Me St	chool Road ove elbourne treet dustrial	1.21 0.55	Y Y	Y N	0	0	0		BH2016/02 35 BH2013/01 75													0	0	0	0	(0	C			Large net loss of employment floorspace. No significant other commercial information.
	Po Ro Tr Es (ir EI	ortland oad rading state ncluding DF and artello	3.25	Y	N	0	0	0															0	0	0	0	C		0				No significant other commercial information.
	of	and North Newtown	0.77	Y	N	0	0	0															0	0	0	0	(0				Large net loss of employment floorspace.
Other Sites	Pa	atcham ourt Farm	1.46	Y	N	6,500	6,500	0	Single ownership, no occupiers	Green Strategic developmer allocation, but without PP		Has been market interest for alternative uses of site		Available in Future	None identified	Gree	Large, high profile, Council- owned brownfield site; market interest for alternative uses of site and for offices	with the control of t	Amber	Unknown n/a	De	eliverable	2,500	2,500	0	4,000	4,000		0	C		Available in the future & deliverable	To remain as previous given the available information.
	Tr	ackville rading state	1.8	N	Y	5,287	5,287	0	Single ownership (Mountpark Ltd); multiple tenants	Amber Previous application lapsed - BH2012/03 34 Pre App discussions and PPA	,	Despite extension of permission +\$106 signed permission lapsed. Pre App discussions and PPA.		Available in Future	None identified	Gree	Not an established office location but close to Hove Station and within DA area.	umber Pre App and PPA - suggestion that there is now a developer onboard.	Amber	Unknown n/a		arginal/ ncertain	0	0	0	5,287	5,287	7	0	C		the future, but deliverability marginal/unc ertain	Amended to Other category as lapsed 2015/16 monitoring period. Otherwise remained as previously recorded given the current position. DLP would suggest this yield be reconsidered given the potential of including the Coal Yard. Note potential gain in B1a but loss in industrial floorspace.
Extant Planning Permissions	an CI Mo b ' Br	iva Bingo nd Social lub, oulsecoom Way, righton, N2 4PB		N	Y	6,082	1,678	4,404		BH2016/00/ 40	0		,	Available							De	eliverable	6,082	1,678	4,404	0	(0	C			Change of use from bingo hall (D2) to mixed use general manufacturing (B2), offices (B1a), research & development (B1b), light industrial manufacturing (B1c), warehousing (B8). According to monitoring this application has commenced.
	Ho So	ayford ouse chool Road ove		N	Y	670	670	0		BH2002/02: 49/FP	5		,	Available							De	eliverable	670	670	0	0	(0	C			Extant permission includes construction of additional floor to existing office building. 2015/16 Monitoring suggests not started.
TOTAL	Ha	ove Town all Norton oad Hove		N	Y		533	13.852		BH2014/01	8		,	Available							De	eliverable	533	533	0	0	(3,50	0	C	3.500		Application for extension, complete although will fall in 2017 tranche, rather than recorded as a completion.



APPENDIX 3: CALL FOR SITES REVIEW



CALL FOR SITES REVIEW

Investigation for potential comprehensive regeneration

DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH021	185	Goldsmid

Site Name/Address

Preece House, 91-103 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for Sites 2017	No planning permission	0.18

Description of the Site

The site includes a three-storey office building fronting onto Davigdor Road. According to Valuation Office Agency data the building incorporates around 2,289 sq. m of B1a floorspace with associated car parking. The land-uses in the surrounding vicinity include office, warehousing and residential of between 1 to 8 storeys. P&H House (a multi-storey office block) sits directly to the west of the site (which previously had prior approval for conversion to 49 flats) and is also included within the SHLAA as a separate site. The site is also south of Peacock Industrial Estate which has also been submitted through the Call for Sites.

Planning History

No relevant planning history.

AVAILABILITY

The site is owned by Kames Capital, who also own the adjacent P&H House. The site is in use as office accommodation with various companies registered.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

Not Located in an Article 4 Direction area

City Plan Part One:

CP1 Housing Delivery



- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed-use sites

Parking SPD - Parking Zone – Key public Transport Corridor.

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: The site is accessed off Davigdor Road
- Historic: The building is not listed and the site is not located within or adjacent to a conservation area. The building is located directly adjacent to a Local Heritage Asset (Montefiore Hospital).
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site is owned by Kames Capital and currently in use as B1a offices. Occupied by Fireco – Fire Safety Products Offices. The site was submitted as a mixed-use opportunity in the Call for Sites and therefore can be assumed as available although currently in use. This looks to be in the same ownership as the adjacent P&H House also submitted through the Call for Sites.

Type of Use

Mixed-Use (B1a/b and C3)

CONCLUSION

This is a secondary employment site which is currently in use as B1a Offices. If this were to become available considering City Plan Part One Policy Criteria 5 the "business units would"



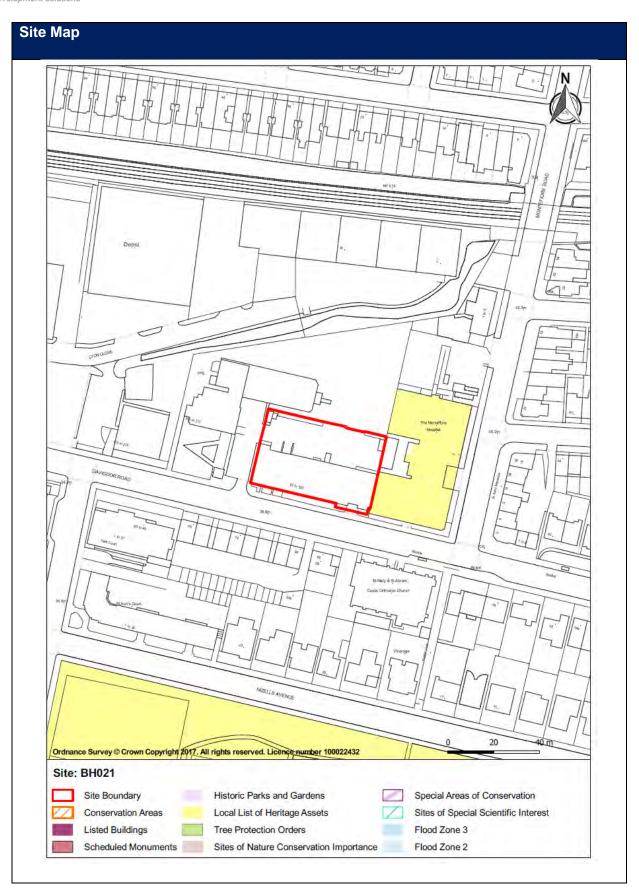
need to demonstrate redundancy and incapability of meeting needs of alternative employment uses. Where loss accepted priority for alternative employment generating uses or housing".

If the loss of office can be justified then this site could be suitable as a mixed-use development opportunity. If both Preece House and P&H House were considered surplus and redundant in terms of their current use, given they are within the same ownership there could be scope to regenerate the site as a larger redevelopment opportunity.

Considering just the redevelopment of Preece House, the yield appears conservative even as a mixed-use scheme. The recent redevelopment at 121-123 Davigdor Road will deliver 47 dwellings on a site area of 0.13 hectares (which equates to 361 dph). A similar approach in terms of building heights would deliver a higher yield. Although any redevelopment in this location would have to be sympathetic to the adjacent Local Heritage Asset and adjacent residential properties.

If the potential loss is considered suitable, DLP would suggest further consideration of these sites in terms of the potential for more comprehensive regeneration opportunities in the locality.







DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH020	6099	Goldsmid

Site Name/Address

P & H House 106-112 Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1RE

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for Sites 2017	No planning permission	0.15 hectares (based on building footprint)

Description of the Site

The site includes a multi-storey office building which according to VOA rates incorporates around 4,071 sq. m of B1a floorspace. The building is set back off Davigdor Road. The landuses in the surrounding vicinity include office, warehousing and residential of between 1 and 8 storeys. Preece House (a 3-storey office block) sits to the east of the site and is also included within the SHLAA as a separate site. Peacock Industrial Estate site directly north of the site and again has been submitted through the Call for Sites.

Planning History

BH2014/03006 - Prior Approval for change of use from offices (B1) to residential (C3) to form 57no flats. Permission lapsed.

AVAILABILITY

The site is owned by Kames Capital and occupied as Head Office accommodation for Palmer & Harvey. Various other companies are registered at the site which are owned by P&H group. The site was submitted as a mixed-use opportunity in the Call for Sites and therefore depending on the lease agreements this can be assumed as potentially available for future redevelopment. This looks to be in the same ownership as Preece House also submitted through the Call for Sites. If redeveloped this would likely incur a potential loss of employment if this is justified it could be worth considering this as a wider allocation incorporating a more comprehensive regeneration.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints



Not Located in an Article 4 Direction area

City Plan Part One:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development
- EM9 Mixed uses and key mixed use sites

Parking SPD - Parking Zone - Key public Transport Corridor.

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed off Davigdor Road.
- Historic: The site is not located within a conservation area and does not impact upon any listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Loss of Employment

ACHIEVEABILITY

The site has been submitted as a residential development opportunity in the 2017 Call and Sites and previously benefited from a prior approval to convert the offices to residential. A mixed-use scheme could be appropriate in this location.

Type of Use



Mixed-use

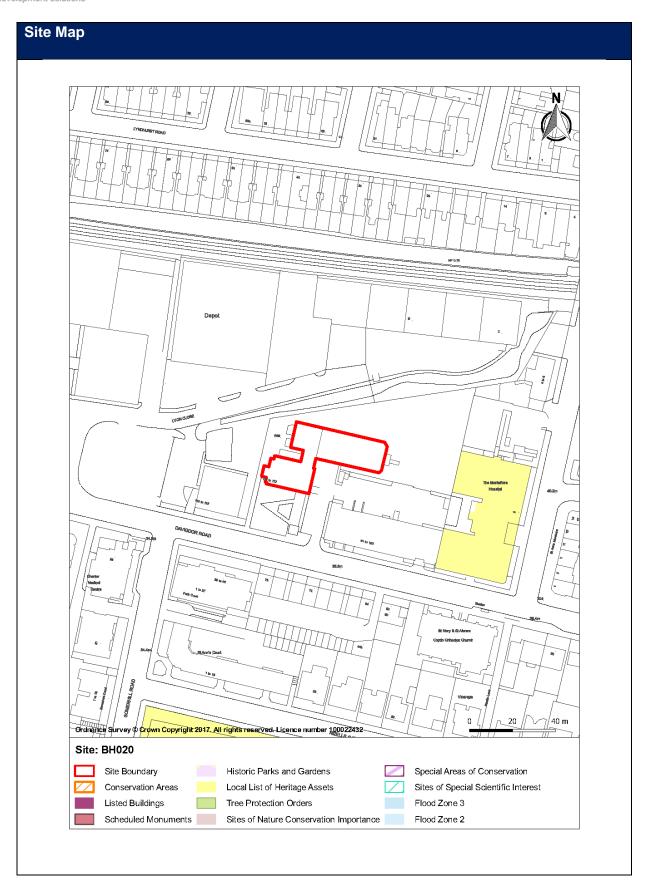
CONCLUSION

This is a secondary employment site which is currently in use as B1a Offices. If this were to become available considering City Plan Part One Policy Criteria 5 the "business units would need to demonstrate redundancy and incapability of meeting needs of alternative employment uses. Where loss accepted priority for alternative employment generating uses or housing". If the loss of office can be justified, then this site could be suitable as a mixed-use development opportunity, however any development would more than likely result in an overall net loss of employment floorspace. If both P&H House and Preece House were considered surplus and redundant in terms of their current use, given they are within the same ownership there could be scope to regenerate the site as a larger redevelopment opportunity.

As highlighted within the Councils site proforma the layout of existing office building may constrain effective conversion and therefore a wider site boundary should be considered if this was taken forward as a SHLAA site. If the SHLAA boundary is redrawn the yield should then be recalculated based on the revised area.

If the potential loss is considered suitable, DLP would suggest further consideration of these sites in terms of the potential for more comprehensive regeneration opportunities in the locality.







DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH022	871	Goldsmid

Site Name/Address

Peacock Industrial Estate, Davigdor Road, Hove, BN3 1SF

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for Sites 2017	No relevant planning application	2.3 hectares

ELR Ref	ELR Score
N8	21 out of 30 Average

Employment Land Review Assessment (December 2012)

Peacock Industrial Estate, Lyon Close, including Spitfire House [N8] is a 2.30-hectare site located out-of-centre. This site consists of predominantly retail units and trader counters whilst Spitfire House is used for B1a office. The site is located within a residential area restricting local access however the site is located within close proximity to a range of bus services offering excellent public transport provision. The site is self-contained, situated in a relatively high-profile location directly fronting the road. The trade counters are situated in units of reasonable quality that are fit-for-purpose. The site layout causes some congestion with on-street parking whilst a large vacant car park exists adjacent to Wickes which may provide potential for expansion. Whilst some units are underutilised, including Spitfire House, there is limited potential for intensification without full-scale redevelopment. Overall, this is an average quality site.

Planning History

DLP are aware a pre-application enquiry has been submitted on this site, to consider its potential for an alternative use. Given the confidential nature of pre-application enquiries no further information has been included.

BH2017/02921 - Retail Unit 1 - Peacock Industrial Estate - Installation of new showroom windows & door, new external covered trolley bay and new bollards with associated alterations including revised car park layout & external decoration.



BH2017/00616 - Retail Unit 2 Peacock Industrial Estate - Installation of aluminium display windows to shop front and removal of existing doors and installation of roller shutter to side elevation with associated alterations. Granted: 18 May 2017

AVAILABILITY

Site put forward through the Call for Sites by the owner Palace Street Developments Ltd, however the site is currently in use on leases of which no information was provided by the owner.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part One:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development

National Space Standards

Parking SPD - Parking Zone - Key public Transport Corridor.

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: Accessed via Lyon Close (off Davigdor Road)
- Historic: The site is not located within a conservation area and does not impact upon any listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints



Residential Amenity: Associated with Crests new residential development at 121-123 Davigdor Road

ACHIEVEABILITY

Adjacent developments for residential apartments in this location suggest residential development could be appropriate. If the current loss can be justified through the introduction of a mixed-use scheme with complementary employment floorspace.

Type of Use

Mixed-use

Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)

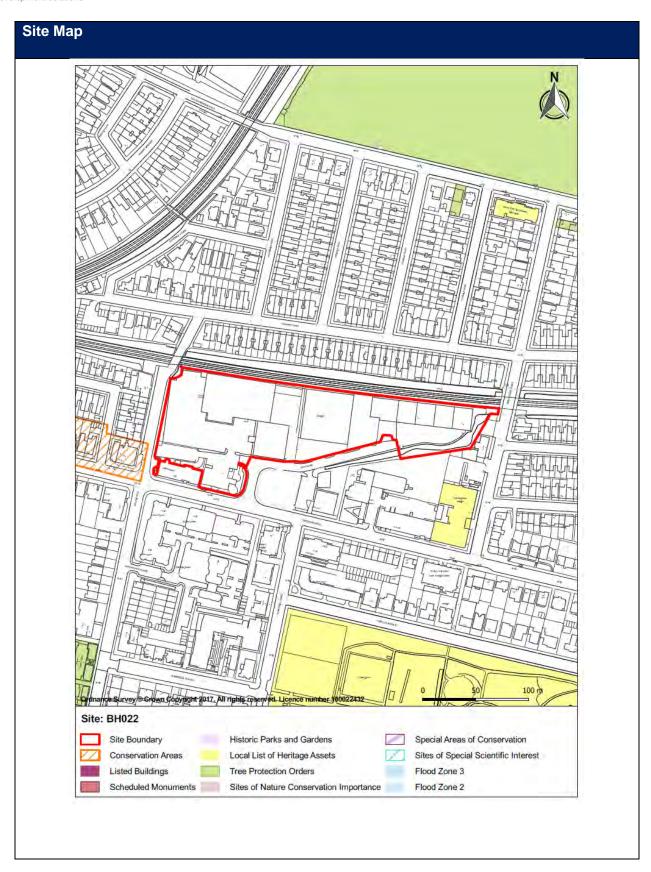
Unknown

CONCLUSION

This is a secondary employment site which is currently in use as various retail and trade counters. If this were to become available considering City Plan Part One Policy Criteria 5 the "business units would need to demonstrate redundancy and incapability of meeting needs of alternative employment uses. Where loss accepted priority for alternative employment generating uses or housing".

If the loss of the current use on this site can be justified, then this site could be suitable as a mixed-use development opportunity. In terms of the potential yield given the current low density of the development and high proportion of parking areas this could result in an increase employment floorspace yield and the introduction of elements of residential. If the potential loss is considered suitable, DLP would suggest further consideration of these sites in terms of the potential for more comprehensive regeneration opportunities in the locality.







DLP Ref	SHLAA Ref	Ward
BH019	6143	St. Peter's and North Laine

Site Name/Address - Not an ELR Site

Combined Engineering Depot, New England Road, BN1 3TU

Source of Site	Planning Status	Size
Call for Sites 2017	No planning permission	2.19 hectares

Description of the Site

The site is currently in use as operational railway land (Sui Generis) and also occupied by British Transport Police, Colas Rail and Govia Thameslink. The site is immediately adjacent to the railway line and the existing access via New England Road.

Planning History

BH2012/03141 – Reconfiguration of fenestration at ground floor level to provide new fire escape door and new larger windows. Replacement of existing high-level windows and access ramp to front elevation.

AVAILABILITY

The site has been put forward by Network Rail through the 2017 Call for Sites process which suggests it is potentially surplus to requirements.

SUITABILITY: Policy Constraints

City Plan Part One:

- CP1 Housing Delivery
- CP12 Urban Design
- CP14 Housing Density
- CP3 Employment Land
- CP15 Heritage

Local Plan Saved Policies

- QD27 Protection of amenity
- HO5 Provision of private amenity space in residential development



HE6 Development within or affecting the setting of conservation areas

Parking SPD - Parking Zone - Key public Transport Corridor.

SUITABILITY: Physical Constraints

- Access: the site is accessed via New England Road.
- Historic: The site is not located within a conservation area and does not impact upon any listed buildings.
- Environmental: Located in Flood Zone 1 and therefore limited risk of flooding in this location.
- No other significant environmental designations.

SUITABILITY: Other Potential Constraints

Residential Amenity: Potential residential amenity issues given the proximity of the railway track and associated noise implications.

ACHIEVEABILITY

If the land is surplus for requirements and vacated and the appropriate landscaping buffer could be designed into any scheme this would appear appropriate for residential development. Suggested as an appropriate allocation.

Type of Use

Housing - C3

Average Density of Surrounding Area (if known)

Unknown

CONCLUSION

Acknowledging the highlighted constraints, the site is considered suitable for housing development given the appropriate mitigation. The potential yield of 90 dwellings appears appropriate considering the potential landscaping buffer which will likely be required.

This site could also be considered as a mixed-use scheme, incorporating an element of B1, however we would suggest further consideration in terms of potential design, required mitigation land etc. before analysing the potential floorspace delivery.







BEDFORD

4 Abbey Court Fraser Road Priory Business Park Bedford MK44 3WH

Tel: 01234 832 740 Fax: 01234 831 266 bedford@dlpconsultants.co.uk

BRISTOL

Broad Quay House (5th floor) Prince Street Bristol BS1 4DJ

Tel: 0117 905 8850 bristol@dlpconsultants.co.uk

CARDIFF

Sophia House 28 Cathedral Road Cardiff CF11 9LJ

Tel: 029 2064 6810 cardiff@dlpconsultants.co.uk

LEEDS

Princes Exchange Princes Square Leeds LS1 4HY

Tel: 0113 280 5808 leeds@dlpconsultants.co.uk

LONDON

The Green House 41-42 Clerkenwell Green London

Tel: 020 3761 5390 london@dipconsultants.co.uk

MILTON KEYNES

Midsummer Court 314 Midsummer Boulevard Milton Keynes MK9 2UB

Tel: 01908 440 015 Fax: 01908 357 750

miltonkeynes@dlpconsultants.co.uk

NOTTINGHAM

1 East Circus Street Nottingham NG1 5AF

Tel: 01158 966 620

nottingham@dlpconsultants.co.uk

RUGBY

18 Regent Place Rugby Warwickshire CV21 2PN

Tel: 01788 562 233

rugby.enquiries@dlpconsultants.co.uk

SHEFFIELD / SPRU

Ground Floor V1 Velocity Village Tenter Street Sheffield S1 4BY

Tel: 0114 228 9190 Fax: 0114 272 1947

sheffield@dlpconsultants.co.uk